RELATIONS WITH STANDARD-SETTING AND SURVEY AGENCIES

Designated Agency

The Georgia Department of Human Resources establishes and maintains standards for health, and standards other than those relating to health, for institutions that provide services to Medicaid recipients. This Department is responsible for licensing health institutions in the State and determines for Medicaid if institutions meet requirements for participation in the Medicaid Program.

Standards

Categories of health and other standards which institutions must meet are described below.

Long Term Care Facilities

Facilities must meet Medicare conditions of participation at 42 CFR 405 Subpart X and requirements at 45 CFR 442 Subparts A through G, as appropriate to the facility type.

SNF Nursing Service: Nursing service must be under the direction of an appropriately licensed full-time nurse. There must be supervised nursing and sufficient nursing staff on duty at all times to provide care for each patient according to needs. All nursing care and related services must be carried out in accordance with the facility's patient care policies.

ICF Personal Care Service: An appropriately licensed nurse must be employed full-time as supervisor of care. Sufficient staff must be on duty at all times to insure proper care of each resident. All resident care and related services must be carried out according to written policies.

SNF Professional Services: Each facility must have an organized professional staff with a physician designated as chief of staff. Patients are admitted only on referral of a physician and are under the continuing care of a physician. Patients' plans of care are reviewed by the attending physician as directed by Federal and State requirements.

ICF Professional Service: Residents are admitted only through medical/psychological evaluation and referral. The health care of each resident is under continuing supervision of a physician who sees the resident as needed and in no case less often than directed by Federal and State agency requirements.

Long term care facilities must

Have a governing body which is responsible for the overall conduct of the facility and for compliance with pertinent laws and regulations.
Be under the supervision of an appropriately licensed administrator.

Fully disclose ownership and make known to the State corporate officers and others owning ten percent or more of the ownership.

Satisfy fire, safety, sanitation and health requirements.

Have a written transfer agreement in effect with one or more hospitals or nursing homes, as appropriate, to assure prompt transfer of care when needed.

Be operated according to policies established by the State agency.

Maintain a separate personnel folder for each employee containing all personal information, application and qualifications for employment; physical examination and job title assigned.

Provide dietary service under supervision of qualified personnel. Nutritionally adequate meals are required in sufficient numbers with between-meal and bedtime snacks. Modified diets are provided on written orders of a physician or dentist.

Provide social services by on-staff caseworkers or through arrangements with an appropriate outside agency.

Comply with State and Federal laws and regulations in providing pharmacy services and in handling patient medication.

Provide care to each patient/resident according to need and the individual plan of care.

Have an effective microbial and infection control program.

Use restraint and/or forcible seclusion only on a signed physician order except in emergency and then only until a physician can be consulted.

Maintain medical and health records for each patient/resident according to accepted professional standards and practices.

Provide patient activities according to the needs and interests of patients/residents.

Be constructed, equipped and maintained to protect the health and safety of patients, personnel and the public and be accessible to and functional for the physically handicapped.

Have a written, acceptable disaster plan.

TRANSMITTED 25-8
APPROVED 3-29-85
EFFECTIVE 1-1-85
Hospitals must

Meet conditions of participation in the Medicare Program as provided at 42 CFR 405 Subpart J.

Have a governing body which is responsible for compliance with all pertinent laws and regulations.

Have a professional staff organized under bylaws which is responsible for quality of medical care provided and for ethical professional practices of its members.

Have an administrator who is responsible for the management and operation of the hospital.

Fully disclose ownership and make known to the State corporate officers and others owning ten percent or more of ownership.

Comply with all laws, codes, ordinances and regulations which apply to its location, construction, maintenance and operation. The condition of the physical plant and overall hospital environment must be developed and maintained to insure health and safety of patients and staff.

Provide nursing service under the supervision of a registered nurse and have available professional nursing service for all patients at all times.

Provide qualified personnel to operate services included in its program such as administration and business, dietary, emergency room, housekeeping, laboratory, laundry, maintenance, medical records, pharmacy, therapy and x-ray.

Maintain a separate personnel folder for each employee containing all personal information; application; qualifications for employment; physical examination and job description.

Maintain medical records for each patient containing sufficient information to validate the diagnosis and establish the basis for treatment.

Provide pharmaceutical services under the direction of a registered pharmacist in accordance with Federal and State laws.

Have a clinical laboratory equipped and staffed to perform services commensurate with needs.

Make available anatomical pathology and blood bank services in the facility or by arrangement.

Effective 1-1-85
Provide radiological services within the facility or which are readily available by arrangement.

Have a written, acceptable disaster plan.

The Department keeps these standards on file and makes them available to NRS on request.

Written Agreement

The Department has a written agreement with the Department of Human Resources covering activities of the Office of Regulatory Services in carrying out its responsibilities. The agreement specifies that Federal standards and designated forms, methods and procedures will be used to determine institutional certification and enrollment eligibility.

Inspectors surveying the institution will complete inspection reports, note whether each requirement is satisfied and document deficiencies in reports.

The survey agency keeps on file all information/reports used to determine that participating facilities meet Federal requirements and will make them readily accessible to NRS and Medicaid as necessary for meeting other Plan requirements and effective administration of the Medicaid Program.

Responsibilities of Survey Agency

In certifying skilled and intermediate care facilities, the survey agency reviews and evaluates medical and independent professional review team reports and statements from facility payroll records showing the average number and type of personnel, in full-time equivalents, on each tour of duty during at least one week of each quarter.

The survey agency takes necessary action to achieve compliance or withdraws certification and has qualified personnel perform on-site inspections at least once during each certification period or more frequently if there is a compliance question. For NRS with deficiencies described in 42 CFR 442.112-113, on-site inspections are performed within six months after initial correction plan approval and every six months thereafter as required.
Certification of Need for Care

Prior to a patient being admitted to a facility or transferred between facilities, the patient's attending physician will evaluate the need for Nursing Facility placement by assessing social and medical information. This also includes the physician completing and signing the DMA-6. The DMA-6 verifies certification by the physician that the applicant is determined eligible for Nursing Facility Level of Care. When certification of Level of Care is assigned it is valid for sixty (60) days. Certifications and attestations for the Level of Care are performed according to Federal timeliness requirements.

Review Medical Evaluation and Admission

Before admission to an institution for the mentally retarded or related conditions, Intermediate Care Facility for the Mentally Retarded (ICFMR), an interdisciplinary team of health professionals makes a comprehensive medical and social evaluation and a psychological evaluation of each applicant's recipient's need for care in the ICFMR.

Evaluation made before admission include:

- Diagnoses.
- Current medical, social and developmental findings.
- Mental/physical functional capacity.
- Prognoses.
- Services needed.
- Recommendation of admission to or continued ICFMR care.

Plan of Care

A physician must legalize a written plan of care, the active treatment services, by personally signing the plan for each applicant or recipient before admission to an ICFMR. Medical and social information is required to be submitted on the Plan of Care which contains the following elements:

- Identification of the recipient.
- Name of the recipient's physician.
- Date of admission.
- Dates of application for and authorization of Medicaid benefits if application is made after admission.
- Diagnoses, symptoms, complaints, and complications indicating the need for admission.
- Description of the functional level of the individual.

TN No. 04-001

Stepsevedes Approval Date 05/27/2004 Effective Date 01/01/2004

TN No. 85-8
Plan of Care: Nursing Facilities (Continued)

- Objectives.
- Orders for medications, treatments, restorative and rehabilitative services, activities, therapies, social services, diet, and special procedures designed to meet the objectives of the plan of care.
- Plans for continuing care, including review and modification of the plan of care.
- Plans for discharge.

The team must review and follow through each plan as required by 42 CFR 483.440.

Explanation of Alternative Services

Before admission to a ICFMR, if the physician recommends services for an applicant or recipient whose needs could be met by alternative services that are currently unavailable, the facility must enter this fact in the recipient's record and begin to look for alternative services.

TN No. 04-001
Supersedes
TN No. 85-5

Approval Date 05/27/2004 Effective Date 01/01/2004
RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND TITLE V GRANTERS

The Department has an agreement with the Georgia Department of Human Resources to establish cooperative administration and supervision for certain services. Mutual objectives for the arrangement are to produce a statewide system for informing and referral and to enhance the administrative capability to provide maximum utilization of services.

DHHR agrees to provide the various support services described in this contract, and DHRA agrees to pay DHHR the appropriate federal share of the cost of these services on a quarterly basis, with the exception of the Community Care Services program for which DHHR agrees to pay DHRA the appropriate non-federal share of the cost of the Community Care Services program on a quarterly basis. DHRA agrees to bear the non-Federal share of such costs from state or other funds eligible for use in matching such non-Federal share for all other services. DHRA and DHHR mutually agree that the level and extent of services provided in this contract are contingent upon the availability of both State and Federal funds. In the event either party determines that a service or activity provided for in this contract cannot be performed, a formal written notice will be provided to the Commissioner of the other party no less than thirty (30) days prior to deletion of the service or activity.

Pursuant to the requirements of 42 CFR 431.615, DHHR and DNA have established a coordinating committee consisting of the Commissioner or his designee from DHRA, the Commissioner or his designee from DHHR, and a representative of each appropriate program division of DHHR and DNA. Said committee shall meet no less than once per quarter to review and evaluate the services provided for in this contract, to explore other avenues of interaction between the parties, and to otherwise meet the requirement of 42 CFR 431.615. The committee, at its discretion, may set up subcommittees to research and/or develop recommendations for solutions to pertinent issues.

Non-Emergency Transportation (NET)

Medicaid Related NET

The provision of Medicaid related NET services (with the exception of EPST related NET and NET services provided by direct provider) is the responsibility of the appropriate county Department of Family and Children Services. The local office will arrange and coordinate or provide non-emergency transportation services to DNA eligible clients in accordance with DNA's Policies and Procedures Manual for Non-Emergency Transportation.
RELATION WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND
TITLE V GRANTEES

EPSDT Related NET

During Fiscal Year 1986, the responsibility for arranging and coordinating or providing non-emergency transportation services for EPSDT Services will be transferred on a phased-in basis from DFCS to DPH with local health department case managers assuming full responsibility. This will include the locating and negotiation of NET services with the providers of this service to establish contractual arrangements for this purpose. DHR will encourage local health departments to negotiate with local DFCS for assistance in developing or sharing lists of these providers, or the actual provision of the NET services in counties where appropriate and feasible. DMA, Division of Program Management, agrees to provide recipients with notice of availability of non-emergency transportation services. Program Management agrees to provide to DHR NET Manuals, manual revisions, and copies of the Medicaid Provider list.

DHR and DMA Program Management agree to work jointly in the development of policies and procedures for non-emergency transportation services.

Family Planning Services

DFCS agrees that the county offices will inform and explain the availability of family planning services and provide literature to recipients in need of such services.

DHR, Division of Public Health (DPH), agrees to administer a statewide program of family planning clinic services which shall include the provision of pregnancy testing and family planning services to eligible recipients, development of contractual relations with non-profit clinics which provide family planning services, documentation of services rendered and the establishment of policy and procedures in conformity with DMA's policy.

DPH agrees to monitor and evaluate the scope, quality, and utilization of family planning services and to provide clinic utilization reports to DMA. These reports must be sent to the Division Director, Program Management.

DPH agrees to submit a monthly computer tape to the DMA, Systems Management Division, which shall contain at a minimum the name and Medicaid number of clients receiving pregnancy test or other family planning services.

DMA agrees to provide reimbursement to the DPH for Medicaid covered services rendered to eligible recipients.

DHR, DFCS and DMA agree to work jointly in the development of policies and procedures for Family Planning services.

PROCL R-22
APPROVED 10-10-86
EFFECTIVE 7-1-86
RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND
TITLE V GRANTEES

Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT)

Division of Family and Children Services (DFCS)

DFCS agrees that county DFCS offices will notify, verbally and in writing, all eligible clients under 21 years (at the point of application and each reapplication) of the availability and advantage of the EPSDT Program using the EPSDT pamphlet or other resources provided by DMA.

DFCS agrees that county DFCS offices will offer newly eligible clients screening and support services and will document acceptance or declination of the program. Dates of informing, acceptance or declination of the program will be documented by DFCS on Form 256. DFCS agrees to send the Case Summary Form and final case summary to DPH.

DFCS agrees to appoint a state eligibility representative who will serve on an EPSDT Interdivisional Committee, accompany Program Management staff on the quarterly EPSDT program overviews and make arrangements for Program Management staff to visit county DFCS offices.

Division of Public Health (DPH)

DPH agrees that case managers will contact all individuals listed on the DMA EPSDT newly eligible report, includingSSI recipients, and all newly eligible EPSDT individuals on the first page of the final case summary form PARIS (DFCS Computer System).

DPH agrees that county DPH offices will assist eligible clients in locating participating Medicaid screening, diagnostic and treatment providers and offer support services assistance with scheduling appointments and transportation when requested for screening, diagnosis and treatment.

DPH agrees to develop and use in all counties a DMA-approved referral protocol.

DPH agrees that each county office will recall all eligible children including SSI children due rescreening using as their primary tool the EPSDT Due List provided monthly by DMA. DPH agrees to document the dates of recall and recall responses.

DPH agrees that case managers will contact recipients overdue for rescreening as listed on the overdue list.

DPH agrees that each county office will provide local Medicaid screening providers with information on the current screening status of children.
RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND TITLE V GRANTEES

DPH agrees that each county office will document and provide to Program Management information on the local provision of EPSDT informing, tracking, and follow-up on all eligible children.

DPH agrees to provide follow-up for screening, diagnosis and treatment within 120 days of receiving notification of eligible clients and acceptance of EPSDT services by client.

DPH agrees to assign full-time nurses to perform program reviews and evaluate the provision of EPSDT screening services in county health departments and provide reports to DMA. The reports will describe problems identified at the time of the program review visit and will outline a plan of corrective action and follow-up on the appropriateness of the corrective action, subject to DMA review and approval.

DPH agrees to provide training for DPH nurses who perform EPSDT screenings.

DPH agrees to appoint a state representative(s) who will serve on a EPSDT Interdivisional Committee, accompany Program Management staff to perform quarterly county EPSDT program overviews, or make arrangements for Program Management staff to visit county health departments.

DPH State Office agrees to set minimal standards and protocols for each component of the EPSDT examination or screening services, and to maintain written evidence of such standards.

DPH agrees that county case managers will inform EPSDT eligibles who are eligible for Title V services of the services available to them and will refer them to Title V grantees, if desired.

DMA will provide state DPH office with reports generated from data on the DMA-267.

DMA will provide state and county DPH offices with the following:

- EPSDT manuals and revisions
- EPSDT pamphlets
- EPSDT screen/claim forms
- Lists of new EPSDT individuals
- Quarterly lists of Medicaid and screening providers
- Lists of recipients due for screening
- Monthly lists of recipients 120 days late for rescreening

DMA agrees to reimburse DPH for screening services on a claim-for-claim basis at the reimbursement rate in effect on the date of screening.

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RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND TITLE V GRANTEES

DNA agrees to provide the state DPH with the following materials related to the provision of EPSDT services by the health departments:

A quarterly screening report giving the number of individuals by age sequence receiving services (subject to availability).

A quarterly report of child health status giving the numbers of children screened by age sequence and county and the type of abnormality referred (subject to availability).

Statewide list of the numbers of Medicaid enrolled recipients by county twice a year.

A monthly claims processing activity report giving the number and reasons for claims being rejected, in-process or pending.

Provider ranking list twice a year.

Subject to Federal Regulation, DNA agrees to provide matching federal funds at 75% Federal for nursing positions to perform program reviews.

DFCS, DPH and DNA agree to hold interdivisional meetings at least quarterly.

DFCS, DPH and DNA agree to conduct EPSDT program reviews in counties and to do so jointly with state representatives identified by the respective Division.

DFCS, DPH and DNA agree to work jointly to develop policies and procedures for the EPSDT Program.

Community Care Services Program (CCSP)

DFCS agrees to determine eligibility for potential Medical Assistance Only (MAO) clients appropriate for CCSP, to determine the amount of MAO client cost share liability, and to transmit this information to the CCSP case manager.

In conjunction with DNA, Division of Program management, Office of Aging and DFCS will develop and coordinate an appropriate vendor authorisation payment system.

DFCS agrees to provide training for MAO Specialists.

DFCS agrees to provide assessment teams comprised of a registered nurse and social worker. The attending Physician on the assessment team shall provide input verbally or through the provision of written medical data.

TRANSMITTED 8-2-84
APPROVED 10-15-84
EFFECTIVE 7-1-84
RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND TITLE V GRANTEES

DHN agrees to reassign clients as determined through standards and procedures established in conjunction with the Office of Aging and DNA, Division of Program Management, to determine the appropriateness of community care and the level of services needed if the client remains in the community.

DHP agrees to maintain and distribute the Program Policies and Procedures Manual for assessment teams. Any revision to these manuals must be submitted to OA and DNA, Division of Program Management, for review and approval.

The Office of Aging (OA) agrees to visit each service provider facility, where necessary, to assess physical conditions and compliance with established standards.

The OA agrees to provide technical assistance, training seminars and training packages for providers as determined necessary.

The OA agrees to arrange for the limits of services and containment of costs through the case management function. The case management function will be carried out through contracts with lead agencies.

The OA agrees to develop and update the Program Policies and Procedures Manuals for home and community-based waiver services provided under the Community Care Services Program. DNA will distribute these manuals.

The OA, in conjunction with DNA, agrees to coordinate a prior approval and prepayment review system to authorize services above the monthly limit but not to exceed the annual limit. This includes form changes, policies, procedures, system edits, etc.

The OA, in cooperation with DPH, agrees to provide to Program Management information needed to complete federal reports for 2176 waivered services, i.e., HCFA 371 & 372.

The OA agrees to assist Program Management with the provision of information for all federal and state program assessments.

The OA agrees to submit to Program Management a monthly report reflecting program statistics regarding service utilization.

The OA agrees to provide Program Management with copies of the Client Assessment Instrument (CAI) and the Provider Notification Form (PNF) when either form changes.

The OA, in conjunction with DNA, agrees to establish standards and requirements for provider participation.
RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND
TITLE V GRANTEES

DMA Program Management agrees to maintain, through DMA's Fiscal Agent,
an automated case management client file.

DMA Administration agrees to prepare and submit to the OA a quarterly
statement of expenditures by recipient, service provider and major service
type.

Program Management agrees to provide to OA a monthly list of enrolled
home and community-based service providers.

Program Management agrees to conduct utilization reviews for Community
Care Services Program recipients and to provide written reports on UR findings.

DMA agrees to establish reasonable reimbursement rates for the provision
of Community Care Services and to provide OA with up-to-date reimbursement
rates for all enrolled and approved CSP providers.

Program Management agrees to work jointly with the OA on the development
of policies and procedures for the Community Care Services Program. OA will
involve DPH as appropriate.

Program Management agrees to notify OA in writing of any changes in
related policy and regulation requirements needing incorporation into policy
manuals. OA will notify DPH of changes as appropriate.

Community Mental Health and Mental Retardation Area Programs

Division of Mental Health and Mental Retardation (DMH/MS) agrees to
conduct certification and re-certification reviews for mental health/mental
retardation and substance abuse (MH/MR/SA) services rendered by Area Programs.
Upon completion of each on-site review, DMH/MS will provide DMA with a
summary of Area Program compliance with Federal regulations and DMH/MS
policy. The summary shall identify areas of non-compliance. A subsequent
summary shall be forwarded to DMA on a quarterly basis which documents
action taken to correct previously identified areas of non-compliance,
and the certification status of the Area Programs review.

DMH/MS agrees to continue a utilization review program. Reports and
analyses of these data shall be forwarded to DMA.

DMH/MS agrees to provide initial and on-going training for the staff
who conduct the certification reviews for outpatient MH/MS/SA services
and for staff who monitor and supervise the utilization review program.
RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND TITLE V GRANTEES


DMH/MR agrees to provide sufficient professional staff in the Office of Quality Assurance.

DMH/MR agrees to assure that all providers participating in the Community MH/HR/SA services program will prepare cost reports annually.

DMH/MR agrees to appoint state office representatives to serve on an interdivisonal committee.

DMH/MR agrees to work jointly with DMA in the development of policies and procedures for community MH/HR/SA services.

DNA agrees to reimburse area programs at rates approved by the Board of Medical Assistance.

Program Management agrees to provide area programs with manuals and manual revisions in a timely fashion.

Program Management agrees to work jointly with DMH/MR in the development of policies and procedures for community MH/HR/SA services.

Program Management agrees to hold interdivisional committee meetings with state office representatives of MH/MR.

Long-Term Care Services

DMH/MR agrees to be responsible for developing long-term care plan for ICG-MR residential services; monitoring the facilities for federal and state standards compliance; developing and providing in-service training and staff development for current ICG-MR facilities and facilities that wish to join the program; coordinating DMH/MR activities with the Office of Regulatory Services; and for obtaining statistics from the Georgia Medical Care Foundation regarding MH/HR recipients in long-term care facilities.

DNA, Division of Program Management, agrees to reimburse long-term care facilities for services provided MH/MR recipients according to rates approved by the Board of Medical Assistance.
RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND
TITLE V GRANTEES

Rehabilitation Services

DHR, Division of Rehabilitation Services (DRS) agrees to provide Vocational Rehabilitation applicants eligible for Medical Assistance with notification of services provided under the Medical Assistance Program, and to refer Vocational Rehabilitation applicants under twenty-one (21) years of age to the EPSDT Program.

DMA, Program Management, agrees to provide DRS with literature which explains the EPSDT Program and the advantages of participation in it for distribution to vocational rehabilitation applicants under 21 years of age.

DRS and DMA agree to furnish, on request, information concerning prevailing rates of payment for services.

Reimbursement

DHR and DMA agree that this is a cost reimbursement contract. DHR agrees to provide the state portion of matching funds necessary to receive Federal Financial Participation (FFP). DHR agrees that reimbursable costs will be determined in accordance with applicable provisions of 45 CFR Part 74, "Administration of Grants" and the approved DHR Cost Allocation Plan filed pursuant to such regulations. The reimbursable cost is for administrative and support services required under this Contract.

DHR agrees that the applicable provisions of 45 CFR Part 74 shall govern the administration of funds under this Contract and that DHR will observe and adhere to such requirements as detailed in Part 74, Subparts A, B, C, D, P, G, H, O, P and Q.

DHR agrees to submit financial statements detailing the costs incurred by DHR in carrying out the administrative provisions of this Contract. Such financial statements shall be submitted within sixty (60) days after the end of each calendar quarter and shall indicate the particular service by the type and applicable FFP rate. DHR will ensure that charges for Skilled Professional Medical Personnel (SPMP) included in financial statements will be in accordance with federal regulations regarding FFP for SPMP activities.
RELATIONS WITH STATE HEALTH AND VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES AND
TITLE V GRANTEES

DNA agrees to pay DHR the applicable FFP percentage of each service,
with the exception of services provided under the Community Care Services
Program, covered by this Contract as provided in the State Medicaid Plan
and as detailed on the financial statement described in the previous
paragraph.

DNA agrees to submit financial statements to DHR detailing the payments
made to providers for services rendered under the Community Care Services
Program. Such financial statements shall be submitted within sixty (60)
days after the end of each calendar quarter and shall be in a mutually agreed
upon format.

DHR agrees to pay DNA the non-federal share of costs as detailed on the
financial statement described in the previous paragraph. DHR agrees to notify
DNA of any payments included on this financial statement for which services are
not authorized. Unauthorized payments will be credited to DHR promptly upon
notification. DNA may recoup unauthorized payments from providers.

Any disallowance of FFP by the Health Care Finance Administration is
the ultimate responsibility of DNA; however, DHR is responsible for all
disallowances resulting from failure to comply with rules, regulations,
policies and procedures, etc., relative to the terms of this administrative
agreement. DNA will notify DHR promptly of any audits, financial reviews,
etc., relative to DHR responsibilities under this agreement. DNA will provide
draft findings and recommendations to DHR with adequate time for input before
DNA's response, to assure both agencies’ concerns and comments are addressed.
DHR will respond promptly when notified by DNA. Financial responsibility for
any repayments, sanctions, etc., will be determined on a case by case basis,
depending on the circumstances and state budgetary requirements and restrictions.

Disallowance by the Health Care Finance Administration relative to
areas where DHR is functioning as a service provider will be handled by DNA
in the same manner as that of any other Medicaid service provider.

84-22
APPROVED
10-10-84
EFFECTIVE
7-1-86
1. The State uses the following process for determining that an institutionalized individual cannot reasonably be expected to be discharged from the medical institution and return home:

The State may place a lien on the member's home when there is not a reasonable expectation that the member will return home and when none of the following persons are living in the home:

(a) The member's spouse;
(b) A child under twenty-one (21) years of age;
(c) A disabled child of any age, or
(d) A sibling with an equity interest in the home who has lived in the house for at least one (1) year before the member entered the nursing home.

The Department shall notify the member and the personal representative, if applicable, of its determination that the member is permanently institutionalized and not reasonably expected to return home and its intent to file a lien on member's real property. Notice must include an explanation of liens and their effect on an individual's ownership of real property. The notice must also state that imposing a lien does not mean the individual will lose their home. A lien may not be filed less than thirty-one (31) days from the date of the notice to the member and before any hearing process has been completed, if a hearing is requested.

A member or his or her designee may, within thirty (30) days after receipt of notice request an administrative hearing under this rule. A member is deemed to have received notice within five (5) days from the date of the notice. Administrative hearings and appeals by Medicaid members are governed by the procedure and time limits set in Georgia Administrative Comprehensive Chapter §290-1-1-.01. Only one (1) appeal shall be allowed on behalf of a member, for each notice received. The member or his/her representative bears the burden of proof in proving that the member is not permanently institutionalized. The administrative law judge shall make the determination that an individual can or cannot reasonably be expected to be discharged from the institution.

The Department or its designee shall file a notice of lien with the recorder of the county in which the real property subject to the lien is located. The notice shall be filed prior to the member's death and shall include the following:

(a) Name and place of residence of the real property subject to the lien; and
(b) Legal description of the real property subject to the lien.
The Department shall file one (1) copy of the notice of lien with the local DDCS office in the county in which the real property is located. The county in which the real property is located shall retain a copy of the notice with the county office's records. The Department or its designee shall provide one (1) copy of the notice of lien to the member or the member's authorized representative, if applicable, whose real property is affected.

The lien continues from the date of filing until the lien is satisfied, released or expires. From the date on which the notice of lien is recorded in the office of the county recorder, the notice of lien:

(a) Constitutes due notice against the member or member's estate for any amount recoverable under this article; and

(b) Gives a specific lien in favor of the Department on the Medicaid member's interest in the real property.

The State may not place a lien on an individual's home if anyone of the following individuals are living in the home:

(a) The member's spouse;

(b) The member's child under twenty-one (21) years of age;

(c) The member's blind or disabled child of any age as defined in §1614 of the Act;

(d) The member's brother or sister who has an equity interest in the home and who has been in the member's home for at least one year immediately before the member's admission to a nursing home.

The Department has the authority to release any lien placed upon the property of an individual deemed permanently institutionalized should that person be discharged and return to a non-institutional environment. The Department shall release a lien obtained under this rule within thirty (30) days after the Department receives notice that the member is no longer institutionalized and is living in his or her home. If the real property subject to the lien is sold, the office shall release its lien at the closing and the lien shall attach to the net proceeds of the sale.

"Permanently institutionalized" means residing in a nursing facility or intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded and developmentally disabled for six consecutive months or more.

2. The following criteria are used for establishing that a permanently institutionalized individual's son or daughter provided care as specified under regulations at 42 CFR §433.36(f):

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Supersedes

TN No. New
The son or daughter has resided in the home at least two (2) years immediately before the member's admission to the institution. The member's sibling has resided in the residence at least one (1) year prior to the member's entrance to a nursing home. The son, daughter or sibling must provide the State with acceptable documentation that is clear and convincing evidence to prove residency and equity interest such as receipts, mortgage statements, bills, mail forwarded to member's address, and no other known residence for that sibling, son or daughter during that time frame. The sibling, son, or daughter has the burden of proof in all administrative reviews and/or hearings.

3. The State defines the terms below as follows:

"Estate" means all real and personal property under the probate code. Estate also includes real property passing by reason of joint tenancy, right of survivorship, life estate, survivorship, trust, annuity, homestead or any other arrangement. The estate also includes a life estate interest and excess funds from a burial trust or contract, promissory notes, cash, and personal property.

"Individual's home" means a true, fixed and permanent home and principal establishment to which whenever absent, the individual has the intention of returning to his domicile.

"Equity interest in the home" means value of the property that the individual holds legal interest in to beyond the amount owed on it in mortgages and liens.

"Residing in the home for at least one or two years" means the principal place of residence.

"On a continuous basis" means that the qualifying relative lived with the member in the member's residence as his or her principal place of residence without any breaks in the time frame.

"Discharge from the medical institution and return home" means that in order to be a qualifying discharge the member must be dismissed from the nursing institution and/or facility for at least thirty (30) days. Also, the member's personal effects and bed must be released at the same time of his/her discharge.

"Lawfully residing" means permissive use by the owner/power of attorney and the law.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

4. The state defines undue hardship as follows:

"Undue hardship" means (1) the asset to be recovered is the sole income-producing asset of the Medicaid beneficiary's heirs; or (2) the recovery of the assets would result in the heir becoming eligible for governmental public assistance based on need and/or medical assistance programs.

5. The following procedures are used by the State for waiving estate recoveries when recovery would cause an undue hardship, and when recovery is not cost-effective:

- The creditor's claim contains information on the right to apply for an undue hardship waiver.
- The personal representative completes a request for Undue Hardship Waiver within 30 days of the creditor's claim being filed, enclosed supporting documentation and forwards it to the Department for an evaluation on whether to grant a waiver. If a waiver is granted, recovery may be terminated or the Department may compromise by delaying recovery until the death of the eligible heir. In determining whether an undue hardship exists, the following criteria will be used:
  - (a) The asset to be recovered is a income-producing farm of one or more of the heirs and the annual gross income is limited to $25,000 or less; or
  - (b) The recovery of assets would result in the applicant becoming eligible for governmental public assistance based on need and/or medical assistance programs.
- Heirs who disagree with the Department's denial may file for an administrative appeal within 30 days of the notice of denial.
- The heirs have the burden of proof in all administrative reviews and/or hearings.

6. The State defines cost-effective as follows (include methodology/thresholds used to determine cost-effectiveness):

- The State employs the following methodology in determining if recovery is cost effective. The regulations of estate recovery mandate that we must pay years support for the family, funeral expenses up to five thousand dollars ($5000.00), necessary expenses of administration, and unpaid taxes prior to any claims for Medicaid. In addition, the State must pay the third party administrator of the estate recovery program's collection expenses and pay a special assistant attorney general to handle these claims in Probate Court. Estates valued at $25,000 or less are exempt from estate recovery because it is not cost-effective for the state to pursue recovery.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

7. The State uses the following collection procedures (include specific elements contained in the advance notice requirement, the method for applying for a waiver, hearing and appeal procedures, and time frames involved):

- At application and during re-determination the applicant or the member is notified of the estate recovery program.

- Potential recovery cases are identified by data matches, newspaper clipping services, and referrals received from, probate courts, nursing facilities and local county offices.

- After death of the member, a Notice of Intent to File a Claim Against the Decedent’s Estate is forwarded to the member’s representative or the representative’s attorney. In addition, a questionnaire is forwarded requesting information about a surviving spouse, a child under the age of 21, a blind or disabled child, any real property, and the administration of the estate.

- If all the criteria to pursue estate recovery is met, upon the estate being opened, the Department files a Creditors Claim for the total amount of medical assistance paid on the deceased member’s behalf.

- If an estate is not opened, the State may recover funds through the member’s bank account. The administrator of the program may present an affidavit to a financial institution requesting that the financial institution release account proceeds to recover the cost of services correctly provided to a member. The affidavit shall include the following information:

  (a) The name of the decedent;

  (b) The name of any person who gave notice that the decedent was a Medicaid member and that person’s relationship to the decedent;

  (c) The name of the financial institution;

  (d) The account number;

  (e) A description of the claim for estate recovery;

  (f) The amount of funds to be recovered.

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TN No. 04-012
Supersedes
TN No. New

Approval Date: 07/07/05
Effective Date: 10/01/04
A financial institution shall release account proceeds to the administrator of the program if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The decedent held an account at the financial institution that was in the decedent’s name only;

(b) No estate has been, and it is reasonable to assume that no estate will be, opened for the decedent;

(c) The decedent has no outstanding debts known to the administrator of the program;

(d) The financial institution has received no objections or has determined that no valid objections to release proceeds have been received.

If proceeds have been released pursuant to this section and the Department receives notice of a valid claim to the proceeds that has a higher priority under O.C.G.A. §37-7-40 than the claim of this section, the Department may refund the proceeds to the financial institution or pay them to the person or government entity with the claim.
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1902(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient non-emergency visits</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was completed. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1905(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral Maxillofacial Surgery Services</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive $31, $30, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.

TN No. 54-211
Supersedes
TN No. 54-36

Approval Date 7/6/94  Effective Date 7/1/94
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1902(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nurse practitioners evaluation and management office visits</td>
<td>Deduct.</td>
<td>Coins</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (p) to the agency’s average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer under hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1905(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for determination</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Durable Medical Equipment</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>coins</td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durable Medical Supplies and Rentals</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under section 1906(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Orthotics and Prosthetic Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SID, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under section 1905(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Co-pay</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Home Health Services</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1905(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-Emergency Transportation</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.

TN No. 34-642
Supersedes
TN No. 34-642

Approval Date 2/7/95
Effective Date 7/1/94
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1906(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Defuct</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physicians and Podiatrists Evalu-</td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tion and Management office visits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ophthalmology Service visits</td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.24(a) and (b) to the agency’s average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSDI, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under section 1905(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optometric evaluation and management office visits</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.

Supersedes
TN No.: 44-524

TN No.: 35-624K, New

Approval Date: 2/21/95
Effective Date: 7-01-94
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1905 (a) (1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

The co-payment structure was established to administer the Preferred Drug List program. Copayments listed below are applicable to drug identified as “non-preferred” only. Preferred branded drug, as well as, preferred generic drug have a co-pay of $0.50.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacy Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost to State</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10.00 or less</td>
<td>$0.50 co-payment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10.01 to $25.00</td>
<td>$1.00 co-payment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$25.01 to $50.00</td>
<td>$2.00 co-payment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$50.01 or more</td>
<td>$3.00 co-payment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recipients under age twenty-one (21), pregnant women, institutionalized individuals, hospice care, QMB dual eligible, and Breast and Cervical Cancer Program participant recipients are not required to pay this co-payment. Emergency services, family planning services, are also exempt from this co-payment.

Copayments are based on the maximum allowable charges as described in CFR 447.54 (2) non-institutional services.
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1906(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ambulatory Surgical Centers</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Health Centers</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1905(a)(3) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Federally Qualified Health Centers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Community Health Center Services (CHC)]

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency’s average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.

TN No. 34-03

Supersedes

Approval Date_2/21/95 Effective Date_7/1/94
A. The following charges are imposed on the categorically needy for services other than those provided under Section 1906(a)(1) through (5) and (7) of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inpatient Hospital Services</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recipients affected by the co-payment are limited to adult recipients of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits, certain other adult disabled and aged recipients and parents of children receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) benefits. Children under age twenty-one, pregnant woman, nursing home residents, and hospice care recipients are not required to pay this co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services received by Medicaid recipients do not require a co-payment.

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparative study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency’s average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
8. The method used to collect cost sharing charges for categorically needy individuals:

[X] Providers are responsible for collecting the cost sharing charges from individuals.

The agency reimburses providers the full Medicaid rate for services and collects the cost sharing charges from individuals.

C. The basis for determining whether an individual is unable to pay the charge, and the means by which such an individual is identified to providers, is described below:

Providers accept the recipients' word as to their ability to pay the co-payment.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State: GEORGIA

D. The procedures for implementing and enforcing the exclusions from cost sharing contained in 42 CFR 447.53(b) are described below:

Exclusions are determined by edits and audits of the claims payment system.

E. Cumulative maximums on charges:

[ ] State policy does not provide for cumulative maximums.

[ ] Cumulative maximums have been established as described below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TN No.</th>
<th>Approval Date</th>
<th>Effective Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>85-24</td>
<td>3-10-94</td>
<td>7-1-93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Supercedes

Revision: HCPA-PM-65-14 (BREC) SEPTEMBER 1985 ATTACHMENT 4.18-A
Page 3 OMS NO.: 3936-0193
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-Emergency outpatient services (visits)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was completed. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral Maxillofacial Surgery Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSDI, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.

TH No. 64-C17
Supersedes
TH No. 64-W

Approval Date 7/6/94  Effective Date 7/1/94
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nurse practitioners evaluation and management office visits</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.94(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSDI, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Durable Medical Equipment</td>
<td>Deduct.</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durable Medical Supplies and Rentals</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.34(a) and (b) to the agency's average typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive $3, $5, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Orthotics and Prosthetics Services</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that patients who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Home Health Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.14(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-Emergency Transportation</td>
<td></td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.14(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physicians and Podiatrists Evaluation and Management office visits</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ophthalmology Service visits</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.14(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optometric evaluation and management office visits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receiveSSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

The co-payment structure was established to administer the Preferred Drug List program. Copayments listed below are applicable to drug identified as “non-preferred” only. Preferred branded drug, as well as, preferred generic drug have a co-pay of $0.50.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Cost to State</th>
<th>Co-Payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacy Services</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recipients under age twenty-one (21), pregnant women, institutionalized individuals, hospice care, QMB dual eligible, and Breast and Cervical Cancer Program participant recipients are not required to pay this co-payment. Emergency services, family planning services, are also exempt from this co-payment.

Copayments are based on the maximum allowable charges as described in CFR 447.54 (2) non-institutional services.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ambulatory Surgical Centers</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Coins</td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Health Centers</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Federally Qualified Health Centers</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>Coins</td>
<td>Co-pay.</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[Community Health Center Services (CNC)]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency's average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.

TN No. 04-05
Supersedes:

[Approval Date] 2/21/95 [Effective Date] 7/1/94
A. The following charges are imposed on the medically needy for services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service and Basis for Determination</th>
<th>Type of Charge</th>
<th>Deduct.</th>
<th>Coins</th>
<th>Co-pay.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inpatient Hospital Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>$12.50</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recipients affected by the co-payment are limited to adult recipients of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits, certain other adult disabled and aged recipients and parents of children receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) benefits. Children under age twenty-one, pregnant women, nursing home residents, and hospice care recipients are not required to pay this co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services received by Medicaid recipients do not require a co-payment.

A co-payment study was conducted by the Georgia Office of Planning and Budget and the Department of Medical Assistance. This study was conducted within Georgia and a comparison study with other states was also completed. The standard co-payment amount for services was determined by applying the maximum co-payment amounts specified in 42 CFR 447.54(a) and (b) to the agency’s average or typical payment for that service. The study indicated that persons who receive SSI, SSD, and other state assistance would not suffer undue hardship, nor was it unreasonable that they be asked to pay a percentage of their income as a co-payment.

TN No. 94-036
Supercedes
TN No. ___ New

Approval Date 2/21/95 Effective Date 7/1/94
B. The method used to collect cost sharing charges for medically needy individuals:

[ ] Providers are responsible for collecting the cost sharing charges from individuals.

[ ] The agency reimburses providers the full Medicaid rate for services and collects the cost sharing charges from individuals.

C. The basis for determining whether an individual is unable to pay the charge, and the means by which such an individual is identified to providers, is described below:

Providers accept the recipients' word as to their ability to pay the copayment.
D. The procedures for implementing and enforcing the exclusions from cost sharing contained in 42 CFR 447.53(b) are described below:

The exclusions are determined by edits and audits of the claims payment system.

E. Cumulative maximums on charges:

- [ ] State policy does not provide for cumulative maximums.
- [ ] Cumulative maximums have been established as described below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TW No.</th>
<th>Approval Date</th>
<th>Effective Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>53-29</td>
<td>3-10-94</td>
<td>7-1-93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53-24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

Premiums Imposed on Low Income Pregnant Women and Infants

A. The following method is used to determine the monthly premium imposed on optional categorically needy pregnant women and infants covered under section 1902(a)(10)(A)(I)(IX)(A) and (B) of the Act:

NONE

B. A description of the billing method used is as follows (include due date for premium payment, notification of the consequences of nonpayment, and notice of procedures for requesting waiver of premium payment):

NONE

*Description provided on attachment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TN No.</th>
<th>Approval Date</th>
<th>Effective Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7J-02</td>
<td>6/9/92</td>
<td>1/1/92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(New)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HCFA ID: 7986E
C. State or local funds under other programs are used to pay for premiums:

☐ Yes ☒ No

D. The criteria used for determining whether the agency will waive payment of a premium because it would cause undue hardship on an individual are described below:

None

*Description provided on attachment.

SN No. 92-03
Supersedes Approval Date 6/9/92 Effective Date 1/1/92
SN No. New

HCFA ID: 7986E
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

Optional Sliding Scale Premiums Imposed on Qualified Disabled and Working Individuals

A. The following method is used to determine the monthly premium imposed on qualified disabled and working individuals covered under section 1902(a)(10)(E)(ii) of the Act:

None

B. A description of the billing method used is as follows (include due date for premium payment, notification of the consequences of nonpayment, and notice of procedures for requesting waiver of premium payment):

None

*Description provided on attachment.

TN No. 93-03
Supersedes Approval Date 6/9/92 Effective Date 1/1/92
TN No. New

HCFA ID: 7986E
C. State or local funds under other programs are used to pay for premiums:
   ☑ Yes   ☒ No

D. The criteria used for determining whether the agency will waive payment of
   a premium because it would cause an undue hardship on an individual are
   described below:

   None

*Description provided on attachment.

TN No. 92-03  Approval Date 6/9/92  Effective Date 1/1/92
Supersedes  
TN No. N/A  

HCFA ID: 7986E
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

I. Cost Finding and Cost Reporting

A. Cost Reporting

1. Each hospital participating in the Georgia Medicaid Hospital Program will submit a Uniform Cost Report, using the appropriate CMS Form 2552. The cost reporting period for the purpose of this plan shall be the same as that for the Title XVIII and Title V cost reporting, if applicable. A complete, legible copy of the cost report shall be submitted to the Medicare intermediary and to the Department as appropriate.

2. Allowable costs will not include costs that are in excess of charges. Allowable costs are documented costs that are ordinary and necessary in the delivery of a cost-effective service. Allowable costs shall be determined in accordance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual 15, except as may be modified in this plan or as modified in the Department's "Policies and Procedures for Hospital Services" as published on January 1, 2008.

3. A hospital must furnish its cost report within five months after its fiscal year end. If the report has not been received after this five-month period and a request for extension has not been granted, a written warning will be issued. This warning will indicate that if, after an additional month (total six months), the cost report has not been received, a one hundred percent reduction will be imposed on all payments made during that period that the cost report is late. These payments will be withheld until an acceptable Medicaid cost report is received. After the cost report is received and is determined to be acceptable, the withheld funds will be released. If the cost report is not received after seven months from the hospital’s fiscal year end, the hospital's agreement of participation will be subject to termination.

4. A hospital which voluntarily or involuntarily ceases to participate in the Georgia Medicaid program or experiences a change of ownership must file a final cost report within five (5) months of the date of termination or change of ownership. For the purpose of this plan, filing a final cost report is not required when: 1) the capital stock of a corporation is sold without change in title to assets or 2) a partnership interest is sold as long as one of the original limited partners becomes a general partner, or control remains unchanged. Any change of ownership must be reported to the Department within 45 days after such change of ownership.

5. All hospitals are required to maintain a Medicaid Log and financial and statistical records. For purposes of this plan, statistical records shall include beneficiaries' medical
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

request records. These records must be available upon to representatives, employees or contractors of the Department, State Auditors, the General Accounting Office (GAO) or the United States Department of Health and Services (HHS).

6. Records of related organizations must be available upon demand to representatives, employees or contractors of the Department, the Inspector General, GAO, or HHS.

7. The Department shall retain all uniform cost reports submitted for a period of at least three years following the date of submission of such reports and will maintain those reports pursuant to the record keeping requirements. Access to submitted cost reports will be in conformity with Georgia law. Unless enjoined by a court of competent jurisdiction, the cost report will be released to the requestor.

B. Reasonable Cost of Inpatient Hospital Services

1. Allowable costs will be determined using requirements of licensure and certification and the duration and scope of benefits provided under the Georgia Medicaid Program. Allowable costs shall be determined in accordance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual 15, except as may be modified in this plan or as modified in the Department’s “Policies and Procedures for Hospital Services” as published on January 1, 2008. Allowable costs will include:

a. Cost incurred by a hospital in meeting any requirements for licensing under the State law which are necessary for providing inpatient hospital services.

b. Medicaid reimbursement will be limited to an amount, if any, by which the hospital’s per case rate exceeds the third party payment amount for each admission.

c. Under this plan, hospitals will be required to accept Medicaid reimbursement as payment in full for services provided. As a result, there will be no Medicaid bad debts generated by patients. Bad debts will not be considered as an allowable expense.

d. The Department does not use Medicare regulations regarding payment for malpractice insurance costs. The methodology that currently is used for Medicaid will continue to be applied in the determination of allowable costs.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES -
INPATIENT SERVICES

e. All procedures or drugs ordered by the patient's physician that result in costs being passed on by the hospital to the Georgia Medicaid Program through the cost report shall be subject to review by the Department. All procedures determined through the Department's or hospital's utilization review committee to be unnecessary or not related to the spell of illness will require appropriate adjustments to the Medicaid Log. Such adjustments for a patient may be rescinded upon a determination made by the hospital utilization review committee or the Department of Medical Assistance as being medically necessary.

f. Reimbursable costs will not include those reasonable costs that exceed customary charges.

4. The costs listed below are nonallowable. Reasonable costs used in the establishment of rates will reflect these costs as nonallowable (this list is not exhaustive).

a. Costs related to lobbying and government relations, including costs for employees with duties related to lobbying and government relations, honorariums and reimbursement of travel or other expenses of elected officials;

b. Memberships in civic organizations;

c. Out-of-state travel paid by the provider for persons other than board members of those employed or contracted by the provider. Out-of-state travel for provider personnel must be related to patient care;

d. Vehicle depreciation or vehicle lease expenses in excess of the lesser of IRS limits per vehicle or the amount allowed under Medicare reimbursement principles; provided, however, such limit shall not apply to specialized patient transport vehicles (e.g., ambulances);

e. Air transport vehicles that are not used to transport patient care staff or patients. If these vehicles are sometimes used for patient care staff or patient transport, the portion of cost that is unrelated to patient care staff or patient transport is nonallowable;

f. Fifty percent (50%) of membership dues for national, state, and local associations;
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES-
INPATIENT SERVICES

g. Legal services for an administrative appeal or hearing, or court proceeding involving the
provider and the Department or any other state agency when judgment or relief is not
granted to the provider. Legal services associated with certificate of need reviews, issuance
appeals, disputes or court proceedings are not allowable regardless of outcome. Legal
services associated with a provider's initial certificate of need request shall be allowable; and

h. Advertising costs that are (a) for fund-raising purposes, (b) incurred in the sale or lease of a
facility or agency or in connection with issuance of the provider's own stock, or the sale of
stock held by the provider in another corporation, (c) for the purpose of increasing patient
utilization of the provider's facilities, (d) for public image improvement, or (e) related to
government relations or lobbying.

i. Hospital Acquired Condition (HAC) Never Events (NE)/Present on Admission (POA)/
Other provider-preventable condition (OPPC)

For dates of service May 17, 2012 and after, for all Medicaid patients, requests for Diagnosis
Related Groups (DRGs) attributable to Medicare identified hospital acquired conditions and
never events will not be approved by the Peer Review Organization (PRO) and are not
reimbursable regardless of the setting (all inpatient hospital settings and in all health care
settings). PRO review for present on admission is not required. This policy applies to all
Medicaid reimbursement provisions, contained in Attachment 4.19-A, including Medicaid
supplemental or enhanced payments and Medicaid disproportionate share hospital payments
and complies with Medicare Billing Guidelines for Hospital Acquired Conditions, Provider
Preventable Conditions, Never Events and Present on Admission.

C. Audits

1. Background - To assure that recognition of reasonable cost is being achieved, a
comprehensive hospital audit program has been established. The hospital common audit program
has been established to reduce the cost of auditing submitted reports under the above three
programs and to avoid duplicate auditing effort. The purpose is to have one audit of a
participating hospital which will serve the needs of all participating programs reimbursing the
hospital for services rendered.

2. Common Audit Program
The Department has entered into a written agreement with the Georgia based Medicare
intermediary for participation in a common audit program of Titles VI, XVIII and XIX. Under
this agreement, the intermediary shall provide the result of Department the result desk review
and field audits of those hospitals located in Georgia.

TN No. 11-005
Supersedes
TN No. 10-009

Approval Date  JUN 19 2012
Effective Date June 30, 2012
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES-INPATIENT SERVICES

3. Other Hospital Audits
For those hospitals not covered by the common audit agreement with the Medicare intermediary, the Department shall be responsible for the performance of desk reviews and field audits, the Department shall:

a. Determine the scope and format for on-site audits.
b. Contract annually for the performance of desk reviews and audits.
c. Ensure all audits are performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the AICPA.
d. Ensure that only those expense items that the plan has specified as allowable costs under Section I of this plan have been included by the hospital in the computation of the costs of the various services provided under Title XIX in Georgia;
e. Review to determine the Georgia Medicaid Log is properly maintained and current in those hospitals where its maintenance is required.

4. Retention of Cost Reports
All audited cost reports received from the Medicare intermediary or issued to the Department will be kept for at least 2 years.

5. Overpayments and Underpayments
The Department may adjust the reimbursement of any provider whose rate is established specifically for it on the basis of cost reporting, whenever the Department determines that such adjustment is appropriate. The provider shall be notified in writing of the Department’s intention to adjust the rate, either prospectively, retroactively or both. The terms of payment will be in accordance with the Department’s policy. All overpayments will be reported by the Department to CMS as required. Information intentionally misrepresented by a hospital in the cost report shall be grounds to suspend the hospital from participation in the Georgia Medicaid Program.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES -
INPATIENT SERVICES

II. Rate Setting

Overview - The Georgia Department of Community Health will reimburse qualified providers for inpatient hospital services under the prospective payment system as set forth in this plan.

A. Data Sources and Preparation of Data for Computation of Prospective Rates

The calculation of prospective rates requires the use of claims data, cost data and supplemental expenditure data. The historical claims data is obtained from a chosen base year, with adjustments for inflation.

For admissions from July 1, 2002 through December 31, 2007:
The cost data is derived from a cost report year where the majority of hospitals have audited data. For rates effective on July 1, 2002, audited data was available for hospital fiscal years ending in 1999 for a majority of hospitals. Hospitals without audited data in the chosen year will have data derived from the hospital’s most recently audited cost report; for rates effective July 1, 2002, if audited cost report data is not available for a period ending on or after July 31, 1996, a recent unaudited cost report will be used.

For admissions on and after January 1, 2008:
The cost data is derived from cost report periods ending in 2004. If available at the time that rate setting data were compiled, audited cost report information would be used; otherwise, unaudited cost report data would be used.

The supplemental data is obtained from state supplemental expenditure surveys. The rate components are used in the calculation of the prospective rates as described in Section II of this plan.

B. Payment Formulas

Non-Outlier DRG Payment Per Case = (Hospital-Specific Base Rate x DRG Relative Rate) + Capital Add-on + GME Add-on (if applicable)

Outlier DRG Payment Per Case = (Hospital-Specific Base Rate x DRG Relative Rate) +
{[(Allowable Charges x Hospital-Specific Operating Cost to Charge Ratio) - (Hospital-Specific Base Rate x DRG Relative Rate)] x A Percentage} + Capital Add-on + GME Add-on (if applicable)
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

C. Discussion of Payment Components

1. Base Rates

All hospitals are assigned to a peer group in order to develop a base rate that best matches payments to costs for hospitals that provide similar services. The peer group base rate is obtained by calculating the average operating cost standardized for case mix of Inlier DRG cases across all cases in a peer group, with an adjustment factor applied to maintain budget neutrality. If a hospital is assigned to the statewide or pediatric peer group, the peer group base rate becomes the hospital-specific base rate.

For admissions from July 1, 2002 through December 31, 2007:

If a hospital is assigned to the specialty peer group and has a sufficient claim volume, the hospital-specific base rate will be the greater of the peer group base rate or the individual hospital’s base rate. If a hospital is assigned to the specialty peer group and does not have a sufficient claim volume, the peer group base rate becomes the hospital-specific base rate. For each case paid within the DRG methodology, the hospital specific base rate will be multiplied by the appropriate DRG relative weight to calculate a payment.

For admissions on and after January 1, 2008:
If a hospital is assigned to the specialty peer group and has a sufficient claim volume, the hospital-specific base rate will be the hospital’s base rate. If a hospital is assigned to the specialty peer group and does not have a sufficient claim volume, the peer group base rate becomes the hospital-specific base rate. For each case paid within the DRG methodology, the hospital specific base rate will be multiplied by the appropriate DRG relative weight to calculate a payment.

For admissions on or after July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2013:

Effective July 1, 2010, in order to recognize the Medicaid share of hospitals’ cost of paying fees for under the Hospital Provider Payment Agreement Act of 2009 (GA HB 1055), an ‘adjustment to hospital inpatient base rates, capital add-on and GME add-on rates will be added to hospitals’ inpatient rate. Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs), Psychiatric Hospitals and State-Owned / State-Operated Hospitals are exempt from the provider fee and the rate adjustment. Trauma hospitals will participate in the provider fee but at a lower percentage than other
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

Participating hospitals. The table below shows the provider fee and associated rate increase for different classes of hospitals.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Type</th>
<th>Provider Fee Percent</th>
<th>Rate Increase Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Participating Acute Care and Specialty Hospitals</td>
<td>1.45%</td>
<td>11.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trauma Hospitals</td>
<td>1.40%</td>
<td>11.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical Access Hospitals</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychiatric Hospitals</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In order to partially offset the 1.45% and 1.40% hospital fee rates levied by Georgia HB 1055, a new Base Rate Change will be created. This new base rate change will be a multiplier, which will be expressed as a constant percentage of the Allowed Charge. There will be two different values for this Base Rate Change. One will be used for Inpatient Medicare Crossover claims. The second will apply to non-Crossover Hospital claims. Two new system parameters will be created to store these percentages.

When calculating the Final Allowed Charge, the addition of this new Base Rate Change will be the final step before any cutbacks are considered. The dollar amount will be calculated as a percentage (stored in the new System Parameter) of the Allowed Charge at that point in adjudication.

**DRG Priced Claim Example**

(DRG Weight-Based Payment + DC Cap Add-on) = Allowed Charge

Allowed Charge x .1188 (HT %) = HT Add-on (Base Rate Change)

(Allowed Charge – Co-Pay) = Reimbursement Amount

The 11.88% add-on increase will also be added to outlier per case payments.

2. Calculation of the Capital Add-on Amount

Hospitals receive a hospital-specific add-on based on capital costs from the cost report year, charges from the rate setting base year and supplemental data from the capital expenditure survey.
METHODOLOGY FOR ENSURING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

3. Calculation of the Direct Graduate Medical Education (GME) Add-on Amount

Only hospitals which have GME costs in the cost report year receive the GME add-on amount. The Medicaid portion of GME from the hospital's cost report year is adjusted for inflation, then divided by the number of cases in the base year to obtain the GME add-on.

4. Determination of Capital and Graduate Medical Education (GME) Add-On Amounts

The basis for the determination of capital add-on amounts and GME add-on amounts are described below. All hospital-specific information is based on data from three sources and may be updated periodically:

(a) the hospital's cost report (for capital and GME add-on amounts)
(b) the hospital's capital surveys, if utilized (for capital add-on amounts only)
(c) Georgia Medicaid and PeachCare paid claims data (for hospitals with a limited number of paid claims, add-on amounts may be determined based on average amounts for other hospitals.)

Part 1 - Calculation of the Capital Add-On Amount

(a) A Medicaid allocation ratio is used to apportion the Medicaid portion of the hospital's total capital. The allocation ratio is the hospital's Medicaid inpatient costs divided by total hospital costs.
(b) Sum the hospital's capital costs (total building and fixtures) and capital costs (total major movable) from the cost report.
(c) Determine the Medicaid allocation of capital costs from the cost report by multiplying the Medicaid allocation ratio (Item 1(a)) by total capital costs from the cost report (Item 1 (b)).
(d) Determine the capital CCR by dividing the Medicaid allocation of capital costs (Item 1(c)) by the total allowed Medicaid charges for the cost report period.
(e) Calculate the base year capital costs by multiplying the capital CCR by the base year allowed charges.
(f) Calculate the preliminary capital costs per case by dividing the base year capital costs (Item 1(e)) by the base year number of cases.
(g) Sum the total amounts from the capital expenditure surveys, if utilized.
(h) Determine the Medicaid allocation of capital costs from surveys by multiplying the Medicaid allocation ratio (Item 1(a)) by total capital from surveys (Item 1(d)).
(i) Determine the survey rate of increase by dividing Item 1(h) by item 1(e).
(j) Calculate the Capital Add-On Amount by multiplying Item 1(f) by one plus Item 1(i).
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

Part 2 - Calculation of the Direct Graduate Medical Education (GME) Add-On Amount
Only hospitals, which have GME costs in the base period cost report, receive the GME add-on amount.
(a) A Medicaid allocation ratio is used to apportion the Medicaid portion of the hospital's GME. The allocation ratio is the hospital's Medicaid inpatient costs divided by total hospital costs.
(b) Use the hospital's GME costs from the cost report.
(c) Determine the Medicaid allocation of GME costs from the cost report by multiplying the Medicaid allocation ratio (Item 1(a)) by total GME costs from the cost report (Item 1(b)).
(d) Determine the GME CCR by dividing the Medicaid allocation of GME costs (Item 1(c)) by the total allowed Medicaid charges for the cost report period.
(e) Calculate the base year GME costs by multiplying the GME CCR by the base year allowed charges, adjusted for inflation.
(f) Divide the total Medicaid allocation of GME (Item 1(e)) by the Medicaid discharges from the base year. This will yield the Medicaid GME amount per discharge.

D. Special Payment Provisions

1. New Facilities

New facilities under the DRG system will receive payments using the same payment formulas as stated in Section II. However, the components of the formulas will be calculated on a statewide average. A new facility will receive a hospital-specific base rate that is equal to the statewide average rate for the appropriate peer group in which the hospital is classified, a capital add-on payment equal to the statewide average add-on payment for the appropriate peer group and a cost-to-charge ratio that is equal to the Georgia statewide average of the cost-to-charge ratios.

2. Out-of-State Facilities

Out-of-state facilities under the DRG system will receive payments using the same payment formulas as stated in Sections A, B and C. However, the components of the formulas will be calculated on a statewide average. An out-of-state facility will receive a hospital specific base rate that is equal to the statewide average rate for the appropriate peer group in which the hospital is classified, a capital add-on payment equal to the statewide average add-on payment for the appropriate peer group, and a cost-to-charge ratio that is equal to the Georgia statewide average of the cost-to-charge ratios.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

3. New Medicaid Providers

Prospective payment rates for established facilities which did not submit a hospital-specific Medicare cost report because the facility did not participate in the Medicaid program will be determined in the same manner as a new facility stated in section D.1.

E. DRG Grouper

For admissions from July 1, 2002 through December 31, 2007, the grouper used to classify cases into DRG categories will be CHAMPUS Grouper version 16.0. For admissions on and after January 1, 2008, the grouper used to classify cases into DRG categories will be TRICARE Grouper version 24.0. The grouper used to assign claims to DRG categories, as well as the corresponding DRG weights and threshold amounts, may be updated periodically.

F. Reviews and Appeals

In general, providers may submit written inquiries concerning the rate determination process or requests for review of their specific rates. Only the following will be considered under the procedures herein described:

- Evidence that the audited cost report figures used to determine the base rate contained an error on the part of the Department or its agents.
- Evidence that the Department made an error in calculating the prospective rate of payment.
- Evidence that the Department is not complying with its stated policies in determining the base rates, trend factor, or utilization constraints.

Information concerning the base rate and prospective rate will be provided to each hospital prior to the effective date. A hospital will have 30 days from the date on the correspondence to submit a request for adjustment concerning the rate determination process. If no adjustment request is submitted within this time period, a hospital may not contest its rate of payment. There is no time limitation for the Department to reduce a hospital’s rate when an error is discovered.

Written requests must be submitted to the Coordinator of the Hospital Reimbursement Unit. Requests for review must include evidence on which the request is being based. Hospitals which do not submit written request or inquiries within thirty days of the date of such information will be considered to have accepted their rates as received. Similarly, failure of the hospital to state the basis for review and to include relevant supporting...
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

evidence for the Department's consideration, when requesting an Administrative Review, will also result in a denial of further appeal rights on the rate of payment. The Coordinator of Hospital Reimbursement will have sixty (60) days from the date of receipt to render a decision concerning the written requests or inquiries submitted by a hospital if no additional information is required. The Coordinator may have more than sixty (60) days to render a decision if additional information is requested. If the Coordinator of Hospital Reimbursement requests additional information, the request must be issued within thirty (30) days of receipt, and the hospital must respond within thirty (30) days of receipt of such request. The Coordinator of Hospital Reimbursement will have thirty (30) days from the receipt of the additional information to render a decision in writing. The failure of the Coordinator of Hospital Reimbursement to render a decision within the above-stated time frame will result in a decision in favor of the hospital concerning the issue raised by the hospital on appeal.

Failure of a hospital to provide information within the specified time frame as requested by the Coordinator of Hospital Reimbursement will result in the denial of the hospital's appeal by the Coordinator of Hospital Reimbursement. A hospital which disagrees with the determination of the Coordinator of Hospital Reimbursement may request a hearing. If the request is not received by the Office of Legal Services within ten (10) days of the date of the Coordinator's decision, the hospital will be deemed to have waived any and all further appeal rights.

G. Co-Payment

A co-payment of $12.50 will be imposed for certain inpatient hospital admissions. Recipients affected by the copayment are limited to adult recipient of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits, certain other adult disabled and aged recipients and parents of children receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) benefits. Children under age twenty-one, pregnant women, nursing home residents, or hospice care participants are not required to pay this copayment. Emergency services and Family Planning services received by Medicaid recipients do not require a copayment. Services cannot be denied based on the inability to pay these copayments.

H. Administrative Days

Administrative days are those days that a recipient remains in acute care setting awaiting placement in a nursing facility due to the unavailability of a bed. Administrative days may occur in the two situations outlined below.
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- Following the physician's written order for discharge on the chart.
- When a utilization review denial letter is given prior to the physician's written order for discharge.

The allowable covered number of administrative days is three or 72 hours for either situation outlined above. Any days greater than three that a recipient remains in the acute care setting awaiting placement in a nursing facility are noncovered days.

I. Hospital Crossover Claims

The maximum allowable payment to enrolled Georgia and non-Georgia hospitals for Medicare inpatient deductibles and coinsurance (crossover claims) will be the hospital-specific Medicaid per case rate. The maximum allowable payment to non-Georgia hospitals not enrolled the Georgia Medicaid program for Medicare inpatient crossover claims will be the average hospital-specific inpatient per case rate for enrolled non-Georgia hospitals.

J. Payment In Full

1. Participating in-state providers must accept the amount paid in accordance with the Georgia Title XIX Inpatient Hospital Reimbursement Plan as payment in full for covered services.

2. Settlement
   For admissions occurring each calendar year, a comparison of a hospital's total Medicaid payments and its total charges will be made after completion of the calendar year. Except for hospitals receiving designation as a Critical Access Hospital in Georgia, a refund will be due from the hospital for any amount by which total Medicaid payments are in excess of a hospital's total charges for Medicaid patients. Total Medicaid payments included in the comparison shall not include payment adjustments made to Georgia or non-Georgia enrolled disproportionate share hospitals. Total payments will include the appropriate inpatient hospital copayments.

K. Expanded Newborn Screening Program

Effective for services provided on and after July 1, 2010, an additional payment of $50 per newborn admission will be made to fund costs associated with the expansion of the newborn screening program administered by the Georgia Department of Human Resources.
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INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

Citation
42 CFR 447, 434, 438, and 1902(a)(4), 1902(a)(6), and 1903

Payment Adjustment for Provider Preventable Conditions (PPC)
The Medicaid agency meets the requirements of 42 CFR Part 447, Subpart A, and
sections 1902(a)(4), 1902(a)(6), and 1903 with respect to non-payment for provider-
preventable conditions.

Health Care-Acquired Conditions (HAC)
The State identifies the following Health Care-Acquired Conditions for non-payment
under Section 4.19-A.

_X_ Hospital-Acquired Conditions as identified by Medicare other than Deep Vein
Thrombosis (DVT)/Pulmonary Embolism (PE) following total knee replacement or hip
replacement surgery in pediatric and obstetric patients, for example.

Effective June 30, 2012, Medicaid will make zero payment to providers for services related to
Provider Preventable Conditions (PPC) which includes Healthcare Acquired Conditions (HAC).
Reimbursement for conditions described above is defined in Attachment 4.19A, Page 14a of this
State Plan.

A. Dates of service beginning on or after May 17, 2012:
1. The claims identified with a Present on Admission (POA) indicator through the claims
payment system will be reviewed.
2. When the review of claims indicates a HAC, the amount for the provider-preventable
condition will be excluded from the provider’s payment.

B. Reductions in provider payment may be limited to the extent that the following apply:
1. The identified provider-preventable conditions would otherwise result in an increase in
payment.
2. The State can reasonably isolate for nonpayment the portion of the payment directly related
to treatment for any condition related to HACs and any other provider-preventable
conditions.
3. Non-payment of provider-preventable conditions shall not prevent access to services for
Medicaid beneficiaries.

C. Non-payment of HACs or NEs shall not prevent access to services for Medicaid beneficiaries.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

Citation
42 CFR 447, 434, 438, and 1902(a)(4), 1902(a)(6), and 1903

Payment Adjustment for Provider Preventable Conditions (PPC)
The Medicaid agency meets the requirements of 42 CFR Part 447, Subpart A, and sections 1902(a)(4), 1902(a)(6), and 1903 with respect to non-payment for providerpreventable conditions.

Other Provider-Preventable Conditions

The State identifies the following Other Provider-Preventable Conditions for non-payment under Section(s) 4.19(A)

[_] X Wrong surgical or other invasive procedure performed on a patient; surgical or other invasive procedure performed on the wrong body part; surgical or other invasive procedure performed on the wrong patient.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

Payment for Hospital Acquired Conditions:

Effective June 30, 2012 and in accordance with Title XIX of the Social Security Act – Sections 1902, 1903 and 42 CFRs 434, 438, and 447, Medicaid will make no payment to providers for services related to Provider Preventable Conditions (PPC) which includes Healthcare Acquired Condition (HCAC) and Never Events (NE).

In accordance with GA State Plan, Attachment 3.1-A, Page 1, Hospital Services payments are allowed except for the following conditions outlined below.

The above effective date and after, for all Medicaid patients, requests for Diagnosis Related Groups (DRGs) attributable to Present on Admission (POA) conditions will be reimbursed for allowable charges. Peer Review Organization (PRO) review for Present on Admission (POA) is not required.

Provider Preventable Conditions (PPC), which includes Healthcare Acquired Condition (HCAC), with diagnose codes with Y or W, or as defined by CMS, will be considered in the DRG calculation. Conversely, any diagnoses codes with N or U, or as defined by CMS, will not be considered in the DRG calculation. Provider Preventable Conditions (PPC) will not be approved by the Peer Review Organization (PRO). Providers must identify and report PPC occurrences.

Never Events (NE) are defined by the National Coverage Determination (NCD) manual for Inpatient Hospitals and practitioners, and these providers will be required to report NEs. Never Events (NE) for Inpatient Hospital claims will bill separate claims using by Bill Type 110 or as designated by the National Uniform Bill Committee for a non-payment/zero claim. The non-covered Bill Type 110 must have one of the ICD-9 diagnosis codes.

- E876.5 – Performance of wrong operation (procedure) on correct patient
- E876.6 – Performance of operation (procedure) on patient not scheduled for surgery
- E876.7 – Performance of correct operation (procedure) on wrong side/body part

The provider may file a separate claim for the same Medicaid recipient with the same dates of service to include the allowable charges for reimbursement. Providers must identify and report NE occurrences.

Prohibition on payments for PPCs, HCACs and NEs shall not result in a loss of access to care or services for Medicaid beneficiaries. This policy applies to all Medicaid reimbursement provisions, contained in 4.19A, including Medicaid supplemental or enhanced payments and Medicaid disproportionate share hospital payments.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

III. Disproportionate Share Hospitals (DSH)

A. Eligibility

Effective for DSH payment adjustments made on or after December 1, 2007, hospitals that are eligible to receive DSH payment adjustments under federal DSH criteria per Social Security Act Section 1923(d) will be eligible to receive an allocation of available DSH funds.

Federal Criteria:
1. The hospital has a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate of at least 1%; AND

2. The hospital has at least two (2) obstetricians who have staff privileges at the hospital and who have agreed to provide obstetric services to Medicaid recipients. This requirement does not apply to a hospital of which the inpatients are predominately individuals under 18 years of age or to hospitals which did not offer non-emergency obstetric services to the general population as of December 22, 1987. In the case of a hospital located in a rural area, the term "obstetrician" includes any physician with staff privileges at the hospital to perform non-emergency obstetric procedures. For rural hospitals subject to a federal requirement to provide obstetric services, as an alternative to determining whether deliveries are provided at the hospital, the Department will consider the following factors:
   a. The hospital must have two or more physicians with staff privileges that are:
      i. Enrolled in the Medicaid program;
      ii. Credentialed to provide OB services at the hospital in family practice, general practice, or obstetrics; and
      iii. Located within 25 miles of the hospital or in an office in the hospital network or must attest to attendance at the hospital on some routine basis; and
   b. The hospital must be able to provide at least one obstetric service that is currently covered by Medicaid and appropriate to be provided in a hospital-based setting.

For federal DSH criteria, a hospital will be considered a rural hospital if a hospital’s county is not in a Metropolitan Statistical Area, as defined by the United States Office of Management and Budget, OR is a county having a population of less than 35,000 according to the United States decennial census; provided, however, that for counties which contain a military base or installation, the military personnel and their dependents living in such county shall be excluded from the total population of that county.

B. Allocation Methodology

Effective for DSH payment adjustments made on or after December 1, 2007, the following methodology will be used for determining payment amounts:
1. For each federal fiscal year, the amount of funds available for DSH payments will be determined based on the state’s federal allotment and required state matching contribution.

2. Hospitals that meet federal DSH eligibility criteria will be eligible to receive an allocation of available DSH allotment funds.

3. The maximum amount of DSH payments (i.e., DSH Limit) for each hospital will be the hospital’s loss incurred for services provided to Medicaid and uninsured patients based on federal definitions. Medicaid costs will be determined by applying Medicare per diem costs to Medicaid inpatient days and Medicare ratios of cost to charges to Medicaid inpatient and outpatient charges grouped by cost center. The patient day and charge amounts will be determined by Medicaid.
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HS&R reports of paid claims, while per diem costs and ratios of cost to charges will be determined by available 2552 cost reports. Medicaid payments will include interim claim payments, outpatient settlement estimates and non-DSH rate adjustments. Uninsured costs will be determined by applying Medicare inpatient and outpatient cost to charge ratios, from available 2552 cost reports, to charges for uninsured reported on DSH data surveys. The DSH data surveys will also be used to determine amounts received for services provided to uninsured patients. DSH data surveys are conducted annually and subject to desk reviews and onsite reviews of supporting documentation, as warranted.

4. The amount of funds available for DSH payments will be allocated among eligible hospitals. Total available DSH funds will be divided into two pools:
   - Pool 1 – For FY 2008 DSH payments, Pool 1 will be equivalent to $53,735,261 and used in the calculation of DSH allocations for small, rural hospitals. For DSH payments after FY 2008, Pool 1 would change relative to changes in the state’s federal DSH allotment as compared to the FY 2008 state DSH allotment;
   - Pool 2 – For FY 2008 DSH payments, Pool 2 will be equivalent to $347,439,065 and used in the calculation of the DSH allocations for all other, eligible hospitals. For DSH payments after FY 2008, Pool 2 would change relative to changes in the state’s federal DSH allotment as compared to the FY 2008 state DSH allotment.

5. Each hospital’s DSH limit is subject to the following DSH limit adjustments for allocation purposes:
   a. For hospitals receiving Upper Payment Limit (UPL) rate adjustments, the allocation basis will be increased by the amount of any intergovernmental transfer or certified public expenditure provided on behalf of the hospital.
   b. For hospitals receiving rate adjustment payments related to medical education, neonatal services or services provided under contract with the Georgia Department of Human Resources, the allocation basis will be increased by the amount of such rate adjustments.

6. The department will utilize the following steps to determine the amount each hospital is eligible to receive in DSH payments.
   a. Step 1: Determine the adjusted DSH limit (as determined in section (III)(B)(5)) as a percentage of total cost for each hospital.
   b. Step 2: For each hospital, multiply the hospital-specific percentage determined in Step 1 by the hospital’s adjusted DSH limit. For private hospitals, the outcome of this calculation will be multiplied by the rate of federal matching funds for Medicaid benefit payments.
   c. Step 3: For each hospital, divide the hospital-specific amount identified in Step 2 by the aggregate “step 2” amount derived from all hospitals in the applicable pool, as defined in section (III)(B)(4), which will result in a hospital-specific allocation factor.
   d. Step 4: Apply the hospital’s allocation factor calculated in Step 3 to the total amount of DSH funds available in the applicable pool, as defined in section (III)(B)(4). This will result in the hospital’s DSH payment. Should the DSH payment amount calculated for a hospital exceed the hospital’s DSH limit, as determined in section (III)(B)(3), the excess amount will be redistributed to the remaining hospitals in the applicable allocation pool.

7. To mitigate significant increases and decreases in hospital-specific DSH payments as compared to state fiscal year 2007, the following adjustments will be applied for the allocation of DSH funds:
   - Maximum DSH allocations for all hospitals are set at 75% of their specific adjusted DSH limits; however, for facilities ineligible for DSH payment adjustments prior to December 1, 2007 but newly eligible under the criteria specified in section A above or facilities who
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

7. To mitigate significant increases and decreases in hospital-specific DSH payments as compared to state fiscal year 2007, the following adjustments will be applied for the allocation of DSH funds:
   - Maximum DSH allocations for all hospitals are set at 75% of their specific adjusted DSH limits; however, for facilities ineligible for DSH payment adjustments prior to December 1, 2007 but newly eligible under the criteria specified in section A above or facilities who did not receive a DSH payment prior to December 1, 2007, their maximum DSH allocation factor, as calculated in Section (III)(B)(6), step 2, is limited to 25% of the calculated amount.
   - Final DSH payment amounts for small, rural hospitals reflect blending of 50% of state fiscal year 2007 net DSH payments and 50% of the allocation calculation based on the methodology specified in section (III)(B)(6);
   - Final DSH payment amounts for all other hospitals reflect blending of 25% of state fiscal year 2007 net DSH payments and 75% of the allocation calculation based on the methodology specified in section (III)(B)(6).

8. For private hospitals that meet the eligibility requirements of Section (III)(A) and meet Social Security Act Section 1923(b) criteria, allocations payments will be made at 100% of calculated allocation amounts as determined by steps 1 through 7 of Section (III)(B). For private hospitals that meet the eligibility requirements of Section (III)(A) but do not meet Social Security Act Section 1923(b) criteria, allocation payments will be made at 100% of calculated allocation amounts as determined by steps 1 through 7 of Section (III)(B).

9. The state share of DSH payment amounts for state governmental and non-state governmental hospitals will come from intergovernmental transfers made on behalf of or by the hospital.

For allocation of 2010 DSH funds, provider eligibility and DSH limit calculations will be based on information available from hospital fiscal years ending in 2007; for hospitals not in operation during 2007, data for 2008 may be used. For allocation of DSH funds after 2008, eligibility and DSH limit calculations will be based on the most recent year for which comparable data would be available.
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IV. Other Rate Adjustments

Upper Payment Limit Rate Adjustments

For payments made for services provided on or after July 1, 2005, the following types of hospitals will be eligible for rate payment adjustments:

- State government-owned or operated facilities;
- Non-State government owned or operated facilities;
- Federally defined Critical Access hospitals;
- Hospitals designated by the Georgia Department of Human Resources as Regional Perinatal Centers;
- Hospitals providing the following program services for the Georgia Department of Human Resources: AIDS Clinic, Poison Control Center, Genetics/Sickle Cell Screening and Maternal and Infant Health Services; and
- Hospitals participating in selected residency grant programs administered by the Georgia Board for Physician Workforce.

The rate adjustment payments are intended to provide supplemental funding for Medicaid services to these facilities that need sufficient funds for their commitments to meet the healthcare needs of all members of their communities and to ensure that these facilities receive financial support for their participation in programs vital to the state’s healthcare infrastructure.

The rate payment adjustments will be subject to federal upper payment limits. For the appropriate groupings of State government-owned or operated facilities, non-State government owned or operated facilities and all other facilities, aggregate rate adjustment payments available without exceeding upper payment limits will be determined by measuring the difference between:

- Amounts paid for services provided to Medicaid patients and
- Estimated payment amounts for such services if payments were based on Medicare payment principles. Either cost-based determined in accordance with 42 CFR 413s or based on Medicare Prospective payment methods determined in accordance with 42 CFR 412.

Comparisons of amounts paid for services provided to Medicaid patients and estimated payment amounts for such services if payments were based on Medicare payment principles will also be made for each facility to determine facility-specific rate adjustment payments. If an individual facility cannot be paid a portion of its full rate adjustment payment due to a facility-specific charge limit, this rate adjustment amount can be
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

allocated to other facilities that are eligible to receive additional rate adjustment payments without exceeding facility-specific charge limits. These rate payment adjustments will be made on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis and will be determined in a manner that will not duplicate compensation provided from payments for individual patient claims.

A sample of how a rate adjustment payment is calculated is presented on the following page.

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## METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

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<td>1,991,034</td>
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TN No. 10-006
Supersedes
TN No., 07-011
Approval Date: 06-11-10
Effective Date: 04-01-10

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20
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<th>26</th>
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<td>27</td>
<td>adjusted Medicare-based annual payments</td>
<td>Line 23 X Line 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>UPL estimate</td>
<td>Line 27 - Line 25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

V. Other Information

A. Payment Assurance

The State will pay each hospital for services provided in accordance with the requirements of the Georgia Title XIX State Plan and applicable State and Federal rules and regulations. The payment amount shall be determined for each hospital according to the standards and methods set forth in the Georgia Title XIX inpatient Hospital Reimbursement Plan.

Hospitals will continue to submit claims as they have in the past. All requirements for documented services and charges will remain in effect, and all screens for completeness will continue. Hospital claims will be subject to post-payment review. The Department will be requesting information from the hospitals to substantiate the necessity and appropriateness of services rendered. Any denials for lack of medical necessity, documentation, or other reasons will result in recoupment of monies paid to the provider. A reduced rate for less than acute care is not applicable nor required.

Unlike a per diem or percent or charges system, this reimbursement plan does not provide incentives for prolonging a patient's stay. If a patient remains in the hospital beyond the time of medical necessity, the effect is to reduce the daily reimbursement rate.

B. Provider Participation

This plan is designed to assure adequate participation of hospitals in the Medicaid Program, the availability of hospital services of high quality to recipients, and services within which are comparable to those available to the general public.

C. Swing-bed Services

1. Reimbursement Methodology

Swing-bed providers will be reimbursed a prospective rate per patient day which will be the statewide average Medicaid rate per diem paid to Level I nursing facilities for routine services furnished during the previous calendar year. The per diem rate covers the cost of certain routine services as described in Attachment 3.1A, page 1c-3 of the Plan. Ancillary services such as laboratory, radiology, and certain prescription drugs must be billed and reimbursed separately under the appropriate Medicaid program. For example, radiology...
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - INPATIENT SERVICES

services provided in the outpatient department of the hospital should be billed as outpatient hospital services. Providers must bill on a monthly basis.

Medicaid will reimburse the Medicare Part A coinsurance for skilled level care of swing-bed services provided to Medicaid/Medicare recipients.

Medicaid reimbursement will be reduced by the amount of the recipient's liability (patient income). Patient income is established by the county DFACS office and is the dollar amount shown on Form DMA-59, or the dollar amount shown on Form DMA-286 if the recipient has Medicaid/Medicare coverage. The patient's income is deducted in full from the Medicaid reimbursement rate until the income has been exhausted.

2. Cost Report and Cost Settlement

There will not be a year-end cost settlement process for the swing-bed services program. In addition, there is no swing-bed services cost report. Medicaid Swing-Bed program data should not be included in the Medicaid Hospital program cost report settlement data. The Medicaid routine swing-bed days should be excluded from the hospital's Medicaid routine days on Worksheet D-1, Part I of the cost report.

D. Public Process

The State has in place a public process which complies with the requirements of Section 1902(a)(13)(A) of the Social Security Act.

E. Revisions

The plan will be revised as operating experience data are developed and need for changes is necessary in accordance with Federal and State regulations. If it is found that there are insufficient controls on utilization transfers or cost, or if the Department determines that a different reimbursement methodology is warranted, the Department maintains its right to discontinue this system upon appropriate public notice of the proposed change.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

W. Inpatient Psychiatric Facility Services (Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility Services)

Effective July 1, 2008, Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities (PRTFs) will be reimbursed at provider specific prospective rates based on 2006, or more recently available cost reports, not to exceed the maximum amount of $370 per day (the cap). PRTFs will be reimbursed at a provider-specific, prospective per diem rate based on allowable costs as reported on the provider’s Fiscal Year 2006, or more recent, cost reports filed with the Department of Community Health.

Annual reporting of audited allowable costs and utilization data adjusted to 90% of licensed capacity is used to find the program specific per-diem costs. DCH will apply the utilization standard of 90% of operational capacity for those PRTFs demonstrating appropriate staff to child ratios as described in Section 600.5.B. of the provider manual (Part II: Policies and Procedures for Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities). Reimbursement is set at the lesser of cost or approved rate cap. These rates will be trended for inflation to the mid-point of each rate year (State fiscal year), based on the CMS Hospital Market Basket (Global Insight's Health Care Cost Service, Fourth Quarter Forecast for each rate year).

Rates for PRTFs that do not have 2006, or more recent, cost reports reflective of the provision of PRTF services will be based on the median rate of other PRTF providers then in effect and shall not exceed the $370 per day. These initial rates will be subject to cost settlement and will be established as the lesser of the cost-settled rate or the cap. New PRTF providers may submit per diem rate proposals based on budgeted estimates so long as these estimates are no greater than the median of rates then in effect and shall not exceed the cap. Upon notice of the provider specific rate, providers will have 30 days to appeal their new rates based on the submission of an amended cost report.

PRTFs shall submit a cost report annually using a uniform cost report form prescribed by the Department of Community Health and supported by the facilities most recent certified financial audit. Cost reports are used as the basis for rate setting as well as establishing documentary support for federal reimbursement.

The definitions for allowable and unallowable costs and expenditures for federal claiming are based on federal criteria. These are identified in the Office of Management and Budget Circulars A-122, A-133 and A-87, "Cost Principles for Nonprofit Organizations", “Audit Principles for Non Profit Organizations” and “Cost Principles for State and Local..."
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

The definitions for allowable and unallowable costs and expenditures for federal claiming are based on federal criteria. These are identified in the Office of Management and Budget Circulars A-122, A-133 and A-87, "Cost Principles for Nonprofit Organizations“, “Audit Principles for Non Profit Organizations" and “Cost Principles for State and Local Governments." Allocation of reasonable costs to the program shall be supported by approved methodology and documentation retained by the reporting agency.

Cost reports are subject to federal and state audit. An example of an Audit Reconciliation analysis for a fictitious Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility is shown in the table below.
# METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Name:</th>
<th>XYZ - Residential Care Facility</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Program Vendor Number</td>
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## Program Cost Totals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cost Description</th>
<th>Cost Report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personnel - Salaries (pg 2)</td>
<td>$7,909,494</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel - Fringe (pg 2)</td>
<td>$2,035,789</td>
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<tr>
<td>Personnel - Contract (pg 3)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Indirect (pg 3)</td>
<td>$5,703,999</td>
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<tr>
<td>Consumables (pg 4)</td>
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<td>Occupancy (pg 5)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Travel (pg 5)</td>
<td>$10,226</td>
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<tr>
<td>Equipment (pg 5)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Program Cost per Cost Report</strong></td>
<td><strong>$17,938,792</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Less revenue offsets: $17,761,462
Per diem Cost: $284
Program Cost per Audit - ENTER: $20,366,242
Variance: $2,427,449

- Corp Unallowed (Alloc Depr Added): $19,248
- Education Costs: $2,207,540
- Personal Client Needs/R&B Costs: $32,310
- Bad Debt: $119,109
- Public Relations: $23,693
- Off Set Admin Income: $25,549
- **Total Expense Variance:** $2,427,449

## Program Revenue Totals

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Cost Description</th>
<th>Cost Report</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>DFCS</td>
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<td>DFCS OTHER</td>
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<td>DJJ</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mental Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>MAAC</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Public</td>
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<tr>
<td>Private</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Program Revenue per Cost Report</strong></td>
<td><strong>$20,639,626</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Program Revenues per Audit - ENTER: $20,665,175
Variance: $25,549
Admin Income Offset: $9,187
Admin. Income Offset: $16,362
**Total Revenue Variance:** $25,549
Reimbursement Methodology

Distinct methods of reimbursement have been established for inpatient services provided by Georgia hospitals, for outpatient services provided by Georgia hospitals, and for all services provided by non-Georgia hospitals. Descriptions of these reimbursement methods are presented in Subsections 1001.1 through 1001.4, and in Appendix C.

1001.1 Hybrid Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) Prospective Payment System

Inpatient services are reimbursed based on a hybrid-DRG prospective payment system. The majority of cases are reimbursed using a DRG per case rate based on the CHAMPUS DRG Grouper 15.0. Remaining cases are paid based on a hospital-specific cost-to-charge (CCR) system. Appendix C describes the hybrid-DRG system in greater detail.

1001.2 Reimbursement for New Hospitals

For the purposes of inpatient hospital reimbursement, a new hospital is defined as a hospital:

a) established by the initial issuance of a Certificate of Need, Medicare certification, and state license, and

b) for which historical base year paid claims data did not exist.

A hospital formed as a result of a merger, acquisition, other change of ownership, business combination, etc. is not a new hospital. Each hospital of this type will maintain the DRG-hybrid system reimbursement components it would otherwise be assigned. When rates are adjusted after the transaction, the appropriate base period information will be used in determining the hospital’s rebased reimbursement components.
Reimbursement for inpatient services provided by new hospitals will vary based on when the hospital began operation.

1001.2A Hospitals Reimbursed Under the Hybrid-DRG System with Rate Components that are Not Hospital-Specific

a) A new hospital is subject to the Hybrid-DRG Prospective Payment System.

b) Within the DRG portion of the hybrid reimbursement system:

1. The DRG base rate will be the peer group base rate prior to any hospital-specific stop loss adjustment.

2. The per case capital add-on will be based on the peer group average per case capital add-on amount.

3. The per case graduate medical education add-on (if applicable) will be based on the peer group average per case graduate medical education add-on amount.

c) Within the CCR portion of the hybrid reimbursement system:

1. The CCR ratio will be based on the peer group average CCR ratio.

2. The per case capital add-on will be based on the peer group average per case capital add-on amount.

3. The per case graduate medical education add-on (if applicable) will be based on the peer group average per case graduate medical education add-on amount.

1001.3 Outpatient Services

a) Outpatient services by Georgia hospitals are reimbursed based on a determination of allowable

Hospital Services  X-2
and reimbursable costs as determined from paid claims data.

b) The determination of allowable and reimbursable costs is made retrospectively and is based on a cost report submitted by the hospital in accordance with Section 1002 and data included in the Nonallowable Costs Questionnaire. Only costs incurred in providing patient care are eligible for reimbursement. Generally, the Provider Reimbursement Manual (HCFA-15), "Principles of Reimbursement for Provider Costs" and the pertinent policies contained in this manual serve as the basis for classifying a cost as allowable.

Effective with dates of payment on and after July 1, 1997, the Department will reimburse for cost-based outpatient services at 90 percent of allowable operating costs plus 90 percent of allowable capital costs. The final determination of reimbursable costs will be made at the time outpatient settlements are made using audited cost reports.

c) The amount of interim payment is calculated as a particular percentage of covered charges submitted to the Department. This percentage of charges is specific to each hospital and is based on the actual experience of the hospital during the last period for which the Department has performed a cost report review. The percentage of charges represents an estimate of a payment rate which approximates the amount of subsequently determined allowable cost. An interim reimbursement rate cannot exceed ninety percent of covered charges. Interim payments are subject to a cash settlement determination as described in Section 1003.

d) All clinical diagnostic laboratory services performed for outpatients and nonpatients on and after October 1, 1984, are reimbursed at the lesser of the submitted charges or 60% of the prevailing Medicare charge level.

e) Effective with dates of payment of February 1, 1991, and after, the maximum allowable payment

Hospital Services X-3
for any outpatient hospital claim is the hospital-specific inpatient per case rate for participating (enrolled) hospitals. When the outpatient cost-based settlements are made, claims for outpatient services which were paid at the per case rate will be excluded from the settlement calculations.

f) Effective for dates of service April 1, 1991, and after, the Department reimburses enrolled hospitals which offer (either directly or through contract) birthing and parenting classes to Medicaid eligible pregnant women. Services may be billed once per year per recipient.

Reimbursement is the lower of billed charges or $70. When the outpatient cost-based settlements are made, claims for outpatient services for birthing and parenting classes will be excluded from the settlement calculations.

g) Effective for dates of service July 1, 1993, and after, a $3 recipient co-payment is required on all non-emergency outpatient hospital visits. Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one (21) years of age, nursing facility recipients, community care participants, hospice care participants and persons who have both Medicare and Medicaid coverage are not subject to the co-payment. When the outpatient cost-based settlements are made for hospital services, the co-payment plus Medicaid payment will be compared to the allowable cost to determine the amount of final settlement.

Beginning with dates of service of January 1, 1995, co-payments will apply to the groups of recipients outlined below who were previously exempt from participation in co-payments.

1. Dialysis recipients.
2. Medicare/Medicaid dually eligible recipients.
3. Recipients in waived services programs.

These groups are required to co-pay beginning with dates of service January 1, 1995, and after, for those services designated as co-pay services.

Hospital Services X-4
Maintenance dialysis services for end-stage renal disease are not designated as co-payment services and no co-payment is required for these services.

h) Effective for dates of service of July 1, 1993 and after, the professional services of certified registered nurse anesthetists (CRNAs), pediatric nurse practitioners, obstetrical nurse practitioners, family nurse practitioners, and physician’s assistant anesthesiologist’s assistant (PAAAs) will not be reimbursed through the Medicaid cost report. Effective July 1, 1993, CRNAs, specified nurse practitioners and PAAAs must enroll in the Medicaid program to receive payment for their services directly.

Services Provided By Non-Georgia Hospitals

a) Participating (Enrolled) Non-Georgia Hospital

Enrolled non-Georgia hospitals will be paid based on a hybrid-DRG reimbursement system as described in b) and c) below (in greater detail in Appendix C).

Within the DRG portion of the hybrid reimbursement system:

1. The DRG base rate will be the peer group base rate prior to any hospital-specific stop loss adjustment.

2. The per case capital add-on will be based on the peer group average per case capital add-on amount.

Within the CCR portion of the hybrid reimbursement system:

1. The CCR ratio will be based on the peer group average CCR ratio.
2. The per case capital add-on will be based on the peer group average per case capital add-on amount.

Payments to non-Georgia hospitals will not be greater than the rate of payment that would be available from the Medicaid program in their home states. Outpatient services provided by enrolled non-Georgia hospitals are reimbursed at a rate of 65% of covered charges.

b) Nonparticipating (Nonenrolled) Non-Georgia Hospitals

Effective with dates of admission or service of July 1, 1989, and after, inpatient services provided by non-Georgia hospitals not enrolled in the Georgia Medicaid program are reimbursed according to rates established by the Medicaid program in the state in which the hospital is located for those procedures covered by that state. If the state in which the hospital is located reimburses DRG rates or per diem rates exceeding $999.99, reimbursement by Georgia Medicaid will be at a rate not to exceed 65% of covered charges. For procedures or services not covered by the state Medicaid program in the state in which the hospital is located, reimbursement will be at a rate of 65% of covered charges if the procedures or services are covered by Georgia Medicaid.

For certain specialized procedures for which services may not be available at the reimbursement rate as stated above, the Department may approve a percentage of charges rate in excess of 65%.

Outpatient services provided by non-Georgia hospitals not enrolled in the Georgia Medicaid program will be reimbursed at a rate of 65% of covered charges.

1001.5 Medicare Crossover Claims

Effective with dates of payment of October 1, 1990, and after, the maximum allowable payment to enrolled Georgia Hospital Services X-6
and non-Georgia hospitals for Medicare inpatient and outpatient deductible and coinsurance (crossover claims) will be the applicable per case rate under the hybrid-DRG system. The maximum allowable payment to non-Georgia hospitals not enrolled in the Georgia Medicaid program for Medicare inpatient and outpatient crossover claims will be the weighted average inpatient per case rate of enrolled non-Georgia hospitals.

Effective with dates of admission on and after October 9, 1997, the Department will limit payment on outpatient Medicare crossover claims as follows: (a) multiply the allowable deductible and coinsurance amount by the hospital-specific percent of charges rate in effect on the date of payment; (b) compare the product from (a) to the applicable per case rate under the hybrid-DRG system; and (c) reimburse the lower of the two amounts in (b).

Effective with dates of payment on and after October 1, 1995, all outpatient Medicare crossover claims will be reimbursed at 100% of billed charges for Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries (QMBs) only.

1001.6 Third Party Claims

Hospital providers must attempt to pursue third party resources prior to filing a Medicaid claim. If a third party does not pay at or in excess of the applicable Medicaid reimbursement level, a hospital may submit a Medicaid claim and will be paid the applicable reimbursement less any reimbursement received from third party resources. If a third party pays at or in excess of the amount that Medicaid would pay, the hospital should not submit a claim to the Department for payment (see Part 1 Section 303, Third Party Payments). If a claim is submitted, it will be excluded from paid claims data used to establish per case rates and calculate outpatient settlements.

1001.7 Nonallowable Costs

Effective for the determination of reasonable costs used in the establishment of rates effective on and after July 1, 1991, the costs listed below are nonallowable:

Hospital Services X-7
1) Costs related to lobbying and government relations, including costs for employees with duties related to lobbying and government relations, honorariums and reimbursement of travel or other expenses of elected officials;

2) Memberships in civic organizations;

3) Out-of-state travel paid by the provider for persons other than board members or those employed or contracted by the provider. Out-of-state travel for provider personnel must be related to patient care;

4) Vehicle depreciation or vehicle lease expense in excess of the lesser of IRS limits per vehicle or the amount allowed under Medicare reimbursement principles; provided, however, such limit shall not apply to specialized patient transport vehicles (e.g., ambulances);

5) Air transport vehicles that are not used to transport patient care staff or patients. If these vehicles are sometimes used for patient care staff or patient transport, the portion of cost that is unrelated to patient care staff or patient transport is nonallowable;

6) Ten percent (10%) of membership dues for national, state, and local associations;

7) Legal services for an administrative appeal or hearing, or court proceeding involving the provider and the Department or any other state agency when judgment or relief is not granted to the provider. Legal services associated with certificate of need issuance reviews, appeals, disputes or court proceedings are not allowable regardless of outcome. Legal services associated with a provider’s initial certificate of need request shall be allowable; and

8) Advertising costs that are (a) for fund-raising purposes, (b) incurred in the sale or lease of a facility or agency or in connection with issuance of the provider’s own stock, or the sale of stock held

Hospital Services

X-8
by the provider in another corporation. (c) for the purpose of increasing prudent utilization of the provider's facilities; (d) for public image improvement, or (e) related to government relations or lobbying.

Information regarding nonallowable costs for the appropriate fiscal period (as determined by the Department) will be requested from hospitals. The Nonallowable Cost Questionnaire will contain instructions for completion and the date by which the Department must receive the completed questionnaire. If the Questionnaire is not received by the due date, Medicaid payments will be withheld, as appropriate, until an acceptable Questionnaire is received.

Effective for the determination of reasonable costs used in the establishment of rates effective on and after November 1, 1991, fifty percent (50%) of membership dues for national, state, and local associations are nonallowable.

Reimbursable costs will not include those reasonable costs that exceed customary charges except as outlined in HCFA Publication 15, Part 1, Chapter 26, Section 2614 (Carryover of Unreimbursed Cost).

1001.8  Reimbursement for Outlier Cases

All outlier cases under the hybrid-DRG system are determined based on cost. There are no length of stay thresholds. The determination of outliers is described further in Appendices C and M.

1001.8A  Reimbursement for High Cost DRG Cases

High cost DRGs will be reimbursed a supplemental amount based on 90% of cost between the DRG base rate and the actual cost of the case.

1002.  Cost Reporting Requirements

Hospital Services  X-9
Each participating (enrolled) hospital must submit a cost report using the appropriate Form HCFA-2552. The Department requires hospitals to list inpatient and outpatient costs and charges separately on Worksheet E-3 Part III or other revised form as appropriate.

A hospital with a cost reporting period ending on or after June 27, 1995, must furnish its cost report within five months after its fiscal year end. If the report has not been received after this five-month period and a request for extension has not been granted, a written warning will be issued. This warning will indicate if, after an additional month (total six months), the cost report has not been received, a one hundred percent reduction will be imposed on all payments made during the period that the cost report is late.

These payments will be withheld until an acceptable Medicaid cost report is received. After the cost report is received and is determined to be acceptable, the withheld funds will be released. If the cost report is not received after a total of seven months from a hospital’s fiscal year end, the hospital’s agreement of participation will be subject to suspension or termination.

When a hospital undergoes a change of ownership or voluntarily or involuntarily terminates from the Medicare/Medicaid program, the hospital must notify the Department and file a terminating cost report within five (5) months of the date of termination. If a cost report is not received within this period, all Medicaid payments will be withheld until an acceptable cost report is received and accepted by the Department.

The Department has entered into a “common audit” agreement with Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Georgia, Inc. If a hospital’s Medicare fiscal intermediary is Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Georgia, Inc., the hospital’s Medicaid cost report should be sent to the following address:

Provider Audit & Reimbursement Department
Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Georgia, Inc.
P.O. Box 7368
Columbus, Georgia 31908

Hospital Services X-10
If a hospital’s Medicare fiscal intermediary is not as cited above, its Medicaid cost report should be sent to the Department at the following address:

Hospital Reimbursement Unit
Department of Medical Assistance
2 Peachtree Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303-3159

1002.4 As part of the cost report review process, a hospital must make available to authorized representatives of the Department all medical and fiscal records, including Medicare cost reports and workpapers prepared by Medicare fiscal intermediary auditors.

1003. Cash Settlements

1003.1 As described in Subsection 1091.3(c), a determination will be made which may show that a hospital’s interim payments were less than or more than a retrospectively determined settlement amount.

1003.2 Where the determination of reimbursable cost shows that additional payments due the hospital, the Department will provide payment upon receipt, review and acceptance of an audited Medicaid cost report from the intermediary. Tentative settlements will not be made based on an as-filed Medicaid cost report or an audited report which has not been reviewed and accepted by the Department.

1003.3 Where the determination of reimbursable cost shows that an overpayment has been made to a hospital, the hospital must refund the overpayment as outlined in Section 304. A hospital also must refund the Department the amount by which total Medicaid payments are in excess of total charges for Medicaid patients.

1004. Room Rate Reimbursement

1004.1 For those hospitals subject to Subsections 1001.1 and 1001.2, the Department does not reimburse for a private room under any circumstance. The difference in the cost of private and semi-private rooms should be identified and, if appropriate, excluded in the determination of allowable cost for services provided to Medicaid patients.

Hospital Services X-11
1004.2 For those hospitals subject to Subsections 1001.4, the Department does not reimburse for a private room under any circumstance. This provision will, if applicable, be taken into consideration for determining the appropriate payment for services provided to Medicaid patients.

1004.3 Semi-private room rate increases will be collected periodically by the Department through a survey process. The timeframe for collecting the data and incorporating new semi-private room rate changes into the claims processing system will be specified in the survey instrument.

1005. Hospital-Based Rural Health Clinics

Hospital-based rural health clinics enrolled in the Medicaid rural health clinic program are reimbursed based on a determination of allowable and reimbursable costs. The determination of such costs is made retrospectively and is based on the hospital’s cost report submitted in accordance with Section 1002 and data included in the Nonallowable Costs Questionnaire. Rural health clinic services information should be included in the hospital’s cost report as an outpatient services department. Hospital-based rural health clinics are reimbursed an interim rate based on the hospital’s costs-to-charges ratio, and a final determination of reimbursable costs occurs at the time outpatient settlements for all hospital services are made. One hundred percent (100%) of reimbursable rural health clinic costs are included in the hospital outpatient settlements calculated as described in Section 1003. Please reference the Policies and Procedures for Rural Health Clinic Services manual for additional information.

1006. Uncompensated Costs

Subject to the availability of funds, make payment to the hospital with the highest number of inpatient Medicaid admissions in the previous fiscal year to reimburse for uncompensated inpatient Medicaid costs and medical education costs.

1007. Inpatient Co-payments

Effective for dates of admission of July 1, 1994, and after, a co-payment of $12.50 will be imposed on hospital inpatient services.

Hospital Services X-12
Recipients affected by the co-payment are limited to adult recipients of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits, certain other adult disabled and aged recipients and parents of children receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) benefits. Children under age twenty-one (21), pregnant women, nursing facility residents, home and community based waived recipients, dialysis recipients of hospice care participants and recipients receiving family planning services are not required to pay this co-payment. In addition, persons who have both Medicare and Medicaid coverage are not required to pay the co-payment. Emergency services received by Medicaid recipients do not require a co-payment. Services cannot be denied based on the inability to pay these co-payments.

Beginning with dates of service of January 1, 1995, co-payments will apply to the groups of recipients outlined below who were previously exempt from participation in co-payments.

1. Dialysis recipients.
2. Medicare/Medicaid dually eligible recipients.
3. Recipients in waived services programs.

These groups are required to co-pay beginning with dates of service January 1, 1995, and after, for those services designated as co-pay services.

Maintenance dialysis services for end-stage renal disease are not designated as co-pay services and no co-payment is required for these services.
APPENDIX C
DESCRIPTION OF HYBRID DIAGNOSIS RELATED GROUP (DRG)
PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM

1. Hospitals Subject To Hybrid DRG Prospective Payment System

As described in Chapter 1000, Subsections 1001.1 and 1001.2, this reimbursement methodology is applicable to Georgia hospitals for admissions on or after October 9, 1997. It also applies to certified non-Georgia hospitals where noted.

2. Determination of Hybrid DRG Payment Rates

Effective with dates of admission on or after July 1, 1998, each hospital will be reimbursed for inpatient services based on a hybrid DRG prospective payment system. Within this system, an inpatient hospital claim may be reimbursed for operating cost using one of four payment calculations:

(a) Inlier Diagnosis Related Group (DRG)
(b) Outlier DRG
(c) Cost-to-Charge Ratio (CCR)

Exhibit C.1 is a list of each DRG and shows weights and cost thresholds used to evaluate claims for outlier status.

In addition to reimbursement for operating costs under one of the three methodologies above, hospitals will receive a hospital-specific per case add-on rate for capital costs (buildings and fixtures, and major movable equipment) and direct graduate medical education.

The basis for the determination of the payment rates under both the DRG and CCR methodologies is described below. All hospital-specific information is based on data from one of three sources:

(a) paid calendar year 1996 Georgia Medicaid paid claims data,

(b) for each DRG for which additional claims are needed, Georgia Medicaid paid claims data for state fiscal years 1995, 1996 and 1997 and

(b) the hospital's most recently audited Medicare cost report for hospital fiscal year 1995 or earlier as of January 30, 1998.
2.1 Calculation of the Inlier DRG Payment Hospital-Specific Base Rate
(Operating Cost Reimbursement Only)

2.1.1 Calculation of the Peer Group Base Rate Before Stop Gain/Stop Loss

The peer group base rate is the average operating cost standardized for case mix of inlier DRG cases across all cases in a peer group. For each case paid within the DRG methodology, the base rate will be multiplied by the appropriate DRG relative weight. This is the peer group base rate used in the calculation of the stop loss adjustment. If a hospital is not affected by the stop loss adjustment, the peer group base rate becomes the hospital-specific base rate.

(a) For each hospital’s base year paid claims, the number of inlier cases that will be paid using the DRG methodology were identified.

(b) Inflation factors based on the DRG hospital market basket minus 1 percent per year were calculated to inflate hospital claims from the claim’s date of service to the midpoint of state fiscal year 1999.

(c) For each hospital’s base year paid claims, the allowable charges for DRG inlier cases were identified.

(d) Allowable charges from Item 2.1.1(c) were inflated forward using the inflation factors from 2.1.1(b).

(e) For each hospital, the operating cost-to-charge ratio (CCR), which excludes capital and medical education, was obtained from the most recently audited Medicaid cost report. If the CCR was greater than 1, it was capped at 1 and then prorated between operating and capital.

(f) Total inlier DRG operating cost before adjustment for hospital case mix was obtained by multiplying Item 2.1.1(d) by Item 2.1.1(e).

(g) Per case inlier DRG operating cost before any adjustment for hospital case mix was calculated by dividing Item 2.1.1(f) by Item 2.1.1(a).

(h) Each hospital’s case mix index was calculated based on base year inlier DRG claims.

(i) Total inlier DRG operating cost after adjustment for hospital case mix was then calculated by dividing Item 2.1.1(f) by Item 2.1.1(b).
(j) Per case inlier DRG operating cost after adjustment for hospital case mix was then calculated by dividing Item 2.1.1(i) by Item 2.1.1(a).

(k) Hospitals were assigned into one of three peer groups: statewide, specialty and pediatric.

(l) For all hospitals in the peer group, total inlier DRG cases from Item 2.1.1(a) above were summed across all hospitals in the peer group.

(m) For all hospitals in the peer group, the total inlier operating cost after any adjustment for hospital case mix (Item 2.1.1(i) above) have been summed across all hospitals in the peer group.

(n) Peer group inlier DRG operating cost per case were calculated by dividing 2.1.1(m) by Item 2.1.1(l). The result of this calculation was the peer group base rate before the hospital-specific stop loss adjustment.

2.1.2 Calculation of Hospital-Specific Stop Gain/Stop Loss Adjustment

A stop loss provision was implemented so that on a prospective basis the peer group base rates were adjusted to limit to 10% the amount that any hospital could lose on the DRG inlier operating cost component of the system.

(a) The estimated operating inlier DRG payment prior to add-on payment for capital and direct medical education was calculated as follows:

1. For each claim, the peer group base rate (Item 2.1.1(n)) was multiplied by the appropriate relative weight for that claim.

2. The result of 2.1.2(a)[1] summed across claims.

(b) The loss on the inlier DRG operating payment before the stop loss was calculated as the difference between the hospital-specific estimated operating payment for inlier DRG cases and total inlier DRG operating cost.

(c) For those hospitals not affected by the stop loss adjustment, the peer group base rate becomes the hospital-specific base rate amount. For those hospitals affected by the stop loss adjustment,
the hospital-specific base rate amount is the peer group base rate after the adjustment in (b) above.

(d) Operating payment for DRG inlier cases is equal to the hospital-specific base rate multiplied by the appropriate DRG relative weight.

2.2 Outlier DRG "Rates"

2.2.1 Criteria for Outlier DRG Calculation

(a) A case meets the outlier DRG criteria when it meets two (2) conditions:

1. It would normally be paid through the inlier DRG payment mechanism.

2. The operating cost of the case is more than the cost threshold stated in Exhibit C.1.

(b) In addition, a hospital must request that a claim be reviewed to assess manually if it meets the above two (2) conditions.

2.2.2 Calculation of Outlier DRG Claims and Payment

(a) In order to assess if a case meets outlier DRG criteria:

1. The total charge for a specific case will be multiplied by the hospital-specific operating CCR to calculate the cost per case.

2. The cost for the case will be compared to the outlier threshold amount for the DRG to which the case is assigned. (See Exhibit C.1 for DRG outlier thresholds)

(b) If a case qualifies as an outlier, it receives two payment components:

1. The claim will be paid the DRG base rate for the hospital multiplied by the appropriate DRG relative weight.

2. A supplemental amount equal to 90% of the difference between the dollar value of 2.2.2.(b)(1) above and the actual cost of the case.
2.3 CCR Reimbursement

2.3.1 Criteria for CCR Calculation

A case meets the CCR criteria if:

(a) The case is for a same day or one day stay (excluding delivery, false labor, death or a DRG identified for transfer cases), or
(b) the case is a transfer between hospitals for which claims are assigned to the same DRG.

Additionally, the CCR calculation amount must be less than the ilaler, and if applicable, the outlier DRG payment amount. To receive consideration for any outlier payment, a hospital must request that a claim be reviewed.

2.3.2 Calculation of Operating Payments for CCR Cases

(a) Allowed charges multiplied by the hospital-specific CCR.

3. Determination of Capital and Graduate Medical Education (GME) Add-On Amounts

The basis for the determination of capital add-on amounts and GME add-on amounts are described below. All hospital-specific information is based on data from two sources:

(a) the hospital’s most recently audited cost report for hospital fiscal year 1995 or before as of January 30, 1998 (for capital and GME add-on amounts)
(b) the hospital’s capital surveys from the base year to November 15, 1997 (for capital add-on amounts only)

3.1 Calculation of the Capital Add-On Amount

(a) A Medicaid allocation ratio is used to apportion the Medicaid portion of the hospital’s total capital. The allocation ratio is the hospital’s Medicaid inpatient costs divided by total hospital costs.

(b) Sum the hospital’s capital costs (total buildings and fixtures) and capital costs (total major movable) from the cost report.

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(c) Determine the Medicaid allocation of capital costs from the cost report by multiplying the Medicaid allocation ratio (Item 3.1(e)) by total capital costs from the cost report (Item 3.1(b)).

(d) Determine the capital CCR by dividing the Medicaid allocation of capital costs (Item 3.1(c)) by the total allowed Medicaid charges for the cost report period.

(e) Calculate the base year capital costs by multiplying the capital CCR by the base year allowed charges.

(f) Calculate the preliminary capital costs per case by dividing the base year capital costs (Item 3.1(e)) by the base year number of cases.

(g) Sum the total amounts from the capital expenditure surveys.

(h) Determine the Medicaid allocation of capital costs from surveys by multiplying the Medicaid allocation ratio (Item 3.1(a)) by total capital from surveys (Item 3.1(d)).

(i) Determine the survey rate of increase by dividing Item 3.1(h) by item 3.1(c).

(j) Calculate the Capital Add-On Amount by multiplying item 3.1(f) by one plus item 3.1(g).

3.2 Calculation of the Direct Graduate Medical Education (GME) Add-On Amount

Only hospitals which have GME costs in the hospital's most recently audited Medicaid cost report receive the GME add-on amount.

(a) A Medicaid allocation ratio is used to apportion the Medicaid portion of the hospital's GME. The allocation ratio is the hospital's Medicaid inpatient costs divided by total hospital costs.

(b) Use the hospital's GME costs from the cost report.

(c) Determine the Medicaid allocation of GME costs from the cost report by multiplying the Medicaid allocation ratio (Item 3.1(a)) by total GME costs from the cost report (Item 3.1(b)).
(d) Determine the GME CCR by dividing the Medicaid allocation of GME costs (Item 3.1(e)) by the total allowed Medicaid charges for the cost report period.

(e) Calculate the base year GME costs by multiplying the capital CCR by the base year allowed charges.

(f) Multiply the Medicaid GME amount (Item 3.1(e)) by the DRI inflation factor. This will yield the inflated Medicaid GME amount.

(e) Divide the total Medicaid allocation of GME (Item 3.1(f)) by the Medicaid discharges from the base year. This will yield the Medicaid GME amount per discharge.

4. Disproportionate Share Hospitals (DSH) Payment

4.1 Federal regulations require that methods and standards used to determine payment rates must take into account the situation of hospitals that serve a disproportionate number of low-income patients with special needs. In the month of June each year, the Department designates enrolled Georgia hospitals as disproportionate share based upon the definition below, review of annual disproportionate share hospital surveys, review of hospital cost reports, and the requirements of Section 4112 of the Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1987. On or around June 30 of each year, hospitals will be notified of their designation as disproportionate share and the effective date thereof. A provider will not be designated a disproportionate share hospital at any other time during the year. Should a hospital lose its disproportionate share designation, it must wait until the next disproportionate share hospital designation period (June) to again be considered for the designation. A hospital serving a disproportionate number of low-income patients with special needs is defined as:

(a) One whose Medicaid inpatient utilization rate is at least one standard deviation above the mean Medicaid inpatient utilization rate for hospitals receiving Medicaid payments; or

(b) One which has a low-income inpatient utilization rate exceeding 25 percent of total revenue; or

(c) One with total covered Medicaid charges for paid claims, inpatient and outpatient, exceeding 15 percent of total revenue; or

(d) A non-State hospital with the largest number of Medicaid admissions in its Metropolitan Statistical Area; or

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(c) A children’s hospital; or

(f) A hospital that has been designated a Regional Perinatal Center by the Department of Human Resources; or

(g) A Georgia hospital that has been designated a Medicare rural referral center and a Medicare disproportionate share hospital provider by its fiscal intermediary or a Georgia hospital which is a Medicare rural referral center and which has 10% or more Medicaid patient days and 30% or more Medicaid deliveries; or

(h) A State-owned and operated hospital administered by the Board of Regents.

(i) Effective with payment adjustments made on and after May 15, 1997, a public hospital with less than 100 beds located in a non-metropolitan statistical area (non-MSA) with an inpatient Medicaid utilization rate of at least 1%. Inpatient Medicaid utilization rate is defined as the ratio of Medicaid inpatient days to total inpatient days.

No hospital may be designated a disproportionate share hospital provider unless the hospital has at least two (2) obstetricians who have staff privileges at the hospital and who have agreed to provide obstetric services to Medicaid recipients. This requirement does not apply to a hospital of which the inpatients are predominately individuals under 18 years of age or to a hospital which did not offer nonemergency obstetric services to the general population as of December 22, 1987. In the case of a hospital located in a rural area, the term “obstetrician” includes any physician with staff privileges at the hospital to perform nonemergency obstetric procedures.

No hospital can be deemed or defined as a disproportionate share hospital unless the hospital has a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate of at least 1% and meets at least one of the nine other established DSH criteria.

For public hospitals, the DSH payments may not exceed the costs incurred during the year of furnishing hospital services by the hospital to Medicaid patients and to patients who have no health insurance (or other source of third party coverage) for services provided during the year. Payments made by a state or unit of local government to a hospital for indigent patients shall not be considered a source of third party payment.
4.2 Enrolled Georgia disproportionate share hospitals which meet one of DSH criteria one through eight will receive a payment adjustment in the form of an intensity allowance of 1 percent per year (other than base year) added to the trend factor. Hospitals which have a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate at least one standard deviation above the mean statewide rate will have an additional payment adjustment calculated which is proportional to their rates in excess of the standard deviation.

4.3 Effective with admissions on and after July 1, 1990, disproportionate share hospital (DSH) providers which directly received grant funds in 1989 from the Department of Human Resources' (DHR) Regionalized Infant Intensive Care Program will have their rates revised to include an additional DSH payment adjustment. These hospitals provide intensive care services to a disproportionate number of high risk neonates and incur significant unreimbursed costs associated with the provision of such services. The payment adjustment will include reported unreimbursed costs for neonatal intensive care and related transportation services as determined by DHR and reviewed and accepted by the Department. Effective with admissions on and after July 1, 1991, subject to the availability of funds, these hospitals will receive monthly lump-sum DSH payment adjustments instead of adjustments to their per case rates.

4.4 Effective with dates of service of July 1, 1991, and after, subject to the availability of funds, the Department will make quarterly payment adjustments to disproportionate share teaching hospitals which participate in the Family Practice or Residency Grants Program administered by the Joint Board of Family Practice (JBBP). These hospitals operate post-graduate training programs for physicians preparing to enter family practice and other medical specialties and incur significant costs associated with the operation of such training programs. The payment will include reported graduate medical education costs for these programs as determined by the JBBP and reviewed and accepted by the Department.

4.5 Effective for dates of admission of January 1, 1991, and after, the Department will make an additional disproportionate share hospital (DSH) adjustment to recognize the significant medical education and other costs incurred by a state-owned and operated teaching hospital which are only partially reimbursed by the Department. The payment adjustment amount is calculated by increasing the hospital’s per case reimbursement rate, exclusive of other DSH adjustments, up to the Medicare upper limit rate.

4.6 Effective with dates of service of July 1, 1991, and after, subject to the availability of funds, the Department will make a monthly disproportionate share payment adjustment to those DSH providers which contract with the Department of Human Resources for services provided in

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the following programs: AIDS Clinic, Poison Control Center, Genetics/Sickle Cell Screening and Maternal and Infant Health Services. The DSH payments will begin on or after July 16, 1991, and will be made to reimburse for significant costs incurred in the provision of program services. The payments will be reasonably related to cost or volume of services provided by these DSH providers to Medicaid or other indigent patients.

4.7 Effective for dates of admission of July 1, 1994, and after, the DSH provider which was designated the sixth tertiary center to receive grant funds from the Department of Human Resources’ Regionalized Infant Intensive Care Program, subject to the availability of funds, will receive monthly lump-sum payment adjustments. This hospital provides intensive care services to a disproportionate number of high risk neonates and incurs significant unreimbursed costs associated with the provision of such services. The payment adjustment will include reported unreimbursed costs for neonatal intensive care and related transportation services as determined by DHR and reviewed and accepted by the Department.

4.8 The Department will make a payment adjustment to disproportionate share hospitals which agree to comply with Departmental Rule 350-6-.03(3). The payment adjustment will be calculated as outlined below.

(a) Calculate a payment adjustment percentage for each DSH using the steps below:

- Add 50% for each DSH provider.
- Add 0-50% proportionally for DSH providers whose percentage of Medicaid days is greater than the statewide mean percentage of Medicaid days.
- Add 12.5% for each additional DSH criterion that a hospital meets.
- Add 0-50% proportionally based on the percentage of Medicaid births for each hospital.
- Add 25% if the hospital is the only Medicaid-enrolled hospital in its county.
- Add 0-100% proportionally for hospitals admissions greater than 1000.
o Add no more than 40% to the payment adjustment percentage for all public DSH providers prior to multiplication of that percentage by the inflated hospital-specific base year operating costs.

o Sum the percentages derived from the steps above to determine the payment adjustment package.

(b) Multiply the payment adjustment percentage by the inflated hospital-specific base year operating costs to obtain inflated operating costs for each DSH.

(c) Calculate bad debt and uncompensated services costs by multiplying these total hospital costs by the percentage of Medicaid patient days to total patient days for each DSH.

(d) Add inflated operating costs and costs of uncompensated services and bad debts and divide by the discharges to obtain the payment adjustment amount per case for each DSH.

(e) Reduce the payment adjustment all non-public hospitals by 50%.

(f) Multiply the payment adjustment amount per case by the estimated number of admissions for each DSH. The product is the estimated DSH payment adjustment. The payment adjustment amount per case is subject to adjustment by the Department.

Effective with payment adjustments made on or after May 15, 1997, and subject to the availability of funds, the Department will adjust payments to public hospitals with less than 100 beds located in a non-MSA with an inpatient Medicaid utilization rate of at least 1% which agree to comply with Department Rule 350-6-.03(3).

The payment adjustment will be calculated as outlines below.

(a) Calculate the Medicaid shortfall.

(b) Calculate the costs of rendering services to individuals with no insurance or other third-party payer.

(c) Determine Medicaid admissions for each hospital’s base fiscal year.

(d) Calculate base year cost per admission by adding (a) and (b) and dividing by (c) above.
(e) Multiply base year cost per admission by estimated Medicaid admissions for the current federal fiscal year.

As a condition of receipt of the DSH payment adjustment, disproportionate share hospitals must agree to the requirements outlined in the Letter of Understanding, an example of which is included in this Appendix. The hospital must sign and return to the Department the Letter of Understanding in order to receive a DSH payment adjustment.

Public DSH providers are limited to a calculated disproportionate share payment cap for the 1995 state fiscal year. The DSH cap limits public providers to uncompensated medical care costs. Public hospitals can exceed the DSH payment cap by up to 200%, in the 1995 state fiscal year only, if the state certifies the monies above the cap are used for health services.

Effective with DSH payments made on and after July 1, 1995, all DSH providers are subject to a hospital-specific DSH limit. The limit is defined as outlined below.

(Costs of Medicaid services LESS Medicaid non-DSH payment) PLUS
(Costs of services to individuals with no insurance or other third-party coverage LESS payments received from individuals with no insurance or other third-party coverage)

5 Adjustments to Rate (Georgia Hospitals Only)

5.1 The Department will issue survey forms for completion by hospitals to document any changes for any additional building and fixed equipment costs associated with a Certificate of Need approved capital improvement since the hospital's base year. Surveys received after the due date will not be used to increase a hospital's per case rate.

5.2 Effective with per case rates calculated for dates of admission on and after July 1, 1993, costs related to the professional services of certified registered nurse anesthetists (CRNAs), pediatric nurse practitioners, obstetrical nurse practitioners and family nurse practitioners will be excluded from base year costs prior to calculating the rates. Effective July 1, 1993, CRNAs and specified nurse practitioners must enroll in the Medicaid program to receive payment for their services directly.

5.3 The Department reviews a hospital's cost report to verify various rate components. The reimbursement methodology assumes that services in the base period will continue; therefore, audited cost reports are reviewed to determine that all services and facilities included in the base period will
continue in the reimbursement year. Additionally, all surveyed items are subject to verification. As appropriate, the Department’s findings on such items may cause a hospital’s rate of payment to be adjusted.

6. Settlement

For payments occurring during each calendar year, a comparison of a hospital’s total Medicaid payments and its total charges will be made after completion of the calendar year. A refund will be due from the hospital for any amount by which total Medicaid payments are in excess of a hospital’s total charges for Medicaid patients. For enrolled non-Georgia hospitals, the comparison will be made beginning with payments and charges for admissions occurring during calendar year 1990 and after. Total Medicaid payments included in the comparison shall not include payment adjustments made to disproportionate share hospitals, but will include inpatient co-payment amounts that the hospitals should collect from recipients. There will be no other cash settlements except as noted in Sections 1001.3, and 1006.

7. Amended Cost Reports

An amended, audited cost report will not be recognized for the purpose of adjusting reimbursable costs (outpatient) if the amended cost report is received more than three (3) years after the initial audit of the cost report is completed. (For definition purposes, this date is established as the date of initial notification of audit completion to the provider.) The Department’s paid claims data used with the audited cost report will be used with the amended cost report to calculate the revised per case rate and outpatient settlement.

8. Transfer Cases

If a patient is transferred from one hospital for admission to a second hospital for medically appropriate cause and the claims for both hospitals fall into the same DRG, both hospitals will be eligible for payment. If the claims would otherwise be paid under the DRG rate methodology, each hospital’s payment will be the lesser of the DRG rate or a rate calculated by the CCR methodology. If a patient is transferred from one hospital for admission to a second hospital for medically appropriate cause and the claims for both hospitals fall into different DRGs, each hospital’s payment will be the amount that a non-transfer claim would be paid.

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July 1, 1998
EXHIBIT C.1
OUTLIER THRESHOLDS AND RELATIVE WEIGHTS

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## EXHIBIT C.1
OUTLIER THRESHOLDS AND RELATIVE WEIGHTS

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# OUTLIER THRESHOLDS AND RELATIVE WEIGHTS

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July 1, 1998 Page 10 of 12
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July 1, 1998  Page 11 of 12
### Exhibit C.1
**Outlier Thresholds and Relative Weights**

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Y. Inpatient Psychiatric Facility Services (Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility)

Effective January 1, 2007, Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities (PRTFs) will be reimbursed at provider specific prospective rate:

- PRTF per diem rates are based on allowable costs and patient days as reported on the provider’s Fiscal Year 2005 cost reports filed with the Department of Community Health.
- PRTF per diem rates from the FY 2005 cost reports will be trended for inflation to January 1, 2007 based on the CMS Hospital Market Basket (Global Insight’s Health Care Cost Service, Second Quarter 2006 Forecast, and Table 6.3).
- PRTF rates will be subject to a maximum capped amount of $299.80 based on the current rate paid to the Therapeutic Residential Intervention Services (TRIS) Level 6 providers for treatment and room and board.
- Rates for new PRTF providers are set at the median total allowable costs as determined from the FY 2005 cost reports and trended for inflation to January 1, 2007 based on the CMS Hospital Market Basket (Global Insight’s Health Care Cost Service, Second Quarter 2006 Forecast, and Table 6.3).
- Upon notice of the provider-specific per diem rate, providers will have 30 days to appeal their new rates, based on the submission of an amended cost report for Fiscal Year 2005.

Cost information will be submitted annually using a uniform cost report form prescribed by the Department and supported by the facility’s most recent certified financial audit.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

A. Ambulance Services

Payment for covered services shall not exceed the lower of:

(a) The provider’s submitted charge; or

(b) The statewide maximum allowable rate in effect on the date of service.

The maximum allowable amount is derived from Medicare’s maximum allowable reimbursement rates for non-hospital based ambulance services. The maximum rates are 90% of the CY2002 Medicare fee schedule for Locality 01 for Medicaid-covered procedure codes in the Emergency Ambulance Services (EAS) program. Fee schedule rates for public and private providers of ambulance services are the same and the state does not subdivide or subclassify its payment rates based on whether the provider is a public or private entity/provider. Annual or periodic adjustments will be made and such adjustments will be reflected in the fee schedule that is made available to the providers and public.

B. Emergency Air Ambulance

Emergency air ambulance covered services consist of fixed wing air ambulance and rotary wing air ambulance. The reimbursement rate for fixed wing is determined by obtaining three estimates from Air Ambulance providers who provide fixed wing transports. These estimates include the base rate plus loaded mileage which will equal the cost to provide the transport. The three estimates are compared to the transportation provider’s submitted charge. Payment for covered services will be the lower of the three estimates or the provider’s submitted charge.

The reimbursement rate for rotary wing is determined by obtaining three estimates from Air Ambulance providers who provide rotary wing transport. These estimates include the base rate plus loaded mileage plus $750 which equals the cost to provide the transport. (The $750 payment is included as the cost for all medical personnel when a critical care flight is approved). The three estimates are compared to the transportation provider’s submitted charge. Payment for covered services will be the lower of the three estimates or the provider’s submitted charge.

TN No.: 05-005  Approval Date: 11/17/05  Effective Date: 04/01/05

TN No.: 93-026
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE FOR SERVICES

B. Clinic Services

a. Family Planning Services

Billing rates for family planning services are based on 84.645% of the 2000 Medicare fee schedule for the Atlanta area. Reimbursement is provided at fixed rates for initial, annual, and follow-up visits using the CPT codes in the following table. There is no cost settlement.

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TN No. 07-004
Supersedes Approval Date: 09-24-09 Effective Date: 07-01-09
TN No. 01-006
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE FOR SERVICES

C. Community Behavioral Health Rehabilitation Services

Effective for services provided on or after July 1, 2009, providers of Community Behavioral Health Rehabilitation Services (CBHRS) will be reimbursed at fee for service rates based on:

- Practitioner type;
- Service costs (salaries, fringe benefits, allocable direct and appropriate indirect costs);
- Location of services (in-clinic and out-of-clinic) and productivity factors;

State-developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers of all community mental health services. The fee schedule and any annual/periodic adjustments to the fee schedule are published in state plan amendments, Georgia Medicaid policy manuals and provider correspondence.

Detail on each of the factors involved in the CBHRS is described below. The fee schedule for Community Behavioral Health Rehabilitation Services is also presented below and is grouped by service area to correspond with the section 3.1-A of the Georgia Medicaid Plan. In addition, provider qualifications are detailed in section 3.1-A.

Practitioner Type
Each practitioner type is grouped into levels consistent with specific credentials and range of salaries. Salary data was derived from the May 2007 Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates for Georgia from the United States Department of Labor’s Bureau of Labor Statistics and are generally classified below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 1:</th>
<th>Physician, Psychiatrist</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 2:</td>
<td>Psychologist, Physician’s Assistant, Nurse Practitioner, Clinical Nurse Specialist/PMH, Pharmacist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3:</td>
<td>Registered Nurse, Licensed Dietician, Licensed Professional Counselor (LPC), Licensed Clinical Social Worker (LCSW), Licensed Marriage and Family Therapist (LMFT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 4:</td>
<td>Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN); Licensed Associate Professional Counselor (LAPC); Licensed Master’s Social Worker (LMSW); Licensed Associate Marriage and Family Therapist (LAMFT);</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Certified/Registered Addictions Counselors (e.g. CAC-I/II, CADC, CCADC, GCADC, MAC), Certified Peer Specialists, Trained Paraprofessionals and Certified Psychiatric Rehabilitation Professionals (CPRP) with Bachelor’s degrees or higher in the social sciences/helping professions

Level 5: Trained Paraprofessionals, Certified/Registered Addiction Counselors (CAC-I, RADT), Certified Peer Specialists, Certified Psychiatric Rehabilitation Professionals, and Qualified Medication Aides

Service Costs
Service costs include practitioner salaries, fringe benefits, allocable direct and appropriate indirect costs. Service costs do not include room, board, or watchful oversight. Service costs were calculated as follows:

Salaries and Fringe Benefits
Using the annual salaries of the practitioners that were included within a level (data source described above), a median salary was calculated for each band. Salaries are increased by 41.71% to account for employee fringe benefits.

Allocable Direct and Appropriate Indirect Costs
The Community Behavioral Health Rehabilitation Services (CBHRS) rates also take into account costs that are directly allocable to individual practitioners. Allocable direct costs include those costs which are critical to the practitioner in providing treatment services to the patient. These costs include:

- Program clinical supervisors and support staff
- Staff training costs
- Staff mileage and vehicle costs
- Telephone costs
- Office supplies
- Computer costs
- Office space allocated to staff providing MRO services
- Liability/malpractice insurance

Indirect costs include:

- Management personnel costs (CEO, Medical Director, CFO)
- Support staff personnel costs such as human resources, payroll, quality improvement/accreditation, procurement, billing, accounting, information system technicians
- Management information system costs such as billing and general ledger accounting systems

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- Occupancy costs not directly allocated to programs
- Professional costs such as audits and legal fees.

Federal Financial Participation through CBHRS is not available for:
  a. room and board services;
  b. educational, vocational and job training services;
  c. habilitation services;
  d. services to inmates in public institutions as defined in 42 CFR §435.1010;
  e. services to individuals residing in institutions for mental diseases as described in 42 CFR§435.1010;
  f. recreational and social activities; and
  g. Services that must be covered elsewhere in the state Medicaid plan.

Based on data received through surveys of a large sample of agencies currently providing Community Behavioral Health Rehabilitation Services in multiple states, average allocable direct and indirect cost factors were calculated as a percentage of direct personnel costs. These costs were then calculated for each service and for each applicable practitioner level. All of these cost components were summed to yield an annual cost for the service for the particular practitioner level. Due to the large difference between the median annual salaries in Level 1 (physicians/psychiatrists) and the other levels, it was necessary to adjust the support and administrative factors applied to the highest level versus the other levels so that the support and administrative costs associated with the highest levels were not over-inflated. This was accomplished by adjusting the direct and indirect cost factors according to the proportion of personnel costs in an average agency accounted for by the top level versus the other four practitioner levels. The overall direct services cost factor is 39% and indirect is 15%. Once the factors were adjusted to account for the disparity between physician salaries and the other levels the cost factors became 19% for direct costs and 7% for indirect costs for Level 1 and 45% for direct costs and 17% indirect costs for the remaining four levels.

Once the total cost of a service for a practitioner at a particular level was calculated, the cost was distributed to billable time for staff providing CBHRS in the following manner:

- Total hours were reduced by the average paid time off for vacation, holiday and sick time to yield available time per practitioner per year.
- Productivity factors were established based on the CBHRS requirements for the service: national and state experience with the amount of billable time that can be expected over the course of an average week or month; consideration of travel time required for a community-based service in a large, rural state; time associated with missed appointments; and staff time required for chart
documentation, record-keeping, supervision, training, meetings and other administrative activities.

Location of Services (In-Clinic and Out-of-Clinic) and Associated Productivity Factors

Except as noted below, for services provided in clinic locations the targeted productivity is 60-70% of available hours depending on the service and practitioner. Productivity factors were set at 70% for in-clinic services provided by physicians and for all medication administration services and 60% for most other in-clinic services. Except as noted otherwise below, for out-of-clinic services the productivity time was 45-55% of available hours, with physician and medication administration services calculated using the 55% factor and most other out-of-clinic service rates calculated using the 50% factor. In addition, the following adjustments were made: productivity factors were reduced by 5% for services provided in a group setting to account for additional documentation time; productivity for Level 3 professionals for most services was also reduced by 5% to account for the required supervisory responsibilities of these licensed staff (e.g. RNs, LPCs, LCSWs) that reduce the amount of time available for direct billable services; productivity for Intensive Family Intervention team members was set at 45% to account for additional time required for IFI team meetings and contacts in which two team members are providing services in conjunction but only one is billing. Available hours times the productivity factor yields billable hours for each service for each practitioner level/band, and the total program costs (salary, fringe, direct and indirect costs) are then divided by billable time to arrive at a unit rate.

KEY: Code Modifiers Used:

GT = Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems
HA = Child/Adolescent Program
HK = High Risk Population
HQ = Group Setting
HR = Family/Couple with client present
HS = Family/Couple without client present
HT = Multidisciplinary team
TG = Complex Level of Care
TF = Intermediate Level of Care
TN = Rural Service Area
U1 = Practitioner Level 1 (see below for description of all practitioner levels)
U2 = Practitioner Level 2
U3 = Practitioner Level 3
U4 = Practitioner Level 4
U5 = Practitioner Level 5
U6 = In-Clinic
U7 = Out-of-Clinic
UK = Collateral Contact

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Procedure Code</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Service Area = Behavioral Health Assessment</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mental Health Assessment by a non-physician</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0031 U2 U5</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$38.97</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0031 U3 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$30.01</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0031 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$20.30</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0031 U5 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$15.13</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0031 U2 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$46.76</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0031 U3 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$30.68</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0031 U4 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$24.36</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0031 U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$18.15</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Service Area = Service Plan Development</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mental Health Service Plan Development by a non-physician</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0032 U2 U5</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$38.97</td>
<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0032 U3 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$30.01</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0032 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$20.30</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0032 U5 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$15.13</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0032 U2 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$46.76</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0032 U3 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$30.68</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0032 U4 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$24.36</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0032 U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$18.15</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Service Area = Diagnostic Assessment</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Psychiatric Diagnostic Examination</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic</td>
<td>90801 U1 U5</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$174.63</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 HA U1 U6</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$174.63</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>90801 U1 U7</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$222.26</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, Out-of-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 HA U1 U7</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$222.26</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems</td>
<td>90801 GT U1</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$174.63</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 GT HA U1</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$174.63</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>90801 U2 U5</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$116.90</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 HA U2 U6</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$116.90</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>90801 U2 U7</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$140.28</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 HA U2 U7</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$140.28</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems</td>
<td>90801 GT U2</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$116.90</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 GT HA U2</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$116.90</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>90801 U3 U6</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$90.03</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 HA U3 U6</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$90.03</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>90801 U3 U7</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$110.04</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 HA U3 U7</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$110.04</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems</td>
<td>90801 GT U3</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$90.03</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems, Child Program</td>
<td>90801 GT HA U3</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$90.03</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Psychiatric Diagnostic Examination, Interactive**

| Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic                                          | 90802 U1 U6    | 1 episode    | $174.63 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic, Child Program                           | 90802 HA U1 U6 | 1 episode    | $174.63 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 1, Out-of-Clinic                                      | 90802 U1 U7    | 1 episode    | $222.26 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 1, Out-of-Clinic, Child Program                       | 90802 HA U1 U7 | 1 episode    | $222.26 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 1, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems | 90802 GT U1    | 1 episode    | $174.63 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 1, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems, Child Program | 90802 GT HA U1 | 1 episode    | $174.63 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic                                          | 90802 U2 U6    | 1 episode    | $116.90 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic, Child Program                           | 90802 HA U2 U6 | 1 episode    | $116.90 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic                                      | 90802 U2 U7    | 1 episode    | $140.28 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic, Child Program                       | 90802 HA U2 U7 | 1 episode    | $140.28 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 2, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems | 90802 GT U2    | 1 episode    | $116.90 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 2, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems, Child Program | 90802 GT HA U2 | 1 episode    | $116.90 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic                                          | 90802 U3 U6    | 1 episode    | $90.03  | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic, Child Program                           | 90802 HA U3 U6 | 1 episode    | $90.03  | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic                                      | 90802 U3 U7    | 1 episode    | $110.04 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic, Child Program                       | 90802 HA U3 U7 | 1 episode    | $110.04 | 2                 |
| Practitioner Level 3, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems | 90802 GT U3    | 1 episode    | $90.03  | 2                 |

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Procedure Code</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems, Child Program</td>
<td>90802 GT HA U3</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
<td>$ 90.03</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychological Testing – Psychodiagnostic assessment of emotionality, intellectual abilities, personality and psychopathology e.g. MMP, Rorschach, WAIS (per hour of psychologist’s or physician’s time, both face-to-face with the patient and time interpreting test results and preparing the report)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>96101 U2 U6</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$ 155.87</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96101 U2 U7</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$ 187.04</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychological Testing – Psychodiagnostic assessment of emotionality, intellectual abilities, personality and psychopathology e.g. MMP, Rorschach, WAIS with qualified healthcare professional interpretation and report, administered by technician, per hour of technician time, face-to-face</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>96102 U3 U6</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$ 120.04</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96102 U3 U7</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$ 146.71</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>96102 U4 U6</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$ 81.18</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96102 U4 U7</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$ 97.42</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Area = Crisis Intervention Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crisis Intervention Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U1 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 58.21</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U2 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 38.97</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U3 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 30.01</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 20.30</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U5 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 15.13</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U1 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 74.09</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U2 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 46.76</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U3 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 36.68</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U4 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 24.36</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2011 U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 18.15</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Area = Psychiatric Treatment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individual Psychotherapy, insight oriented, behavior-modifying and/or supportive in an office or outpatient facility, approximately 20-30 minutes face-to-face with patient with medical evaluation and management services.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic</td>
<td>90805 U1 U6</td>
<td>20-30 minutes</td>
<td>$ 97.02</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90805 HA U1 U5</td>
<td>20-30 minutes</td>
<td>$ 97.02</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>90805 U1 U7</td>
<td>20-30 minutes</td>
<td>$ 123.48</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, Out-of-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90805 HA U1 U7</td>
<td>20-30 minutes</td>
<td>$ 123.48</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>90805 U2 U6</td>
<td>20-30 minutes</td>
<td>$ 64.95</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90805 HA U2 U6</td>
<td>20-30 minutes</td>
<td>$ 64.95</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>90805 U2 U7</td>
<td>20-30 minutes</td>
<td>$ 77.93</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Procedure Code</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90805 HA U2 U7</td>
<td>20-30 minutes</td>
<td>$77.93</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Individual Psychotherapy, insight oriented, behavior-modifying and/or supportive in an office or outpatient facility, approximately 45-50 minutes face-to-face with patient with medical evaluation and management services.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic</td>
<td>90807 U1 U6</td>
<td>45-50 minutes</td>
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<td>$174.63</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic, Child Program</td>
<td>90862 HA U1 U6</td>
<td>1 episode</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 1, Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems</td>
<td>90862 GT U1</td>
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**Service Area = Nursing Assessment and Care**

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<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>T1001 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
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<td>T1001 U2 U7</td>
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<th>Max Units per Day</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>T1001 U3 U7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>T1001 U4 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$24.36</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>RN Services, up to 15 minutes</strong></td>
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<td>T1002 U2 U6</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
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<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>T1002 U3 U6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>T1002 U2 U7</td>
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<td>$46.76</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>T1002 U3 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$36.68</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>LPN/LVN Services, up to 15 minutes</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Health and Behavior Assessment, Face-to-Face with the Patient, Initial Assessment</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<td>96150 U3 U6</td>
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<td>96150 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
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<td>96150 U2 U7</td>
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<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96150 U3 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$36.68</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96150 U4 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
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<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Health and Behavior Assessment, Face-to-Face with the Patient, Reassessment</strong></td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>96151 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$20.30</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96151 U2 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$46.76</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96151 U3 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$36.68</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96151 U4 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$24.36</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Health and Wellness Supports (Behavioral Health Prevention Education Service (Delivery Of Services With Target Population To Affect Knowledge, Attitude And/Or Behavior)</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>96151 U2 U6</td>
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<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0025 U3 U6</td>
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<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$20.30</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96151 U2 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$46.76</td>
<td>16</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<td>96151 U4 U7</td>
<td>15 Minutes</td>
<td>$24.36</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Service Area = Detoxification Services

**Alcohol and/or drug services, Ambulatory Detoxification**

| Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic                          | H0014 U2 U6    | 15 Minutes | $38.97   | 32               |
| Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic                          | H0014 U3 U6    | 15 Minutes | $30.01   | 32               |
| Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic                          | H0014 U4 U6    | 15 Minutes | $20.30   | 32               |

**Alcohol and/or drug services; Sub-acute Detoxification (Residential Addiction Program Outpatient)**

| Level I                                                  | H0012 TF       | 1 day      | $31.34   |                  |

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<th>Max Units per Day</th>
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<td>Alcohol and/or drug services; Acute Detoxification (Residential Addiction Program Outpatient)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Level III</td>
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<td><strong>Service Area = Individual Outpatient Services</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>Individual Psychotherapy, insight oriented, behavior-modifying and/or supportive in an office or outpatient facility, approximately 20-30 minutes face-to-face with patient</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>20-30 minutes</td>
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<td>20-30 minutes</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td><em>Individual Psychotherapy, insight oriented, behavior-modifying and/or supportive in an office or outpatient facility, approximately 45-50 minutes face-to-face with patient</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>90808 U2 U6</td>
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<td>90808 U5 U7</td>
<td>75-80 minutes</td>
<td>$90.76</td>
<td>2</td>
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</table>

*Individual psychotherapy, interactive, using play equipment, physical devises, language interpreter, or other mechanisms of non-verbal communication, in an office or outpatient facility, approximately 20-30 minutes face-to-face with patient*

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<tr>
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<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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*Individual psychotherapy, interactive, using play equipment, physical devises, language interpreter, or other mechanisms of non-verbal communication, in an office or outpatient facility, approximately 45-50 minutes face-to-face with patient*
<table>
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<td>90812 U2 U7</td>
<td>45-50 minutes</td>
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*Individual psychotherapy, interactive, using play equipment, physical devises, language interpreter, or other mechanisms of non-verbal communication, in an office or outpatient facility, approximately 75-80 minutes face-to-face with patient.*

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**Service Area = Family Outpatient Services**

*Family – Behavioral health counseling and therapy (without client present)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Procedure Code</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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*Family – Behavioral health counseling and therapy (with client present)*

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<tbody>
<tr>
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TN No. 11-007
Supersedes Approval Date: 06-04-12 Effective Date October 1, 2011
TN No. 07-004
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>90846 U3 U7</td>
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<tr>
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<td>90846 U4 U7</td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>Conjoint Family Psychotherapy with the patient present (appropriate license required)</strong></td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Family - Skills training and development</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>$ 18.15</td>
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Service Area = Group Outpatient Services

Group – Behavioral health counseling and therapy

TN No.11-007
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
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<td>20</td>
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**Group Psychotherapy other than of a multiple family group (appropriate license required)**

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<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
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Group – Skills training and development

<table>
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<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic, without client present</td>
<td>H2014 HQ HS U4 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 5.41</td>
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<tr>
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Service Area = Intensive Family Intervention

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0036 U3 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 30.01</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 22.14</td>
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<tr>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>H0036 U3 U7</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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Service Area = Medication Administration

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2010 U2 U6</td>
<td>Per contact</td>
<td>$ 33.40</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>Per contact</td>
<td>$ 25.39</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2010 U4 U6</td>
<td>Per contact</td>
<td>$ 17.40</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2010 U2 U7</td>
<td>Per contact</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2010 U3 U7</td>
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<td>$33.01</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2010 U4 U7</td>
<td>Per contact</td>
<td>$22.14</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic injection</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>96372 U2 U6</td>
<td>Per contact</td>
<td>$33.40</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>96372 U3 U6</td>
<td>Per contact</td>
<td>$25.39</td>
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<tr>
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<td>96372 U4 U6</td>
<td>Per contact</td>
<td>$17.40</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>96372 U4 U7</td>
<td>Per contact</td>
<td>$22.14</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Alcohol, and/or drug services, methadone administration and/or service (provision of the drug by a licensed program)</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0020 U2 U6</td>
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<td>Per contact</td>
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<td><strong>Service Area = Psychosocial Rehabilitation</strong></td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, Group, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2017 HQ U4 U6</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$17.72</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Group, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2017 HQ U5 U6</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$13.20</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Group, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2017 HQ U4 U7</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$21.64</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Group, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2017 HQ U5 U7</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$18.12</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2017 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>48</td>
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<td>48</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Service Area = Community Support Services</strong></td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$20.30</td>
<td>48</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$15.13</td>
<td>48</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Service Area = Addictive Disease Support Services</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Community Support Services</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2015 HF U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 20.30</td>
<td>48</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H2015 HF U5 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 15.13</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H2015 HF U4 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 24.36</td>
<td>48</td>
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<tr>
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<td>H2015 HF U5 U7</td>
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<td>$ 18.15</td>
<td>48</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 20.30</td>
<td>48</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
<td>H2015 HF UK U5 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 15.13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
<td>H2015 HF UK U4 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 24.36</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
<td>H2015 HF UK U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 18.15</td>
<td>48</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Service Area = Case Management Support Services</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Case Management</strong></td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
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<tr>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>T1016 U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
<td>T1016 UK U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
<td>T1016 UK U5 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>24</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 5, Out-of-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
<td>T1016 UK U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>T1016 HK U5 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>T1016 HK U4 U7</td>
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<td>T1016 HK U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 18.15</td>
<td>24</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic, Collateral Contact</td>
<td>T1016 HK UK U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 20.30</td>
<td>24</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
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<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
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<tr>
<td>Contact</td>
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<td>minutes</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 4, Out-of-Clinic, Collateral</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 24.36</td>
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<td>T1016 HK UK U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 18.15</td>
<td>24</td>
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**Service Area = Peer Supports**

**Self Help/Peer Services**

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Description</th>
<th>Procedure Code</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Group, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0038 HQ U4 U6</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$ 17.72</td>
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<tr>
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<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, Group, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0038 HQ U4 U7</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
<td>$ 21.64</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 5, Group, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<td>H0036 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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<td>48</td>
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<td>H0036 U5 U6</td>
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<tr>
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<td>48</td>
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<tr>
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<td>H0038 HF U4 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 24.36</td>
<td>48</td>
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<tr>
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<td>H0038 HF U5 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 18.15</td>
<td>48</td>
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**Health and Wellness Supports (Behavioral Health Prevention Education Service (Delivery Of Services With Target Population To Affect Knowledge, Attitude And/Or Behavior))**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Procedure Code</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>H0025 U4 U6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
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**Service Area = Assertive Community Treatment**

**Assertive Community Treatment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Procedure Code</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Max Units per Day</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 1, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0039 U1 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 2, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0039 U2 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 32.46</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0039 U3 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 32.46</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 4, In-Clinic</td>
<td>H0039 U4 U6</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 32.46</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 5, In-Clinic</td>
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<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$ 32.46</td>
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<td>Practitioner Level 1, Out-of-Clinic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practitioner Level 3, Out-of-Clinic</td>
<td>H0039 U3 U7</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
<td>$32.46</td>
<td>60</td>
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<td>H0039 U4 U7</td>
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**Service Area = Community Living Supports**

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<tr>
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**Service Area = Task-Oriented Services**

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TN No.11-007
Supersedes Approval Date: 06-04-12 Effective Date October 1, 2011
TN No. 07-004
With respect to Assertive Community Treatment, the State Mental Health Agency, as designated by law and on behalf of the State Medicaid agency, will require that the entity furnish to the Medicaid agency on an annual basis the following:

a. data, by practitioner, on the utilization by Medicaid beneficiaries of the services included in the unit rate; and

b. cost information by practitioner type and by type of service actually delivered within the service unit.

The Medicaid Agency will base future rates on information obtained from the providers.

With respect to Community Living Supports (CLS), there are four intensity levels of service delivery. No rate includes any room and/or board. Rates use the detail stated earlier in this document specific to Practitioner Costs and Service Costs as a base and then are calculated on the assumptions below to create units for each level:

- **CLS Level I** is intensive and provides 24/7/365 awake staff support generally in a licensed community-living setting (in no case exceeding 16 beds). In order to directly support the individual, there will be a minimum of five hours weekly of skills training, community integration activities, and/or personal services provided to the person if indicated on the individual supports plan. This skills training is provided by one or more Community Living Supports specialists who may be practitioner Level 3, 4 or 5.

- **CLS Level II** is intensive and provides 24/7/365 staff support generally in a licensed community-living setting (in no case exceeding 16 beds). In order to directly support the individual, there will be a minimum of five hours weekly of skills training, community integration activities, and/or personal services provided to the person if indicated on the individual supports plan. This skills training is provided by one or more Community Living Supports specialists who may be practitioner Level 3, 4 or 5.

- **CLS Level III** is semi-independent support which provides 36 hours per week staff support generally in a licensed community-living setting (in no case exceeding 16 beds). In order to directly support the individual, there will be a minimum of three hours per week of skills training, community integration activities, and/or personal services provided to the person if indicated on the individual supports plan. This skills training is provided by one or more Community Living Supports specialists who may be practitioner Level 4 or 5.

- **CLS IV** is support to provide a minimum of one face-to-face contact and an average of 10 15-minute units per week of skills training, community integration activities, and/or personal services provided to the person as indicated on the individual supports plan. A Community Living Supports specialist is a practitioner Level 5 operating on 65% productivity and is on call and available to consumers 24/7/365.

T.N. No. 11-007
NEW Approval Date: 06-04-12 Effective Date October 1, 2011
3. Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC) (COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS SERVICES (CHCS))

In accordance with Section 702 of the Medicare, Medicaid and SCHIP Benefits Improvement and Protection Act (HIPAA) of 2000, effective January 1, 2001, reimbursement provided for "core" services and other ambulatory services (excluding in–house pharmacy services) at a prospective payment rate (PPS) per encounter. The rates will be calculated on a per visit basis and will reflect 100 percent of the average FQHC's reasonable cost of providing Medicaid-covered services including other ambulatory services cost during FY 1999 and FY 2000. These costs will be adjusted to take into account any increase (or decrease) in the scope of services furnished by the FQHC during FY 2001 for services that only occurred in calendar year 2000. Cost reports for the FQHC’s FY 1999 and FY 2000 periods will be used to establish the baseline rate for each FQHC effective January 1, 2001. The baseline rate will be calculated by dividing the sum of the total reasonable cost of providing Medicaid-covered services during FY 1999 and FY 2000 by the total Medicaid visits during the two fiscal years. Until the baseline rates are established, FQHCs will be paid their interim rate effective December 31, 2000. When the baseline rates and are established, they will be paid retroactive to January 1, 2001.

The baseline rates effective January 1, 2001 will be adjusted by the Medicare Economic Index (MEI) effective for dates of service on and after October 1, 2001 based on the MEI and for changes in the FQHC’s scope of services during January 1, 2001 through September 30, 2001. For Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2002 and FFYs thereafter, per visit rate will be calculated by adjusting the previous year’s rate by the MEI for primary care, and for changes in the FQHC’s scope of services during the prior FFY.

For newly qualified FQHCs that participate in FY 2000 only, the Department will use the FY 2000 cost for calculating the baseline PPS rate effective January 1, 2001. Centers that qualify after fiscal year 2000 will have their initial rates established by a statewide average of similar centers. After the initial year, payment will be set using the MEI and change of scope methods used for other clinics.

For purposes of this plan, a change in scope of services is defined as a change in the type, intensity, duration and/or amount of services. It is the center’s responsibility to recognize and account for any changes in their scope of services and to notify the Department of those changes and to provide the Department with documentation and projections of the cost and volume impact of the change.

If an FQHC provides core services pursuant to a contract between the center and a managed care entity (as defined in section 1932(a)(10)), the State shall provide payment of a supplemental payment equal to the amount (if any) by which the PPS rate calculated above exceeds the amount of the payment provided under the contract. These supplemental payments shall be made pursuant to a payment schedule of four months or less agreed to by the State and the Federally Qualified Health Center.

Effective for dates of service July 1, 1994, and after, a $2.00 recipient co-payment is required on all Federally Qualified Health Center Services (FQHC) Community Health Center Services (CHC). Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one years of age, nursing home residents, and hospice care participants are not subject to the co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services are also exempt from a co-payment.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

B. Clinical Services (continued)

4. Dialysis Services

a. Physician Services
The Department will pay physicians the lower of the submitted charge or the statewide monthly capitation payment (MCP) as determined by Medicare. Reimbursement for the MCP is not to exceed the Medicare reimbursement for those services. Physicians will receive the MCP each month for each enrolled patient (member) under their care. Physicians enrolled in this program will receive the MCP for professional services. Professional services include the monthly supervision of medical care, dietetic services, social services and procedures directly related to End Stage Renal Disease.

b. Technical Services
Facilities enrolled in this program will be paid per visit for technical services including routine laboratory work, and the cost of supplies and equipment as described in the policy manual. Facilities will be reimbursed the lower of the submitted charge or the statewide fixed per visit rate. The monthly aggregate of per visit reimbursement is not to exceed the monthly aggregate Medicare reimbursement for these services. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers of technical dialysis services and the fee schedule and any annual/periodic adjustments to the fee schedule are published in state plan amendments, Georgia Medicaid policy manuals and provider correspondence.
c. Dental Services

Payments are made for specific authorized procedures on a statewide basis and are limited to the lower of:

(1) The dentist’s actual charge for the service; or

(2) The statewide reimbursement rate in effect on the date of services.

Reimbursement will be made on a per procedure basis.

Reimbursement to providers of dental services is made on an established fee schedule not to exceed prevailing charges in the state.

Reimbursement will be provided on a per procedure basis. The current reimbursement rates will be based on a percentage of usual and customary reimbursement, not to exceed 100 percent. The usual and customary reimbursement will be determined using regional data on a periodic basis.

TN No. 00-009
Supersedes Approval Date MAR 16 2001
TN No. 94-041 Effective Date OCT 1 2001
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

Citation
42 CFR 447, 434, 438, and 1902(a)(4), 1902(a)(6), and 1903

Payment Adjustment for Provider Preventable Conditions (PPC)
The Medicaid agency meets the requirements of 42 CFR Part 447, Subpart A, and sections 1902(a)(4), 1902(a)(6), and 1903 with respect to non-payment for provider-preventable conditions.

Other Provider-Preventable Conditions (OPPC)
The State identifies the following Other Provider-Preventable Conditions for non-payment under Attachment 4.19-B of this State plan.

\[X\] Wrong surgical or other invasive procedure performed on a patient; surgical or other invasive procedure performed on the wrong body part; surgical or other invasive procedure performed on the wrong patient.

On and after May 17, 2012, Medicaid will make zero payments to providers for Other Provider-Preventable Conditions which includes Never Events (NE) as defined by the National Coverage Determination (NCD). The Never Events (NE) as defined in the NCD includes Inpatient Hospitals, Outpatient Hospitals, Ambulatory Surgical Centers (ASC) and practitioners, and these providers regardless of the healthcare setting will be required to report NEs. Reimbursement for conditions described above is defined in Attachment 4.19-B, Page 1.002 of this State Plan.

A. Dates of service beginning on or after May 17, 2012:
   1. The claims identified with provider-preventable conditions through the claims payment system will be reviewed.
   2. When the review of claims indicates an increase of payment to the provider for an identified provider-preventable condition, the amount for the provider-preventable condition will be excluded from the providers’ payment.

B. No reduction in payment for a provider preventable condition will be imposed on a provider when the condition defined as a PPC for a particular patient existed prior to the initiation of treatment for that patient by that provider.

C. Reductions in provider payment may be limited to the extent that the following apply:
   1. The identified provider-preventable conditions would otherwise result in an increase in payment.
   2. The State can reasonably isolate for nonpayment the portion of the payment directly related to treatment for, and related to, the provider-preventable conditions.
   3. Non-payment of provider-preventable conditions shall not prevent access to services for Medicaid beneficiaries.

D. Non-payment of provider-preventable conditions shall not prevent access to services for Medicaid beneficiaries.

TN No. 11-005
Supersedes
TN No. NEW
CMS ID: 7982E

Approval Date JUN 19 2012
Effective Date June 30, 2012
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

Payment for Hospital Acquired Conditions:

Effective May 17, 2012 and in accordance with Title XIX of the Social Security Act – Sections 1902, 1903 and 42 CFRs 434, 438, and 447, Medicaid will make no payment to providers for services related to Provider Preventable Conditions (PPCs) which includes Never Events (NE), Other Provider Preventable Conditions (OPPCs) and Additional Other Provider-Preventable Conditions (AOPPCs).

In accordance with GA State Plan, Attachment 3.1-B payments are allowed except for the following conditions outlined below.

Never Events (NE) are defined by the National Coverage Determination (NCD) manual for Outpatient Hospitals, Ambulatory Surgical Centers (ASC) and practitioners, and these providers will be required to report NEs. Outpatient Hospital claims must bill all non-payment/zero services on the same professional 1500 claim as a separate detail line-entry or as designated by the National Uniform Bill Committee for non-payment. All non-payment services found in claims adjudication from NEs, PPCs, and AOPPCs will be subject to post medical records review and recoupment.

The provider may file a professional claim for the same Medicaid recipient with the same dates of service to include the allowable charges for reimbursement. Providers must identify and report NE occurrences. All NEs services will pend for retrospective review.

Prohibition on payments for NE, OPPC, and AOPPC shall not result in a loss of access to care or services for Medicaid beneficiaries. This policy applies to all Medicaid reimbursement provisions contained in 4.19B.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

d. Prescribed Drugs

1. Medicaid pays for prescribed legend and non-legend drugs authorized under the program. Reimbursement for covered multiple source drugs shall not exceed the lowest of:

   (a) The federal mandated upper limit for certain multiple source drugs as established and published by CMS plus a reasonable dispensing fee as established in item 2; or
   (b) The Georgia Maximum Allowable Cost (GMAC) as established by the Division for additional multiple source drugs plus a reasonable dispensing fee as established in item 2 below; or
   (c) The Georgia Estimated Acquisition Cost (GEAC) for multiple source drugs plus a reasonable dispensing fee as established in item 2 below; or
   (d) The usual and customary charge as defined below by the Division for the prescription or
   (e) The submitted ingredient cost plus the submitted dispensing fee.

Reimbursement for covered drugs other than multiple source drugs shall not exceed the lower of:

   (a) The GEAC for all other drugs plus a reasonable dispensing fee as established in item 2 below or
   (b) The usual and customary charge as defined by the Division for the prescription; or
   (c) The Select Specialty Pharmacy Rate (SSPR) as established by the Division for select specialty drugs plus a reasonable dispensing fee as established in item 2 below; or
   (d) Most Favored Nations rate submitted by the provider and accepted by the Department.

GEAC is defined as the average wholesale price (AWP) of the drug less an 11% discount for all drugs.

The Division defines usual and customary as the lower of the lowest price reimbursed to the pharmacy by other third party payers (including HMOs); or the lowest price routinely offered to any segment of the general public. Donations or discounts provided to charitable organizations, or fees charged to or paid by federal or state funded programs are not considered usual and customary charges.

Select Specialty Pharmacy Rate (SSPR)

SSPR - Disease State and Pharmaceutical Inclusion

Selected pharmaceuticals that meet any of the following criteria are candidates for inclusion in the SSPR:
1. used to treat a Georgia Medicaid SSPR identified disease state;
2. available through limited distribution channels;
3. part of a complex care regimen;
4. carry a predicted annual cost of $5000 or more per year; or
5. manufactured as a biological or large molecular product.
The SSPR applies to selected pharmaceuticals used to treat selected disease states that are rare and/or complex in nature and are treated by a pharmaceutical product that meets the Georgia Medicaid SSPR criteria. Georgia Medicaid SSPR identified disease states include the following:
1. Rheumatoid Arthritis
2. Crohn’s Disease
3. Psoriasis
4. Multiple Sclerosis
5. Neutropenia
6. Anemia
7. Growth Hormone Deficiency
8. Cystic Fibrosis
9. Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Prevention
10. Pulmonary Hypertension
11. Hemophilia
12. Cancer
13. Orphan Diseases

SSPR - Rate Setting

The SSPR is an Estimated Acquisition Cost (EAC) for select specialty pharmaceuticals based on the product dispensed and the State’s ability to ensure access to the medication at that reimbursement level. All other established lesser of payment methodologies and rules in the approved State Plan continue to apply.

The rate setting methodology will be an on-going process and incorporate the following components:
1. The specific drugs and corresponding disease states are identified
2. No later than thirty (30) days prior to the end of the quarter, publicly available specialty pharmacy reimbursement rates of other payers will be reviewed. This will include:
   a. A review of publicly available specialty pharmacy reimbursement rates paid by up to two (2) other state Medicaid agencies pursuant to a CMS-approved state plan will be reviewed.
   b. A review of specialty pharmacy reimbursement levels publicly available paid by up to two (2) commercial payers will be conducted.
3. The proposed specialty rates will be compared to the Most Favored Nation Rates for providers currently dispensing the specialty pharmaceutical products
4. The above elements will be considered and the pricing point set at a level no lower than where providers in the marketplace are currently providing the product.
5. Fifteen (15) calendar days prior to the end of the quarter, the specialty pharmacy reimbursement levels will be finalized by the Department.
6. No less than one (1) week prior to the end of the quarter the new rates will be published in the Pharmacy Services Manual.

TN No: 10-016
Supersedes Approval Date: 07-14-11 Effective Date: July 1, 2011
TN No: NEW
7. Appeal Process: On an ongoing basis, providers are allowed to submit a request for reimbursement review.
   a. Provider submits a Reimbursement Review Request Form
      i. Provider submits two (2) most recent wholesaler invoices. If this is the first time a provider has dispensed said product within the last three (3) months, then one (1) invoice will be accepted.
      ii. The Provider will attest to that product is not available to the provider in the market at the published rate.
   b. The Department will review the invoices and compare to other dispensing providers within a geographical location.
      i. The Department will work with wholesalers and other providers to discern the availability of the product at the specialty pharmacy reimbursement rate in the marketplace.
      ii. The Department will identify any other provider in the geographic area that are accepting the specialty pharmacy reimbursement rate and coordinate access to those providers for any affected members.
      iii. Absent other providers accepting the specialty pharmacy reimbursement rate, the Department will adjust the specialty pharmacy reimbursement rate.
   c. The provider will be notified within five (5) business days of the determination of the request for Reimbursement Review.
8. Any resulting adjustment in the specialty pharmacy reimbursement rate will be updated in the claims processing system within ten (10) business days of the determination.

2. The dispensing fee for profit and non-profit community pharmacies is based on periodic surveys of pharmacy operating costs including professional salaries and fees, overhead costs and reasonable profit. Between these periodic surveys, the Division, in consultation with the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, reviews the fee. When appropriate, the fee is adjusted based on an inflation factor. The Medicaid dispensing fee shall be $4.63 for profit pharmacies and $4.33 for non-profit pharmacies. The dispensing fee paid by the Division shall be subject to the usual and customary charge as defined by the Division above and shall not exceed the lower of submitted charges.
d. **Prescribed Drugs** (continued)

3. No dispensing fee is allowed to the physician dispensing drugs.

4. Payment for special approved drugs as requested by the prescribing physician is determined as in item 1 above.

5. Prescriptions supporting Medicaid claims must be initiated and recorded in accordance with State and Federal laws. The maximum quantity payable for a prescription or its refill will be one (1)-month supply unless the drug delivery system or package size is such that the smallest dispensable unit provides greater than a one month supply.

6. Effective with the date of service on or after June 1, 2001, the Department will impose a co-payment for each non-preferred drug dispensed to a Medicaid recipient based on the typical payment by the Department for the prescription as follows:

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<th>Cost to State</th>
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<td>$2.00 co-payment</td>
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<td>$50.01 or more</td>
<td>$3.00 co-payment</td>
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</table>

Recipients under age twenty-one (21), pregnant women, institutionalized individuals, hospice care, QMB dual eligible, and Breast and Cervical Cancer Program participant recipients are not required to pay this co-payment. Emergency services, family planning services, are also exempt from this co-payment.

The Department will impose a nominal co-payment of $.50 for each preferred prescribed drug dispensed by the pharmacy.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE AND SERVICES

E. Durable Medical Equipment Services

The maximum reimbursement for providers of medical equipment to Medicaid and PeachCare members is limited to the lower of:

(a) the usual and customary charges for the item; or

(b) 80% of the 2007 Medicare DME rate for the Atlanta area.

Reimbursement for delivery mileage is limited to 100 miles, one way.

Effective for dates of service July 1, 1994 and after, a $3.00 recipient co-payment is required on all Durable Medical Equipment and a $1.00 co-payment for all Durable Medical Equipment Supplies and Rentals.

Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one years of age, nursing home residents, and hospice care recipients are exempt from the co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services are also exempt from a co-payment.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

F. HEALTH CHECK (EPSDT) SERVICES

Reimbursement to Health Check (EPSDT) screening providers is based on the lower of submitted charges or the state's maximum allowable rate. Vaccine costs and administration fees are reimbursed separately at established rates dependent on the source of the vaccine. Vaccines provided by the Vaccines for Children (VFC) program have an administration only reimbursement rate as specified in the Part II Policy and Procedure Manual for Health Check. Georgia Medicaid will reimburse for the administration and cost of vaccines purchased outside of the VFC program when used to immunize eligible Medicaid members. Medically necessary non-institutional and institutional services which are not otherwise covered under the State Plan require prior approval and will be reimbursed under the respective program using that program's established reimbursement methodology as described on Supplement 1 to Attachment 4.19-B, Page 1.

For Health Check screenings and tests, the state’s maximum allowable rates are published in the Georgia Department of Community Health Policy and Procedure Manual for Health Check and other appropriate Georgia Department of Community Health Policy and Procedure manuals.

Immunizations will be provided per the Department of Community Health’s periodicity schedule and recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). The state’s maximum allowable rates for immunizations and administration fees are published in the Georgia Department of Community Health Policy and Procedure Manual for Health Check as well as the Georgia Department of Community Health Policy and Procedure Manual for Physician’s Injectable Drug List.

Except as otherwise noted in the plan or Part II Policy and Procedure Manual for Health Check Services, state-developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers of EPSDT services. The agency’s fee schedule rate was set as of 7/1/2006 and is effective for services provided on or after that date. All rates are published on the www.ghp.georgia.gov website.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

G. HOME HEALTH SERVICES

The Department will reimburse each Home Health Agency a specific rate per visit for covered services. The specific rate per visit is the total of the agency's inflated base rate, any efficiency incentive applicable to the agency, and a supply rate. Base rates, efficiency incentives, and supply rates are subject to ceilings. Rates, incentives, and ceilings are determined as follows:

(a) Each agency's base rate is calculated using data contained in the as-filed or audited Medicaid cost report for that agency's base period. An inflation percentage is applied to base period data and the resulting inflated base period cost per visit is the agency's base rate. The inflation percentage and base period are set by the Department.

(b) Each agency is classified into one of the following categories: hospital-based, freestanding urban, and freestanding rural. For each category the 75th percentile of inflated base period cost per visit is determined. This amount is the base rate ceiling for agencies in the category.

(c) An efficiency incentive may be added to the base rate for an agency as follows:

If an agency's base rate is less than or equal to the base rate ceiling in the agency's category, the difference between the base rate and the ceiling is multiplied by 20%, and the product (not to exceed $1.76) is added to the base rate. The total of base rate plus incentive shall not exceed the base rate ceiling for the agency's category.

(d) The supply cost per visit for each agency is based on data contained in the as-filed or audited Medicaid cost report for the agency's base period. An inflation percentage is applied to base-period data to determine each agency's inflated supply cost per visit. The inflation percentage and base period for supply costs are set by the Department. Inflated base period supply costs per visit for each agency are arrayed on a statewide basis and the 75th percentile cost from that array is the supply rate. The supply rate is added to each agency's base rate plus any applicable efficiency incentive.

(e) The reimbursement rate for each freestanding agency shall not exceed the base rate ceiling for that agency's category plus the supply rate. The reimbursement rate for each hospital-based agency will be calculated as noted in paragraphs (a) through (d), and shall not exceed the maximum rate noted in paragraph (f) below.

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POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

(f) For purposes of setting the maximum rate per visit for hospital-based agencies, the Department has established two subcategories: Urban hospital-based and rural hospital-based. The maximum rate per visit for each agency in these subcategories is determined by adding a hospital-based adjustment amount to the freestanding urban and freestanding rural based rate ceilings. The adjustment is calculated as follows:

The mean of the agencies’ inflated base period cost per visit will be calculated for each of the subcategories. A percentage of the mean for each subcategory will be calculated and added to the base rate ceiling for the corresponding freestanding urban or rural category, plus the supply rate to establish the maximum rate for hospital-based agencies in that subcategory.

Each hospital-based agency will be reimbursed the lesser of its rate calculated as noted in paragraphs (a) through (d), or the maximum rate per visit for its subcategory.

Assignment to a subcategory is determined according to the criteria outlined in the section labeled classification of agencies.

(g) Reimbursement rates will be adjusted for home health agencies which provide certain home-delivered services to community-care recipients. The rate adjustment will be calculated using the home health reimbursement methodology in paragraphs (a) through (f) above, and the calculation will include both home health and home delivered services utilization data for the base period.

Reimbursement rates will be adjusted only for those agencies currently enrolled and providing services in the community care home-delivered services program and for which at least nine months of cost and utilization data exist for the base period. Home health agencies which discontinue

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POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

the provision of home-delivered services will be subject to a reduction in their reimbursement rate.

(b) Effective for dates of service July 1, 1994 and after, a $3.00 recipient co-payment is required on all home health visits. Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one years of age, nursing home residents, and hospice care recipients are not required to pay the co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services are also exempt from a co-payment.

Cost Reports

Each agency must submit a copy of its as-filed Medicare cost report and a completed Medicaid Cost Data Form (supplied by the Department) to the Department. These documents must be received by the Department within one hundred fifty (150) days after each agency's fiscal year end. If the Medicare and Medicaid reports have not been received after this one hundred fifty (150) day period, a rate reduction of 10% on the current rate will be imposed. This rate reduction will remain in effect through the final day of the month in which the cost information is received. If the information is received after any fraction of a month beyond the one hundred fifty (150) day period, the rate reduction of 10% will be applied for the entire month. If an agency's cost information is not received by the time the Department establishes individual provider rates and determines the percentiles and rate ceilings, that agency will be assigned the lesser of its current rate or the lowest rate in the State for the appropriate category, less applicable incentive, as established by the rate-setting process. If the agency's cost information is received after rates are established, the Department will calculate a rate based on the
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

Information received and retroactively and prospectively adjust the agency's previously assigned rate only if it is greater than the calculated rate. The agency's rate will remain in effect until the next rate adjustment period, as determined by the Department. Failure to submit cost information may result in suspension or termination of the agency from the Medicaid Home Health program.

An agency's Medicaid cost report is subject to review or audit by the Department or its agent(s) in accordance with MCTA-15 principles of reimbursement and Medicaid policies and procedures. The agency's reimbursement rate will be adjusted (if necessary) for the period for which the rate was effective as a result of the review or audit performed. Percentile and rate ceilings as initially established will not be adjusted based upon subsequent audits. An agency may appeal any audit adjustments and rates resulting therefrom using the administrative review procedures outlined in the home health policy manual.

Nonallowable Costs

Effective for the determination of reasonable costs used in the calculation of rates initially established on and after April 1, 1991, the costs outlined below are nonallowable for Medicaid purposes:

(a) Costs related to lobbying and government relations, including costs for employees with duties related to lobbying and government relations, honorariums and reimbursement of travel or other expenses of elected officials;

(b) Memberships in civic organizations;

(c) Out-of-state travel paid by the provider for persons other than board members or those employed or contracted by the provider. Out-of-state travel for provider personnel must be related to patient care;

(d) Vehicle depreciation or vehicle lease expense in excess of the lesser of IRS limits per vehicle or the amount allowed under Medicare reimbursement principles; provided, however, such limits shall not apply to specialized patient transport vehicles (e.g., ambulances);

(e) Air transport vehicles that are not used to transport patient care staff or patients. If these vehicles are sometimes used for patient care staff or patient transport, the portion of cost that is unrelated to patient transport is nonallowable;

(f) Fifty percent (50%) of professional dues for national, state, and local associations.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

(g) Legal services for an administrative appeal or hearing, or court proceeding involving the provider and the Department or any other state agency when judgment or relief is not granted to the provider. Legal services associated with certificate of need issuance reviews, appeals, disputes or court proceedings are not allowable regardless of outcome. Legal services associated with a provider’s initial certificate of need request shall be allowable.

(h) Advertising costs that are (a) for fund-raising purposes, (b) incurred in the sale or lease of a facility or agency or in connection with issuance of the provider’s own stock, or the sale of stock held by the provider in another corporation, (c) for the purpose of increasing patient utilization of the provider’s facilities; (d) for public image improvement; or (e) related to government relations or lobbying.

Information on these nonallowable costs will be obtained by the Department or its agent at the time of review or audit of the agency.

The agency’s reimbursement rate will be adjusted (if necessary) for the period for which the rate was effective as a result of the review or audit performed. Percentile and rate ceilings as initially established will not be adjusted based upon subsequent audits. An agency may appeal any audit adjustments and rates resulting therefrom using the Department’s Administrative Review Procedures.

New Agencies

a) A new agency will be reimbursed a rate equal to the statewide average reimbursement rate for the appropriate category, as of the effective date of enrollment of the new agency. This new agency rate will be reimbursed until a cost report for a base period (minimum nine months) on which an agency-specific rate per visit can be based, is received by the Department. There will not be a cash settlement determination for new agencies.

b) A new agency is defined as an agency established by the initial issuance of a Certificate of Need (CON), Medicare certification and state license; it is reimbursed as described in paragraph a) above. An agency formed as a result of a merger, acquisition, other change of ownership, business combination, etc. is not a new agency. Each agency of this type will maintain the reimbursement rate it was assigned prior to the transaction. When rates are subsequently adjusted, the appropriate -at report for the base period (as determined by the Department) will be used as a basis for determining the agency’s rate.

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POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

Agencies With Insufficient or Unauditable Cost Data

If an existing agency submits cost data for its fiscal year that corresponds to the base period and the fiscal year is for an insufficient period of time (as determined by the Department but usually a period of less than nine (9) months), that cost data will not be used in establishing the percentile and rate ceilings for the appropriate category and in calculating the statewide supply rate per visit. However, the data will be used to calculate a rate per visit using the methodology previously described. A freestanding agency's actual reimbursement rate in this instance will be the lesser of the calculated rate per visit (including applicable incentive) or the 75th percentile for the appropriate category, calculated exclusive of the agency's insufficient cost data, plus the statewide supply rate per visit, also calculated exclusive of the agency's insufficient cost data. A hospital-based agency's actual reimbursement rate in this instance will be the lesser of the calculated rate per visit (including applicable incentive) or the maximum rate per visit for the appropriate hospital-based subcategory, calculated exclusive of the agency's insufficient cost data, plus the supply rate per visit, also calculated exclusive of the agency's insufficient cost data. There will be no cash settlement for existing agencies with insufficient cost data for the base year.

Existing agencies with cost data which cannot be audited for the fiscal year that corresponds to the base period will be omitted from the rate setting process and assigned the lowest rate in the state for the applicable category until the appropriate records are made available to verify (audit) the cost information.

Amended Medicare and Medicaid Cost Data

An agency may submit an amended Medicare cost report and Medicaid Cost Data Form after the initial submission for the most recent fiscal year. An amended report and cost data form must be received by the Department no later than ninety (90) days after the due date of the initial report and form, or ninety (90) days after any due date extension granted by the Department. The amended Medicare report must support the amended Medicaid cost data form. The due date of the initial report and cost data form is contained in the cost report section.

Classification of Agencies

For reimbursement purposes Home Health agencies will be classified as follows:

(a) Urban - Agency located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area, as evidenced by documentation on file with the Department, including, but not limited to, the address on the Medicare cost report received by the Department or fiscal intermediary.

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EFFECTIVE 11-1-92
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b) Rural - An agency located in a non-Metropolitan Statistical Area, as evidenced by documentation on file with the Department, including, but not limited to, the address on the Medicare cost report received by the Department or fiscal intermediary.

c) Hospital-based - An agency classified as hospital-based for Medicare purposes will be considered hospital-based for Medicaid purposes. Hospital-based agencies will be further categorized as urban or rural using the criteria in (a) and (b) above. Agencies retrospectively classified as hospital-based by Medicare will not be classified retrospectively as hospital-based by the Department. The agency will be notified of the prospective effective date.

Agencies which submit Medicare cost reports with addresses different from the address on the Statement of Participation on file with the Department will have their cost reports returned for verification. If the agency uses the address on the Medicare cost report for Medicare purposes, this same address will be utilized in designation of a location for rate setting purposes for the Department.

H. EPSDT Private Duty (Continuous) Nursing Services

The maximum reimbursement for public and private providers of private duty nursing services is limited to the lower of:

a) The actual charges for the service; or

b) The statewide rate in effect on the dates of services is based on a survey of seven (7) states conducted in 1999. A new state survey will be conducted when legislatively mandated.
H. INDEPENDENT LABORATORY AND X-RAY SERVICES

Payments are made for specific authorized procedures on a statewide basis and are limited to the lower of:

(a) the actual charge for the procedure, or

(b) the statewide rate in effect on the date of service.

Reimbursement for laboratory services performed by an independent laboratory will not exceed the upper limit of payments established by Medicare for the same clinical laboratory test.

I. ORTHOTICS AND PROSTHETICS SERVICES

The maximum reimbursement amount for items and services will not exceed rates established by the State Agency based upon the usual and customary charge for the items and services.

Effective for dates of service July 1, 1994 and after, a $3.00 recipient co-payment is required on Orthotics and Prosthetics services.

Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one years of age, nursing home residents, and hospice services are not required to pay a co-payment. Emergency services and family planning are also exempt from a co-payment.

J. PHYSICIAN SERVICES (Includes Physicians, Podiatrists, Optometrists and Psychologists)

Payments are made for specific authorized procedures on a statewide basis and are limited to the lower of:

(a) The actual charge for the service; or

(b) The statewide rate in effect on the date of services.

(c) If the recipient is referred in writing by the surgeon to an optometrist for post-cataract surgery follow-up care, the surgeon's fee will be reduced by an amount equal to the maximum allowable reimbursement for the post-cataract surgery follow-up care.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

J. PHYSICIAN SERVICES (Includes Physicians, Podiatrists, Optometrists and Psychologists)

Professional Services:

Payments for certain professional services rendered in a hospital, outpatient, or Ambulatory Surgical Center setting which are normally performed in a physician’s private office or clinic, are made on a statewide basis and are limited to the lower of:

(a) The actual charge for the service; or

(b) The statewide rate in effect with the appropriate site of service differential on the date of service.

Services that are primarily performed in office settings will be subject to a reimbursement reduction when performed in an inpatient, outpatient, emergency, or ambulatory surgical setting. The reduced reimbursement is calculated at 90% of the Resource Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS) facility-setting rate as specified by the current Medicare Fee Schedule.

Injectable Drugs:

Effective for dates of services on or after September 1, 2009, the maximum allowable reimbursement for physician’s injectable drugs administered by a provider or appropriate designee, in an office or outpatient setting, to the lower of:

a) Usual and customary charge, or

b) Average Sales Price (ASP) plus 6% as defined January 1st of each year or upon the drug’s initial availability in the marketplace which ever is later; or

c) Average Wholesale Price (AWP) minus 11%, for drugs that do not have a published ASP price until such time ASP pricing becomes available and ASP plus 6% pricing can be utilized.

All agency rates for injectable drugs are published on the Physician’s Injectable Drug List (PIDL), which is published on the agency’s website. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers.
J. PHYSICIAN SERVICE (includes Physicians, Psychiatrists, Optometrists and Psychologists)(continued)

*Descriptions:

AA Anesthesia services personally performed by an Anesthesiologist

OK Medical direction of 2, 3 or 4 concurrent anesthesia procedures involving qualified individual(s) [i.e., Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetists (CRNAs) or Physician Assistant Anesthesiology Assistants (PAAAs)] by an Anesthesiologist

QX CRNA and PAAA performing anesthesia services under the direct supervision of an anesthesiologist

QY Single (one) medically directed anesthesia service performed by an Anesthesiologist

QZ Non-medically directed CRNAs

?8 Return trip to the operating room
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

J. PHYSICIAN SERVICES (Includes Physicians, Podiatrists, Optometrists and Psychologists)

Professional Services:

Payments for certain professional services rendered in a hospital, outpatient, or Ambulatory Surgical Center setting, which are normally performed in a provider’s private office or clinic, are made on a statewide basis and are limited to the lower of:

(a) The actual charge for the service; or

(b) The statewide rate in effect with the appropriate site of service differential on the date of service.

Services that are primarily performed in office settings will be subject to a reimbursement reduction when performed in an inpatient, outpatient, emergency, or ambulatory surgical setting. The reduced reimbursement is calculated at 90% of the Resource Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS) facility-setting rate as specified by the current Medicare Fee Schedule.

Injectable Drugs:

Effective for dates of services on or after September 1, 2009, the maximum allowable reimbursement for physician’s injectable drugs administered by a provider or appropriate designee, in an office or outpatient setting, to the lesser of:

a) Usual and customary charge, or

b) Average Sales Price (ASP) plus 6% as defined January 1st of each year or upon the drug’s initial availability in the marketplace which ever is later; or

c) Average Wholesale Price (AWP) minus 11%, for drugs that do not have a published ASP price until such time ASP pricing becomes available and ASP plus 6% pricing can be utilized.

All agency rates for injectable drugs are published on the Physician’s Injectable Drug List (PIDL), which is published on the fiscal agent’s website. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers.

1 The fiscal agent’s website is assessable via Georgia Medicaid’s website at www.dch.georgia.gov; click on the “Georgia Medicaid” link, then click on the fiscal agent, Georgia Health Partnership’s link (Hewlett Packard (HP) after July 1, 2010).

Providers subject to this change include but may not be limited to: Physicians, Physician assistants, Nurse Midwives, Advanced Nurse Practitioners, Podiatrists, Oral Maxillofacial Surgeons, and related providers eligible to administer injectable drugs.
J. PHYSICIAN SERVICES cont’d (Includes Physicians, Podiatrists, Optometrists and Psychologists)

Vaccine Administration:

Effective for dates of services on and after October 9, 2009, the maximum allowable reimbursement to providers administering the H1N1 influenza vaccine to adults over 19 years of age, where the vaccine is supplied at no cost to the provider, shall be paid at the lesser of (a) the usual and customary charge or (b) the statewide maximum allowable reimbursement amount allowed for the procedure code reflecting the service rendered.

The agency’s rates were set as of October 9, 2009, and are effective for services on or after that date. All rates are published on the agency’s fiscal agent’s website. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers.

Anesthesia Services:

Payments to physicians for anesthesia services performed by the physician or the mid level providers supervised by the physician are paid based on the calculated anesthesia formula in effect on the date of service.

The sum of Base Units plus Time Units plus Special Condition Units, if applicable, is multiplied times the conversion factor for anesthesia services.

The conversion factor service dates beginning on or after January 1, 1992, is 16.00 for all geographic areas when filing modifier* AA or 78.

For modifiers* QK and QY, the conversion factor is 5.58 and modifiers* QX and QZ conversion factors are 10.42 and 15.84, respectively.

If a CPT procedure is non-covered, anesthesia for that service is also non-covered.

Descriptions:

AA  Anesthesia services personally rendered by an Anesthesiologist

QK  Medical direction of 2, 3, or 4 concurrent anesthesia procedures involving qualified individual(s) [CRNA’s] or [PAAA’s] by an anesthesiologist.

QX  Medically Directed—salaried employee of Anesthesiology

QY  Medical direction of on anesthesia procedure involving a qualified individual [CRNA’s] or [PAAA’s] by anesthesiologist

QZ  Non medically Directed—self employed

78  Return to the operating room
J. PHYSICIAN SERVICES (Includes Physicians, Podiatrists, Optometrists and Psychologists)

For physician services provided in a hospital or hospital-based clinic on and after October 1, 2005, faculty practices affiliated with governmental teaching hospitals will be eligible for a supplemental payment. All physician services provided on and after August 1, 2006, by faculty practices affiliated with governmental teaching hospitals located in Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) will be eligible for a supplemental payment.

Eligible physician faculty practices consist of those affiliated with the following:
Medical College of Georgia Hospital
Floyd Medical Center
Grady Memorial Hospital
Medical Center of Central Georgia
Memorial Health University Medical Center
Phoebe Putney Memorial Hospital
Satilla Regional Medical Center
The Medical Center

The methodology for calculating physician supplemental payments will be the difference between the Medicare equivalent of the average commercial rate and the Medicaid payment. For anesthesia services, the supplemental payment will be the difference between the Medicare rate and the Medicaid rate. Only the physician component of a procedure is eligible for a supplemental payment.

Base data will be calculated from each eligible practice but the Medicare equivalent of the average commercial rate will be grouped by hospital affiliation. For practices associated with Grady Memorial Hospital, the Medicare equivalent of the average commercial rate will be practice specific.

The Medicare equivalent of the average commercial rate will be determined as follows based on a per affiliation calculation (except as noted above):
1. Medicaid paid claim data for physician professional services will be used for a defined base period (April 2005 to March 2006) for each faculty practice eligible for a physician supplemental payment. The paid claim data will be compiled to identify the number of procedures and payment amounts included
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

is the paid claims, sorted by procedure code for services provided in a hospital setting.

2. For the same base period as used to identify Medicaid paid claims data, each faculty practice will identify the average payment (including patient share amounts) per procedure code for the practice’s five largest commercial payers or all payers. The top five commercial payers will be determined by total billed charges reported by eligible practices.

3. The base period average commercial payment will be calculated by multiplying the average commercial rate per procedure by the number of times each procedure code was rendered in the base period and paid to eligible practices on behalf of Medicaid beneficiaries as reported from the MMIS. The sum of the product for all procedure codes shall determine the base period’s average commercial payment ceiling. If sufficient commercial-equivalent payment data is not available for a faculty practice, average ratios for other practices in the applicable geographic market will be used.

4. For the same base period as used to identify Medicaid claim data and average payments per procedure code for commercial payers, the Medicare fee schedule for physician services will be used to identify the Medicare equivalent payment rates.

5. The base period Medicare payment ceiling will be calculated for each of the procedure codes used to determine the average commercial payment by multiplying the base period non-facility, Medicare allowed rate by the number of times each procedure code was rendered in the base period and paid to eligible practices on behalf of Medicaid beneficiaries as reported from MMIS. The sum of the product for all procedure codes shall represent the base period Medicare equivalent payment ceiling.

6. The base period Medicare equivalent of the average commercial rate will be calculated by dividing the base period average commercial payment ceiling by the base period Medicare payment ceiling. If an average commercial payment rate or Medicare-equivalent payment rate is not available for a particular procedure code, paid claim data for the procedure code will be excluded from the aggregate values.

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Approval Date: 05/15/08
Effective Date: 08/31/06
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

7. Periodic update to the base period Medicare equivalent of the average commercial rate -- The State shall periodically update this ratio at least every three years. Average commercial ratios are subject to revision, if necessary, based on the Department’s review of provider-reported data regarding commercial payment rates.

Determination of the Supplemental Payment

8. The supplemental payment will be determined by multiplying the Medicare equivalent of the average commercial rate by the applicable Medicare non facility rate per procedure code. The product is then multiplied by Medicaid volume per code (as reported through the MMIS paid claims data) for the payment period. The products for all codes are summed to determine the maximum payment amount for the payment period.

9. The Medicaid supplemental payment for each practice shall equal the payment period maximum amount at the Medicare equivalent of the average commercial rate less all Medicaid payments, including enhanced payments for procedure codes rendered in the payment period and paid to eligible physician practices on behalf of Medicaid beneficiaries as reported from the MMIS paid claims data.

10. Payment will be made quarterly not prior to the delivery of services and will be based on individual CPT codes associated with physician services reported through the State’s MMIS paid claims data.

11. Supplemental payment is not available for non-physician services such as, but not limited to, diagnostic laboratory services and the non-physician, technical component of bundled radiology services.

12. Based on the above calculation, the following Medicare equivalent of the average commercial ratios will be used:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice / hospital</th>
<th>hospital only</th>
<th>All services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emory Children’s Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>Emory Medical Care Foundation</td>
<td>1.557</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Emory Clinic</td>
<td>1.603</td>
<td>1.561</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morehouse Medical Associates</td>
<td>1.237</td>
<td>1.214</td>
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</table>

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Supersedes
TN No: 05-013

Approval Date: 02/15/08
Effective Date: 08/01/06
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice / hospital</th>
<th>hospital only</th>
<th>All services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical College of Georgia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Memorial Health University</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medical Center of Central Georgia</td>
<td>1.319</td>
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<td>The Medical Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phoebe Putney</td>
<td>1.767</td>
<td>1.645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floyd Medical Center</td>
<td>1.295</td>
<td>1.300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satilla Regional Medical Center</td>
<td>1.295</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13. For anesthesia services paid on the same basis as Medicare, supplemental payments will be the difference between Medicare equivalent payments and Medicaid payments. Calculated as follows:

i. For the payment period, multiply the Medicare rate for anesthesia by the number of Medicaid units (base plus time) per procedure code. The Medicare rate should be adjusted depending on the procedure modifier to determine the appropriate Medicare conversion factor.

ii. Sum the products of the above step to determine total Medicare equivalent payments. This represents the payment ceiling for anesthesia services paid on the same basis as Medicare.

iii. For the same codes and payment period, subtract the total Medicaid payments from the payment ceiling. This amount represents the total amount eligible for a supplemental payment.

14. For anesthesia services paid on a fixed fee, supplemental payments will be the difference between Medicare equivalent payments and Medicaid payments. Calculated as follows:

i. MMIS data for a sample period (October 2005 to September 2007) will be used to determine the average number of units (base plus time) per procedure code and by modifier for eligible physician faculty practices. For the payment period, multiply the Medicare rate by the average number of units per procedure code and by the number of times that the procedure code was paid by Medicaid. The Medicare rate should be adjusted depending on the procedure modifier to determine the appropriate Medicare conversion factor.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

ii. Sum the products of the above step to determine total Medicare equivalent payments. This represents the payment ceiling for anesthesia services paid on the same basis as Medicare.

iii. For the same code and payment period, subtract total Medicaid payment from the payment ceiling. This amount represents the total amount eligible for a supplemental payment.

15. All supplemental payments will be determined on a retrospective basis and will not be subject to subsequent adjustment.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

M(2) Specialized Transportation for Medicaid eligible Children under age 21, an with Individual Education Programs (IEP)

1. Reimbursement for specialized transportation will be based on a flat rate.
2. The statewide rate will be established using the average historic cost of providing specialized transportation services in the school districts.
3. The cost of non-school provided transportation will be excluded from the calculation and will not be paid by Medicaid.
4. The Department will consider periodic inflationary adjustments to the rate.
5. The reimbursement authority to pay for specialized transportation services provided in schools will end effective June 30, 2008.

A trip, for Medicaid billing purposes is defined as a trip for a Medicaid eligible student requiring special transportation services, picked up at home or school, delivered to a location where an approved Medicaid service is provided, or delivered back to home or school from the Medicaid service. This definition is consistent with Section 3.1 a/b of the State Plan.

The school districts will maintain daily transportation logs and provide data related to the number of specialized transportation trips per student. These data will include the number of special transportation students transported and the number of days transported.

Medicaid will be billed only for children who have been determined eligible for Medicaid. In this way the total costs of specialized transportation will be allocated between Medicaid and Non-Medicaid. A specialized transportation claim will only be accepted if the school district can document that the child received specialized transportation service on the same day that a Medicaid covered IEP service was provided.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

N. **CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES**

(a) Case Management services will be reimbursed on a negotiated rate basis not to exceed actual costs, which meets all requirements of the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-97 dated January 15, 1981.

(b) Perinatal Case Management Services will be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis billed monthly on the HCFA 1500 form.

For private providers, payments are limited to the lesser of the submitted charges or the established fees as determined for public providers below.

Fees-for-service will be prospective, based on the actual cost of public providers and will be evaluated annually to reflect actual cost.
PERINATAL CASE MANAGEMENT (CM) NEW PATIENT, COMPREHENSIVE:
Service to a new patient whose case management and administrative records need to be established. This service will be completed within 30 days of enrollment into case management services. A comprehensive level of service will be provided including an assessment and individualized plans for 1) medical, 2) nutritional, 3) psychosocial and 4) health educational needs of the client. A problem list will be developed based on this comprehensive assessment and priorities set. Initial linkages will be made with required services for no less than the top three priorities. For example:

* A prenatal care provider who accepts Medicaid clients will be located and an appointment made.
* A nutritional assessment will be done and/or an appointment made for WIC enrollment and nutritional counseling.
* Arrangements for any necessary transportation will be made.

This unit of service will be billed once per pregnancy.

PERINATAL CASE MANAGEMENT FOLLOW-UP: Services to an established patient. All contacts with the client, by professional or paraprofessional staff, must be documented by level of service to receive reimbursement. Reimbursement is limited to a maximum of (8) eight follow-up services per pregnancy in any combination (e.g., one brief or one extended follow-up unit per month.) Dates of service must be after the date of the comprehensive assessment and before the date of delivery.

The level of service billed will be based on the patient's individualized assessment and need for case management assistance as defined below:

Brief follow-up: Consists of at least one (1) minimal contact (direct or indirect) to ensure the recipient is complying with the established plan for care. A tracking system will be maintained for monitoring monthly follow-up of the recipient's established plan.

Extended follow-up: Consists of a minimum of one direct contact to reevaluate or readdress the individualized plan for medical, nutritional, psychosocial and health educational needs due to complications of pregnancy or change in environmental factors.
PERINATAL CASE MANAGEMENT, POSTPARTUM FOLLOW-UP: Services provided to an established patient after the delivery. Assessments, plans and initial linkages will be made based on the mother’s needs for postpartum, family planning and other services, and to assist her with obtaining Medicaid enrollment, WIC, EPSDT and other services needed by her infant. Service will be provided by professional staff and may be supported by paraprofessional staff. Final case management services will be completed within 60 days after delivery and can not be later than the last day of Medicaid eligibility. This unit of service will be billed once per pregnancy.
N. (c) Early Intervention Case Management services will be reimbursed directly to the providers of case management services on a negotiated rate basis not to exceed actual costs, which meets all requirements of the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-87 dated January 15, 1981.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENTS RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

N. (c.) Children At-Risk Case Management Services will be billed monthly on the HCFA 1500 form and be reimbursed on a prospective fee-for-service basis. Payments to providers are limited to the lesser of the submitted charge or the established rate. The established statewide rates are based on the median cost per visit of providers currently enrolled in the program. Cost will be evaluated periodically and reimbursement rates will be adjusted to reflect cost.

NEW CHILD, COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT: Service to a new child whose care management records must be established. This service will be completed within 30 days of enrollment into case management services. A comprehensive level of service will be provided including an assessment and individualized service plan for the health, educational, social, psychological, and other needs of each youth. A problem list will be developed based upon the comprehensive assessment and service priorities established, initial linkages will be made with providers of the needed identified services for at least the top three priorities. For example:

1. Those children assessed as being in need of health care will be referred to an EPSDT provider for EPSDT services.

2. A referral will be made to the County Department of Family and Children Services to assist children living in abusive family situations.

3. Arrangements will be made for any necessary transportation.

This unit of service will be billed only once for each eligible child served.

CASE MANAGEMENT FOLLOW-UP: Services to an established service recipient. All contacts with the recipient and/or his/her family by Family Connection Case Management personnel must be documented by level of service to receive reimbursement. Reimbursement is limited to one case management visit per month. Contact service must occur after the comprehensive assessment.

7/1/97

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TN No. 95-022

Supersedes
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

limited to a maximum of 12 visits annually. Dates of service must occur after the comprehensive assessment.

The level of service billed will be based on the service recipient's individual service plan and the need for case management assistance as defined below.

Brief follow-up: Consist of at least one (1) minimal contact with the recipient, the family or the service provider to ensure that the recipient is complying with the established service delivery plan.

Extended follow-up: Consist of a minimum of one direct contact with the recipient and the family to reevaluate or reassess the individual service delivery plans due to changes in recipient's personal or family factors.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

N. (e.) Dropout Recovery Case Management Services will be billed monthly on the HCFA 1500 form and be reimbursed on a prospective fee-for-service basis. Payments to public and private providers are limited to the lesser of the submitted charge or the established fees based on the actual cost of public providers as determined by time studies conducted pursuant to methodology approved by HCFA, Region IV. Costs will be evaluated annually and fees adjusted to reflect actual cost.

NEW CLIENT, COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT: Service to a newly recovered dropout whose case management records must be established. This service will be completed within 30 days of enrollment into case management services. A comprehensive level of service will be provided including an assessment and individualized service plan for the health, educational, social, psychological, and other needs of each youth. A problem list will be developed based upon the comprehensive assessment and service priorities established. Initial linkages will be made with providers of the needed identified services for at least the top three priorities. For example:

1. Those recovered dropouts assessed as being in need of health care will be referred to an EPSDT provider for EPSDT services.

2. A referral will be made to the County Department of Family and Children Services to assist recovered dropouts living in abusive family situations.

3. A referral will be made to the Public School System or GED providers to assist recovered dropouts to complete a planned secondary educational program.

This unit of service will be billed only once for each eligible child served.

MANUSCRIPT 92-3
APPROVED 10-27-92
IMPLEMENT 10-13-92
SUPERSEDES (NA)
CASE MANAGEMENT FOLLOW-UP: Services to an established service recipient. All contacts with the recipient and/or his/her family by Dropout Recovery Case Management personnel must be documented by level of service to receive reimbursement. Reimbursement is limited to a maximum of 12 visits annually. Dates of service must occur after the comprehensive assessment.

The level of service billed will be based on the service recipient's individual service plan and the need for case management assistance as defined below.

Brief follow-up: Consist of at least one (1) minimal contact with the recipient, the family or the service provider to ensure that the recipient is complying with the established service delivery plan.

Extended follow-up: Consist of a minimum of one direct contact with the recipient and the family to reevaluate or reassess the individual service delivery plans due to changes in recipient's personal or family factors.
Policy and Methods for Establishing Payment Rates for other Types of Care or Services

N. (f) Case Management Services for Adults with AIDS will be billed monthly on the DMA-1500C (4/92) form and will be reimbursed on a prospective fee-for-service basis.

Payments to private providers are limited to the lesser of the submitted charge or the established fee(s) based on actual cost as determined by time studies conducted pursuant to methodology approved by the Health Care Financing Administration.

Public providers of case management services will be reimbursed directly on a negotiated rate basis not to exceed actual cost.

Costs will be evaluated annually and fees adjusted to reflect actual cost.

New Client Comprehensive Assessment:

Service to a new client whose case management records must be established. This service must be initiated within 48 hours of the request for services and must be completed within 30 days of enrollment into case management.

A comprehensive level of service shall be provided including obtaining a medical assessment from the client's primary physician, conducting a psychosocial assessment, developing an individualized service plan for the client's medical, nutritional, social, educational, psychological transportation, housing, legal, financial, and other needs. A problem list shall be generated based on the comprehensive assessment and service priorities shall be established. Initial linkages shall be made with providers of the needed identified services. This unit of service may be billed only once for each client served.
Case Management Follow-Up:

Services to an established service recipient. All contacts with the recipient, his or her family members, significant others, and service providers must be documented to receive reimbursement. Reimbursement is limited to a maximum of 12 follow-up services annually. Providers may not bill for an extended and a brief follow-up performed in the same month. Providers may bill for no more than three (3) extended follow-up services annually. Dates of follow-up services must occur after the comprehensive assessment.

The level of service (brief or extended) billed shall be based on the recipient's individual service plan and the descriptions of case management follow-up found below.

Brief Follow-Up:

Consists of at least one (1) contact with the recipient AND, if appropriate, his or her significant other, family member, or service provider to ensure that the recipient is complying with the established service delivery plan.

Extended Follow-Up:

Consists of at least one (1) direct contact with the recipient to re-evaluate or reassess the individual service delivery plan due to crisis resulting from changes in recipient's medical condition, loss of social support, employment, or housing, legal problems, or other significant events.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

The results of a site study were applied to projected costs for each of the prospective providers and statewide rates for the first year were established based on an averaging of the costs of the 50th percentile. Cost reports from all providers will be evaluated annually after the first year of implementation to determine subsequent statewide rates. Payments to public and private providers will be limited to the lesser of the submitted charge or established fee based on cost reports from providers. Payment to providers may not exceed actual cost of providing services.

At-Risk of Incarceration Case management Services will be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis billed monthly on the HCFA 1500 form.

The Department will reimburse one unit of case management service per month per beneficiary. The specific service component (billing unit) covered under the At-Risk of Incarceration program is Basic Case Management.

Basic Case Management

"Basic Case Management" must be provided by a qualified provider to a child in the care of the Department of Juvenile Justice. It must include at least one (1) contact with the recipient, family or service provider to ensure that services are being delivered in accordance with the established service delivery plan. It includes one or more of the following activities:

A. Establishing the comprehensive case file for development and implementation of an individualized service plan to meet the assessed service needs of the child.
B. Assisting the child in locating needed service providers and making the necessary linkages to assure the receipt of services identified in the service plan.
C. Monitoring the child and service providers to determine that the services received are adequate in meeting the child’s needs.
D. Reassessment of the child to determine services needed to resolve any crisis situation resulting from divorce, death, separation, changes in family structure or living conditions, or other events.

TN No. 01.043
Supersedes
TN No. 93.04

Approval Date MAR 9 2002 Effective Date OCT 9 2001
Extended Follow-up

The extended follow-up consists of at least one (1) direct contact with the beneficiary and a family member or provider to re-evaluate the individual service plan due to changes in the beneficiary's personal or family factors.

The extended follow-up will require additional documentation if billed more than three (3) times during a calendar year. If subsequent visits are billed, documentation of necessity of the service must be attached to each claim. The Department will either approve or deny the claim.

Only one (1) brief or one (1) extended follow-up may be billed each month with a maximum of twelve (12) follow-up services per year.

Dates of service for case management follow-up must occur after the initial assessment.

In the event of multiple types of targeted case management, only one type will be reimbursed during the calendar month for each beneficiary.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

N. (b) Perinatal Case Management Services/Area C will be billed monthly on the HCFA 1500 form and be reimbursed on a prospective fee-for-service basis. Payments to public and private providers are limited to the lesser of the submitted charge or the established fees based on the actual cost of public providers as determined by time studies conducted pursuant to methodology approved by HCCB Regulation IV. Costs will be evaluated annually and fees adjusted to reflect actual cost.

PREGNANT WOMAN, COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT: Service to a newly pregnant woman whose case management records must be established. This service will be completed within 30 days of enrollment into case management services. A comprehensive level of service will be provided including an assessment and individualized service plan for the health, educational, social, psychological, and other needs of each pregnant woman. A problem list will be developed based upon the comprehensive assessment and service priorities established. Initial linkages will be made with providers of the needed identified services for at least the top three priorities. For example:

1. Pregnant women will be referred to a prenatal care provider.
2. Pregnant woman will be referred to the County Department of Health for nutritional assessment and for WIC benefits.
3. Arrangements will be made for any necessary transportation to prenatal care appointments.

This unit of service will be billed once for each eligible pregnant woman.

NEWBORN, COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT: Service to a newborn whose case management records must be established. This service will be completed within 30 days of birth. A comprehensive level of service will be provided including an assessment and individualized service plan for the health, social, psychological, and other needs of each newborn. A problem list will be developed based upon the comprehensive assessment and service priorities established. Initial linkages will be made with providers of the needed identified services for at least the top three priorities. For example:

1. Newborns will be referred to an EPSDT provider for EPSDT services.
2. Newborns will be referred to the County Department of Health for nutritional assessment and for WIC benefits.
3. A referral will be made to the County Department of Family and Children Services to assist newborns living in abusive family situations.

This unit of service will be billed once for each eligible newborn.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

CASE MANAGEMENT FOLLOW-UP: Services to an established service recipient. All contacts with the recipient and/or recipient's family by case management personnel must be documented by level of services to receive reimbursement. Reimbursement is limited to a maximum of 12 visits annually. Dates of service must occur after the comprehensive assessment.

The level of service billed will be based on the service recipient's individual service plan and the need for case management assistance as defined below.

Brief Follow-up: Consist of at least one (1) minimal contact with the recipient, the family or the service provider to ensure that the recipient is complying the established service delivery plan.

Extended Follow-up: Consist of a minimum of one direct contact with the recipient and the family to reevaluate or reassess the individual service delivery plans due to changes in recipient's personal or family factors.
Policy and Methods for Establishing Payment Rates
For Other Types of Care or Services

Reimbursement rates will be established based on cost as determined by the quarterly Social Services Random Moment Sample Study. Rates will be adjusted annually based on the results of the previous four quarters. The Random Moment Sample Study must provide an audit trail that identifies each client whose case is included in the data used for rate formulation.

A maximum of one unit of case management services will be reimbursed per month for each eligible recipient. However, if a family has more than one child in the home with the parent and no children have been placed outside of the home, the Department will only reimburse for one child within the family unit. Services will be reimbursed only for eligible recipients.

A unit of case management service is defined as at least one telephone or face-to-face contact with the recipient, a family member, significant other, or agency from which the client receives or may receive services. All contacts must be for the coordination or linkage of services.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

Reimbursement rates will be established based on cost as
determined by the quarterly Social Services Random Moment Sample
Study. Rates will be adjusted annually based on the results of
the previous four quarters. The Random Moment Sample Study must
provide an audit trail that identifies each client whose case is
included in the data used for rate formulation.

A maximum of one unit of case management services will be
reimbursed per month for each eligible recipient. A unit of case
management service is defined as at least one telephone or face-
to-face contact with the recipient, a family member, significant
other, or agency from which the client receives or may receive
services. All contacts must be for the coordination or linkage of
services for a specific recipient.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

Rural Health Clinic Services (RHC)

In accordance with Section 702 of the Medicare, Medicaid and SCHIP Benefits Improvement and Protection Act (BIPA) of 2000, effective January 1, 2001, reimbursement is provided for "core" services and other ambulatory services (excluding in-home pharmacy services) at a prospective payment rate (PPS) per encounter. The rates will be calculated on a per visit basis and will reflect 100 percent of the average of the RHC's reasonable cost of providing Medicaid-covered services including other ambulatory services during FY 1999 and FY 2000. These costs will be adjusted to take into account any increase (or decrease) in the scope of services furnished by the RHC during FY 2001 for services that only occurred in calendar year 2000. Cost reports for the RHC's FY 1999 and FY 2000 periods will be used to establish the baseline rate for each RHC effective January 1, 2001. The baseline rate will be calculated by dividing the sum of the total reasonable cost of providing Medicaid covered services during FY 1999 and FY 2000 by the total Medicaid visits during the two fiscal years. Until the baseline rates are established, RHCs will be paid their interim rate effective December 31, 2000. When the baseline rates are established, they will be paid retroactive to January 1, 2001.

The baseline rates effective January 1, 2001 will be adjusted by the Medicare Economic Index (MEI) effective for dates of service on and after October 1, 2001 based on the MEI and for changes in the RHC's scope of services during January 1, 2001 through September 30, 2001. For Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2002 and FFYs thereafter, the per visit rate will be calculated by adjusting the previous year's rate by the MEI for primary care and for changes in the RHC's scope of services during the prior FFY.

For newly qualified RHCs that participate in FY 2000 only, the Department will use the FY 2000 cost for calculating the baseline PPS rate effective January 1, 2001. Clinics that qualify after fiscal year 2000 will have their initial rates established by a statewide average of similar centers. After the initial year, payment will be made using the MEI and change of scope methods used for other clinics.

For purposes of this plan, a change in scope of services is defined as a change in the type, intensity, duration and/or amount of services. It is the clinic's responsibility to recognize any changes in their scope of services and to notify the Department of those changes and to provide the Department with documentation of and projections for the cost and volume of the change.

If a RHC provides core services pursuant to a contract between the center and a member of the care entity (as defined in section 1922(a)(1)B)), the State shall provide payment of a supplemental payment equal to the amount (if any) by which the PPS rate calculated above exceeds the amount of the payments provided under the contract. These supplemental payments shall be made pursuant to a payment schedule of four months or less agreed to by the State and the Rural Health Clinic.

An alternative payment methodology is established for services furnished in Rural Health Clinics (RHCs) located at Critical Access Hospitals. The reimbursement methodology will follow the provisions established in Attachment 4.19.0, Page 5a.1 (Outpatient Hospitals). All clinics affected by this methodology have agreed and their payments will at least equal the amount they would have received under the PPS methodology.

Effective for dates of service July 1, 1994, and after, a $2.00 recipient co-payment is required on all Rural Health Clinic Services (RHC). Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one years of age, nursing home residents, and hospice care participants are not subject to the co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services are also exempt from the co-payment.

TN No. 03-010
Supersedes Approval Date 12/30/03 Effective Date 97/01/03
TN No. 54-0024
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

Non-Emergency Transportation Services

Non-Emergency Transportation is reimbursed according to the following methods, depending on type of vehicle and number of passengers for exceptional travel or the number of Medicaid eligibles in a region. Upper reimbursement limits shall not exceed charge determined to be reasonable by the State.

(a) The Broker is reimbursed a monthly capitated rate for each Medicaid member residing in the region.

(b) For exceptional travel, the Department of Family and Children Services is reimbursed a mileage rate per passenger for automobile services; commercial and public transportation are reimbursed at the usual and customary rate; escorts, meals and lodging are also reimbursed at the usual and customary rate.

TN No.: 06-005
Supersedes
TN No.: 04-009

Approval: 08/17/06
Effective Date: 07/01/06
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

N (k) Services Coordination for Children with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs)

- Reimbursement for service coordination will be on a fee-for-service basis billable monthly on a HCFA 1500.
- The initial statewide maximum allowable rates will be established using comparable service coordination activities and rates paid in other existing targeted case management programs (i.e. Children at Risk).
- The Division will collect and evaluate cost data after the first year of service and periodically thereafter from participating local education agencies (LEA) to determine the actual cost of providing this service and establish a statewide fee structure.
- If the initial statewide maximum allowable rates exceed the actual cost of providing this service, the cost data will be utilized to set the maximum allowable rates. If the statewide maximum allowable rates are lower than the actual cost, the Division will periodically consider an increase subject to the availability of funds.

Service Categories

Ongoing monthly special education service coordination activities will be billed based on the child's IEP and the need for service coordination case management services as defined below:

1) Initial IEP
The initial IEP requires that the service coordinator integrate all evaluation data into a description of status that highlights the overall pattern of strengths and weaknesses of the student. Goals and objectives must be developed to address specific weaknesses. Supplementary aids and services to address those goals, in the least restrictive environment, must be considered. Input from the IEP Multidisciplinary Team, a schedule of required services, along with goals and objectives for each, must be determined and documented.

- This service can be billed as one (1) per lifetime for each Medicaid eligible child with an IEP.

TN No. 01027
Supersedes
TN No. New

Approval Date JUN 04 2002
Effective Date JUL 01 2001
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

N (k) Services Coordinator for Children with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) (continued)

2) IEP Review
The compilation of progress reports and updated testing information by the service coordinator supports the required annual review of the IEP goals, objectives and services. The service coordinator must integrate this data so that a service schedule can be developed. This review must be done more often if the parent or a professional serving the student request a consideration of a change in services by the IEP Multi-disciplinary Team.

- This service can be billed as one (1) minimal contact or a maximum of three (3) per year.

3) Triennial IEP
Every three years the service coordinator must undertake a comprehensive analysis of available and relevant assessment information on the student. Necessary evaluations must be scheduled and a new IEP per child developed and adopted by the IEP Multi-disciplinary Team.

- This service can be billed at one (1) review every 3 years.

4) On-going Service Coordination
The ongoing contact (billable intervals) of the service coordinator in coordinating and monitoring follow-up with the child, the family, or the service providers (private and public agencies), to ensure access and compliance, as developed and adopted by the IEP Multi-disciplinary Team.

- This service can be billed at intervals of one (1) unit, which equals 15 minutes.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

o. Ambulatory Surgical Center Services and Birthing Center Services

1. Reimbursement for surgical procedures performed in the center is limited to the ASC facility fee as determined by Medicare with the exception of dental procedures that are reimbursed at Medicaid designated rates.

2. Reimbursement for the facility vaginal delivery fee will not exceed the amount that Medicare would reimburse. The facility fee payment for delivery services is made at the Group Four (4) ASC surgical reimbursement rate for the geographical area in which the billing facility is located. Rate adjustments are based on charges made in the ASC facility fee assigned for the group. The payments for related services provided by dentists, physicians or physician extenders are made under other Medicaid service programs.

3. Effective for dates of service July 1, 1994 and after, a $3.00 recipient co-payment is required on all ASC facility services. Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one (21) years of age, nursing home residents, and hospice care recipients, are not required to pay the co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services are exempt from a co-payment.

Supersedes Approval Date 10-22-02 Effective Date 10-1-02

TN No. 94-029
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

Hospice Services

The Department reimburses hospices for hospice services in accordance with hospice payment rates defined at Section 4304.3 of the State Medicaid Manual. The Department will continue the payment rates which were in effect on October 1, 1990, through the end of the calendar year. There will be no reduction as required by Section 4007 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 applicable to the Medicare program. Payment for physicians’ professional services is in accordance with the usual Georgia Medicaid reimbursement policy for physicians’ services.

The Department pays an additional per diem amount for routine home care and continuous home care days for hospice care that is furnished to an individual living in a nursing facility. This additional amount is for “room and board” which includes performance of personal care services, including assistance in the activities of daily living, socializing activities, administration of medications, maintaining the cleanliness of a resident’s room, and supervision therapies. This amount is 95% of the per diem that would have been paid to the nursing facility for that individual in that facility under the State Plan. This rate is in addition to the routine home care rate or the continuous home care rate. The hospice retains full responsibility of the professional management of the individual’s hospice care and the nursing facility agrees to provide “room and board” to the individual.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE SERVICES

Freestanding Birth Center Services

1. The Agency’s rates were set as of July 1, 2003, and are effective for services on or after that date. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, the statewide maximum allowable reimbursement rate is 84.645% of the 2000 Resource Based Relative Value Scale as specified by Medicare for Georgia Area 1 (referred to as, “RBRVS”) and is the same for both governmental and private providers.

2. Medicaid covers and reimburses for services rendered by providers administering prenatal labor and delivery or postpartum care in freestanding birth care centers such as physicians, nurse midwives and other providers of such services as recognized under Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. Practitioners furnish other covered mandatory services in accordance with Attachment 3.1-A, Page 4a-3.

3. Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one (21) years of age, nursing home residents, and hospice care recipients, are not required to pay the co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services are exempt from co-payments.
TN No.  NEW
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT
MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
STATE: GEORGIA

POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

Item: Q - Payment of Title XVIII Part A and Part B Deductible/Coinsurance

Except for a nominal recipient copayment, if applicable, the Medicaid agency may use the following method:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Medicare-Medicaid Individual</th>
<th>Medicare-Medicaid/QMB Individual</th>
<th>Medicare-QMB Individual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Part A Deductible</td>
<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Full Amount</td>
<td>Full Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part A Coinsurance</td>
<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Full Amount</td>
<td>Full Amount</td>
<td>Full Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part B Deductible</td>
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<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Full Amount</td>
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<tr>
<td>Part B Coinsurance</td>
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<td>X Limited to State Plan Rate*</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Full Amount</td>
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* For those Title XVIII services not otherwise covered by the Title XIX State Plan, the Medicaid agency has established reimbursement methodologies as described in items 2 and 3, specified on page 1 of Attachment 4.19-B.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

R. OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

1. Outpatient services by Georgia hospitals are reimbursed on a determination of allowable costs. The determination of allowable costs is made retrospectively and is based on an appropriate CMS Form 2552 cost report submitted by the hospital and audited by the Department or its agents. Only costs incurred in providing patient care are eligible for reimbursement. Fees paid to the Department of Community Health pursuant to the Provider Payment Agreement Act of 2010 shall be considered allowable cost but will not be included in the retrospective cash settlement and reconciliation of the providers cost report.

Allowable costs will not include costs that are in excess of charges. Allowable costs are documented costs that are ordinary and necessary in the delivery of a cost-effective service. Allowable costs shall be determined in accordance with the CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual 15, except as may be modified in this plan or modified in the Department’s “Policies and Procedures for Hospital Services” as published on January 1, 2008.

The amount of interim payment is calculated as a percentage of covered charges. This payment rate is defined by covered as allowable outpatient costs divided by outpatient charges. An interim payment rate cannot exceed one hundred percent of covered charges and is subject to cash settlement determination after an audited cost report is received, reviewed and accepted.

Clinical diagnostic laboratory services performed for outpatients and non-hospital patients are reimbursed at the lesser of the submitted charges or at the Department’s fee schedule rates used for the laboratory services program.

2. The Department will provide for appropriate audit to assure that payments made to providers for outpatient hospital services meet the requirements of reasonable cost.

3. Outpatient services provided by non-participating non-Georgia hospitals are reimbursed at 45% of covered charges.

4. The maximum allowable payment for outpatient services will be 85.6% of the hospital specific inpatient per case rate, which includes the base rate amount.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

plus Capital add-on, Graduate Medical Education add-on, Newborn add-on and the Hospital Provider Fee rate add-on, for enrolled Georgia hospitals. This case rate for enrolled non-Georgia hospitals does not include the Hospital Provider Fee add-on amount.

5. Emergency room visits for minor and non-acute illnesses which are not considered as true or potential medical emergencies will be reimbursed at an all-inclusive rate of $50.00.

6. The maximum allowable payment to enrolled Georgia and non-Georgia hospitals for Medicare outpatient coinsurance (crossover claims) will be 85.6% of the hospital-specific Medicaid per case rate. The maximum allowable payment to non-Georgia hospitals not enrolled the Georgia Medicaid program for Medicare outpatient crossover claims will be 85.6% of the average hospital-specific inpatient per case rate for enrolled non-Georgia hospitals.

7. For the determination of reasonable and reimbursable costs, the costs listed below are non-allowable (this list is not exhaustive):

   a) Costs related to lobbying and government relations, including costs for employees with duties related to lobbying and government relations, honorariums and reimbursement of travel or other expenses of elected officials;

   b) Memberships in civic organizations;

   c) Out-of-state travel paid by the provider for persons other than board members or those employed or contracted by the provider. Out-of-state travel for provider personnel must be related to patient care;

   d) Vehicle depreciation or vehicle lease expense in excess the lesser of IRS limits per vehicle or the amount allowed under Medicare reimbursement principles; provided, however, such limit shall not apply to specialized patient transport vehicles (e.g., ambulances);

   e) Air transport vehicles that are not used to transport patient care staff or patients. If these vehicles are sometimes used for patient care staff or
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

patient transport, the portion of cost that is unrelated to patient care staff or patient transport is non-allowable;

f) Fifty percent (50%) of membership dues for national, state, and local associations;

g) Legal services for an administrative appeal or hearing, or court proceeding involving the provider and the Department or any other state agency when judgment or relief is not granted to the provider. Legal services associated with certificate of need issuance reviews, appeals, disputes or court proceedings are not allowable regardless of outcome. Legal services associated with a provider’s initial certificate of need request shall be allowable; and

h) Advertising costs that are (a) for fund-raising purposes, (b) incurred in the sale or lease of a facility or agency or in connection with issuance of the provider’s own stock, or the sale of stock held by the provider in another corporation, (c) for the purpose of increasing patient utilization of the provider’s facilities, (d) for public image improvement, or (e) related to government relations or lobbying.

8. When the outpatient cost-based settlements are made, claims for outpatient services which were paid at the per case rate will be excluded from the settlement calculations.

9. Hospital-based physicians services will not be reimbursed if billed to the Hospital program. These services must be billed to the Physician program in order to be reimbursed by the Department.

10. The Department will limit payment on outpatient Medicare crossover claims as using the following steps:

(a) multiply the allowable deductible and coinsurance amount by the hospital-specific percent of charges rate in effect on the date of payment;
(b) compare the dollar amount from (a) to the hospital’s inpatient per case rate in effect on the date of payment and,
(c) reimburse the lower of these two amounts.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

11. A $3.00 recipient co-payment is required on all non-emergency outpatient hospital visits. Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one years of age, nursing home residents, and hospital care recipients are not subject to the co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services are exempt from co-payment. When the outpatient cost-based settlements are made for hospital services, the co-payments plus Medicaid and certain third party payments will be compared to the allowable cost to determine the amount of final settlement.

12. The Department shall exclude from paid claims data used to calculate settlement claims for which a third party paid at or in excess of the amount Medicaid would pay. Third party payments which were below the Medicaid payment amount will be included in the interim payment amounts that are compared to reimbursable costs. The paid claims data used in the initial determination of outpatient settlements will be used when such settlements are adjusted.

13. Effective July 1, 2010, in order to recognize the Medicaid share of a facility’s cost of paying fees under the Hospital Provider Payment Agreement Act, an adjustment will be added to the hospital outpatient payment rate. Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs) Psychiatric Hospitals and State-Owned / State-Operated Hospitals are exempt from the provider fee and the rate increase. Trauma hospitals will participate in the provider fee but at a lower percentage than other participating hospitals. The table below shows the provider fee and associated rate adjustment for different classes of hospitals.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Type</th>
<th>Provider Fee Percent</th>
<th>Rate Increase Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Participating Acute Care Hospitals and Specialty Hospitals</td>
<td>1.45%</td>
<td>11.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trauma Hospitals</td>
<td>1.40%</td>
<td>11.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical Access Hospitals, State-Owned and State-Operated Hospitals, Out-of-</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

State Hospitals

In order to partially offset the 1.45% and 1.40% hospital fee rates levied by Georgia HB 1055 (the Provider Payment Agreement Act), a new Base Rate Change factor will be created. This new base rate change will be a multiplier, which will be expressed as a constant percentage of the Allowed Charge. There will be three different values for this Base Rate Change factor. One will be used for Inpatient Medicare Crossover claims. The second will apply to Outpatient Medicare Crossover claims. The Third will apply to non-Crossover Hospital claims.

When calculating the Final Allowed Charge, the addition of this new Base Rate Change factor will be the final step before any cutbacks are considered. The dollar amount will be calculated as a percentage of the Allowed Charge at that point in adjudication.

Outpatient Cost-to-Charge Ratio Base Payment is Calculated as:

CCR Base Payment = Total Calculated Allowed Charge** x Cost-To-Charge Ratio (CCR)* percent

CCR Base Payment + Cap/GME Add-on + Newborn Add-on = Allowed Charge

Allowed Charge x .1188 (PPA %) = PPA Add-on (Base Rate Change)

Allowed Charge + PPA Add-on – deductions (Copay, COB, Patient Liability) = Reimbursement Amount

The payment is the lower of the reimbursement amount or the inpatient per case rate plus PAA add on.

*The system finds the provider’s Cost-To-Charge Ratio (CCR) percent on the reference institutional rate table using the provider number and the claim’s admission date.

**Calculation of the Allowed Charge occurs for each claim line. The total of the claim line Allowed Charges is used to calculate the cost-to-charge ratio (CCR) base payment.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

Effective for dates of service on and after July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2013, the payment method is modified as follows:

a. For enrolled hospitals other than those identified in items b and c below, the reimbursement rate is 95.77% of costs.

b. For out-of-state enrolled hospitals, payments are made at the statewide average percentage of charges paid to Georgia hospitals that are reimbursed at 85.6% of costs and are not subject to cost settlement. The payment rate for out-of-state enrolled hospitals will not exceed 65% of covered charges.

c. For hospitals that are designated as a Critical Access Hospital, a historically minority-owned hospital, or as a state-owned hospital, the reimbursement rate continues at 100% of costs.

Example settlement calculation for critical access, historically minority owned hospital, or state-owned hospitals:

| Percentage of charges paid on interim basis | 60% |
| Charges for services provided during cost report period | $1,000,000 |
| Interim payments | $600,000 |
| Retrospective determination of allowable costs* | $585,000 |
| % of allowable costs reimbursed | 100% |
| Retrospective determination of reimbursable costs | $585,000 |
| Settlement amount due from hospital | $15,000 |

Example settlement calculation for all other enrolled Georgia hospitals:

| Percentage of charges paid on interim basis | 52% |
| Charges for services provided during cost report period | $1,000,000 |
| Interim payments | $520,000 |
| Retrospective determination of allowable costs* | $585,000 |
| % of allowable costs reimbursed | 95.77% |
| Retrospective determination of reimbursable costs | $560,250 |
| Settlement amount due from hospital | $24,750 |

* amount would not exceed charges for services

14. Governmental facilities and Critical Access eligible hospitals which meet departmental requirements will be eligible for rate payment adjustments. The rate adjustment payments are intended to provide supplemental funding for Medicaid services to these facilities that based on their governmental status,
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

need sufficient funds for their commitments to meet the healthcare needs of all members of their communities.

The rate payment adjustments will be subject to federal upper payment limits. For the appropriate groupings of State governmental facilities, non-State governmental facilities and non-governmental facilities, aggregate rate adjustment payments available without exceeding upper payment limits will be determined by measuring the difference between:

- All amounts paid for services provided to Medicaid patients including interim Medicaid claim payments and estimated Medicaid cost report settlement amounts, based on data from cost report worksheet E-3 Part III, and
- Estimated payment amounts for such services if payments were based on Medicare payment principles. Cost based and rate payment measures (for clinical diagnostic lab services) will be used to determine Medicare payment amounts.

Comparisons of amounts paid for services provided to Medicaid patients and estimated payment amounts for such services if payments were based on Medicare payment principles will also be made for each facility to determine facility-specific rate adjustment payments. If an individual facility cannot be paid a portion of its full rate adjustment payment due to a facility-specific charge limit, this rate adjustment amount can be allocated to other facilities that are eligible to receive additional rate adjustment payments without exceeding facility-specific charge limits. These rate payment adjustments will be made on quarterly or, at least, annual basis and will be determined in a manner that will not duplicate compensation provided from payments for individual patient claims. A sample of how a rate adjustment payment is calculated is presented below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>line</th>
<th>Facility Name</th>
<th>comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>base period report period beginning date</td>
<td>9/1/xxxx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>base period report period ending date</td>
<td>8/31/xxxx+1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>HS&amp;R processing date for Medicaid data</td>
<td>9/6/xxxx+2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>adjustment factor (if period not equal to 1 year)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
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</table>

XYZ Hospital

TN No. 10-010
Supersedes TN No. 10-007
Approval Date 09/14/10 Effective Date 07/01/10
# POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

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<th></th>
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<tr>
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<td>CAH status (1 = yes)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>cost of Medicaid covered services</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>covered charges</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>annual cost of Medicaid covered services</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>755,769</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>cost settlement rate</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>annual Medicaid payments after cost settlement</td>
<td>Line 8 x line 9</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>721,382</td>
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<td>fee schedule lab only</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>payments</td>
<td>102,275</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
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<td>Line 11 x line 4</td>
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<tr>
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TN No. 10-010
Supersedes TN No. 10-007
Approval Date 09/14/10
Effective Date 07/01/10

State Georgia
# Policy and Methods for Establishing Payment Rates for Other Types of Care or Service

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<th>Value</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subject to limit of inpatient rate</td>
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<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Covered charges</td>
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<td>137,463</td>
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<td>48,481</td>
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<td>22</td>
<td>Annual interim payments</td>
<td>Line 21 x line 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Annual cost of services</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Cost inflation</td>
<td>From cost report to UPL period</td>
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TN No. 10-010
Supersedes
TN No. 10-007
Approval Date __09/14/10__
Effective Date __07/01/10__

State Georgia
### POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

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<th>Line</th>
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<tr>
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<td>volume allowance</td>
<td>from cost report to UPL period</td>
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<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>adjusted Medicaid annual payments</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>adjusted annual cost of services</td>
<td>(Line 8 + line 13 + line 18 + line 23) x line 24 x line 28</td>
<td>1,169,622</td>
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<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>UPL amount</td>
<td>Line 30 – line 29</td>
<td>406,332</td>
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**Footnotes for UPL Adjustment Factors:**

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TN No. 10-010
Supersedes TN No. 10-007
Approval Date _09/14/10_  Effective Date _07/01/10_
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

Line 26: Cost Inflation:

DCH uses Global Insight Hospital Market Basket (Table 6.3), as adopted by CMS, for all inflation-related hospital cost estimates. This quarter-by-quarter index provides a breakout of all relevant categories of hospital cost.

Line 30: Volume Allowance

This is primarily eligibility growth. DCH currently predicts Medicaid fee-for-service eligibility in the Aged, Blind and Disabled (ABD) population to grow annually at 1.4%.

15. Effective for dates of service April 1, 1991, and after, the Department will provide payment to enrolled hospitals which offer, either directly or through contract, birthing and parenting classes to Medicaid-eligible pregnant women. Reimbursement will be the lesser of the amount billed for revenue code 942 or the maximum allowable payment amount established by the Department. When the outpatient cost-based settlements are made, claims for outpatient services for birthing and parenting classes will be excluded from the settlement calculations as reimbursement is at a fixed payment rate.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

S. Nurse Practitioner Services

Payments are limited to the lower of:

(a) The submitted charge; or

(b) Ninety percent (90%) of the statewide rate for physician services in effect on the date of service.

(c) Effective with date of service July 1, 1994, a $2.00 recipient co-payment is required on all non-emergency office visit services for nurse practitioner providers. Pregnant women, recipients under twenty-one years of age, nursing home residents, and hospice care recipients are not required to pay the co-payment. Emergency services and family planning services are also exempt from the co-payment.

EPSDT Nursing Services

Nursing services which includes medication administration and nursing treatment will be reimbursed based on a statewide rates established by the Division. Statewide rates will be based on reasonable cost for the services provided.
T. Extended Services to Pregnant Women

Postpartum Services

Payment for services shall not exceed the lower of the provider’s submitted charge or the statewide maximum allowable rate in effect on the date of service. The statewide maximum allowable rate for postpartum home visits is based on the home health reimbursement composite rate which is calculated by dividing the sum of the home health reimbursement rates for all enrolled agencies by the total number of enrolled agencies.

CHILDBIRTH EDUCATION PROGRAM

Reimbursement for childbirth education classes is based on an average of the fee charged for childbirth education classes provided by local area hospitals.

Instructors will be reimbursed the instructor’s usual and customary charge or the maximum allowable, whichever is lower.
U. **DIAGNOSTIC, SCREENING, AND PREVENTIVE SERVICES**

Payments are limited to the lower of:

a) The submitted charge for the procedure; or

b) the statewide rate based on a percentage of Medicare's RBRVS (Resource Based Relative Value Scale) not to exceed the current applicable year.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

u. 1. Rehabilitative Services

Payments are made to all providers for specific authorized procedures on a statewide basis and are limited to the lower of:

a. The actual charge for the services; or

b. The statewide rate in effect on the date of service based on the Resource Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS) for Region I (Atlanta) except for nursing, and counseling services. The rates for Nursing Services and Counseling Services are based on established statewide rates.

TN No. 38-003
Supersedes Approval Date 5/26/90 Effective Date 1/1/90
TN No. 33-025
V. **Therapy Services:** (Includes Physical, Occupational, and Speech Pathology Therapists)

Payments are made for specific authorized procedures on a statewide basis and are limited to the lower of:

a) The actual charge for the service; or

b) The statewide rate in effect on the date of service based on the Resource Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS) for Region 1 (Atlanta).
4.b. **EPSDT Related Rehabilitative Services – Community Based** (continued)

- **Speech-Language Pathology Services**
  Speech-language evaluation of auditory processing, expressive and receptive language and language therapy. Providers’ qualifications are in accordance with 42 CFR 440.110, and adhere to the scope of practice as defined by the applicable state licensure board.

- **Nutrition Services**
  Nutritional assessment, management and counseling to children on special diets due to genetic metabolic or deficiency disorders or other complicated medical problems. Nutritional evaluation and monitoring of their nutritional and dietary status, history and any teaching related to the child’s dietary regimen (including the child’s feeding behavior, food habits and in meal preparation), biomedical and clinical variables and anthropometric measurements. Development of a written plan to address the feeding deficiencies of the child that is incorporated into the child’s treatment program. Providers’ qualifications must meet the applicable State licensure and certification requirements, hold a current state license, and adhere to the scope of practice as defined by the applicable licensure board in accordance with the federal requirements in 42 CFR 440.60(a).

**Limitations**

Provider enrollment is open only to individual practitioners, who are licensed in Georgia under their respective licensing board such as a licensed audiologist, registered nurse, occupational therapist, physical therapist, licensed clinical social worker, licensed counselor, licensed dietician or speech language pathologist. For annual re-enrollment beginning July 1, 1996, all providers must obtain a minimum of one (1) continuing education credit annually in pediatrics in their area of professional practice. Where applicable, providers will be in compliance with federal requirements defined in 42 CFR 440.110 or 42 CFR 440.60(a).

**Prior Approval**

Services which exceed the limitations as listed in the policies and procedures manual must be approved prior to service delivery.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR
OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

V. Therapy Services (Includes Physical, Occupational and Speech Pathology
Therapists), Nursing Services, Counseling Services, Nutrition Services and
Audiology Services.

1. Reimbursement to Therapy Service providers under the Children’s
Intervention Services program is based on the lower of submitted charges or
the state’s maximum allowable rate as listed in the Policies and Procedures for
Children’s Intervention Services. The state’s maximum allowable rate will be
based on 84.645% of Medicare’s Resource Based Relative Value Scale
(RBRVS) for 2000 for Region IV (Atlanta). Except as otherwise noted in the
plan, state developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental
and private providers of therapy services and the fee schedule and any
annual/periodic adjustments to the fee schedule are published in the Georgia
Department of Community Health Policies and Procedures Manual for
Children’s Intervention Services.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

2. Reimbursement to Local Education Agencies (LEAs) under the Children’s Intervention School Services program is based on a cost based methodology. Medicaid Services provided under the Children’s Intervention School Services program are services that are medically necessary and provided to Medicaid recipients by LEAs in accordance with an Individualized Education Program (IEP) under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and defined in Attachment 3.1-A pages 1k – 1o:

   1. Audiology Services Performed by Licensed Audiologists
   2. Counseling Services Performed by Licensed Clinical Social Workers
   3. Nursing Services Performed by Licensed Registered Professional Nurses
   4. Nutrition Services Performed by Licensed Dieticians
   5. Occupational Therapy Services Performed by Licensed Occupational Therapists and/or Occupational Therapist Assistants
   6. Physical Therapy Services Performed by Licensed Physical Therapists and/or Physical Therapists Assistants
   7. Speech-Language Pathology Services Performed by Licensed Speech Language Pathologists and/or Masters Level Speech Language Pathologists (with professional certificate from GA Department of Education or Certificate of Clinical Competence in Speech Language Pathology by ASHA)

On an interim basis, providers will be paid the lower of submitted charges or the state’s maximum allowable rate as outlined within Section 4.19B, page 13.1 of the Medicaid state plan and as listed in the Policies and Procedures Manual for Children’s Intervention School Services.

TN No.: 10-014
Approval Date: 08-10-11
Effective Date: 10/01/10
Supersedes
TN No.: New
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

A. Direct Medical Services Payment Methodology

Beginning with the cost reporting period October 1, 2010, the Department of Community Health (DCH) will begin using a cost based methodology for all LEAs. This methodology will consist of a Cost Report, a CMS approved Random Moment Time Study (RMTS) methodology, Cost Reconciliation, and Cost Settlement. If payments exceed Medicaid allowable costs, the excess will be recouped. If payments are less than Medicaid allowable costs, DCH will pay the federal share of the difference to the LEA and submit claims to CMS for reimbursement of that payment.

To determine the Medicaid-allowable direct and indirect costs of providing direct medical services to Medicaid-eligible clients in the LEA, the following steps are performed:

1) Direct costs for direct medical services include unallocated payroll costs and other unallocated costs that can be directly charged to direct medical services. Direct payroll costs include the total compensation (i.e., salaries and benefits and contract compensation) to the direct services personnel identified in Section 2 on page 13.2 of Attachment 4.19-B of the Medicaid State Plan for the provision of health services listed in the description of covered Medicaid services delivered by LEAs in pages 1k – 1o of Attachment 3.1-A of the Medicaid State Plan and Section 900 of the GA DCH Policies and Procedures for Children’s Intervention School Services.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

Other direct costs include costs directly related to the approved direct services personnel for the delivery of medical services, such as direct materials, supplies and equipment. Only those direct materials, supplies, and equipment that have been identified and included in the CMS approved DCH Medicaid cost reporting instructions and the Policies and Procedures for Children’s Intervention School Services are Medicaid allowable costs and can be included on the Medicaid cost report.

Total direct costs for direct medical services are reduced on the cost report by any federal funding source resulting in direct costs net of federal funds.

These direct costs net of federal funds are accumulated on the annual cost report, resulting in total direct costs net of federal funds. The cost report contains the scope of cost and methods of cost allocation that have been approved by CMS.

2) The net direct costs for each service are calculated by applying the direct medical services percentage from the CMS approved time study to the direct costs from Item 1.

The RMTS incorporates a CMS approved methodology to determine the percentage of time medical service personnel spend on IEP related medical services, and general and administrative time. This time study will assure that there is no duplicative claiming relative to claiming for administrative costs.

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TN No.: 10-014  Approval Date: 08-10-11  Effective Date: 10/01/10
Supersedes
TN No.: New
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

3) Indirect costs are determined by applying the LEA's specific unrestricted indirect cost rate to its net direct costs. Georgia LEAs use predetermined fixed rates for indirect costs. The Georgia Department of Education is the cognizant agency for LEAs, and approves unrestricted indirect cost rates for LEAs for the United States Department of Education. Only Medicaid-allowable costs are certified by LEAs. LEAs are not permitted to certify indirect costs that are outside their unrestricted indirect cost rate.

4) Net direct costs and indirect costs are combined.

5) Medicaid’s portion of total net costs is calculated by multiplying the results from Item 4 by the IEP ratio. The numerator will be the number of Medicaid IEP students in the LEA who have an IEP and received direct medical services as outlined in their IEP and the denominator will be the total number of students in the LEA with an IEP who received direct medical services as outlined in their IEP. Direct medical services are those services billable under the FFS program as defined in pages 1k through 1o of Attachment 3.1-A and in the Policies and Procedures for Children’s Intervention School Services.

B. Certification of Funds Process

Each LEA will submit Certification of Public Expenditure Forms to DCH on an annual basis. On an annual basis, each LEA will certify through its cost report its total actual, incurred Medicaid allowable costs/expenditures, including the federal share and the nonfederal share. Providers are permitted only to certify Medicaid-allowable costs and are not permitted to certify any indirect costs that are outside their unrestricted indirect cost rate.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

C. Annual Cost Report Process

For Medicaid services provided in schools during the state fiscal year (July 1 through June 30), each provider must complete an annual cost report. The cost report is due on or before September 15 following the reporting period each year. At the discretion of DCH, providers may be granted extensions up to three months.

Providers that fail to fully and accurately complete Medicaid cost reports within the time period specified by DCH or that fail to furnish required documentation and disclosures for Medicaid cost reports required under this Plan within the time period specified by the Department, may be subject to penalties for non-compliance.

The primary purposes of the LEA provider’s cost report are to:

1) Document the LEA provider’s total CMS approved Medicaid-allowable costs of delivering Medicaid coverable services using a CMS approved cost allocation methodology.

2) Reconcile the annual interim payments to the LEA provider’s total CMS approved, Medicaid-allowable costs using a CMS approved cost allocation methodology.

The annual Children’s Intervention School Services (CISS) Cost Report includes a certification of funds statement to be completed, certifying the provider's actual, incurred costs/expenditures. All filed annual CISS Cost Reports are subject to desk review by DCH or its designee.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICE

D. The Cost Reconciliation Process

The cost reconciliation process must be completed within twenty-four months of the end of the reporting period covered by the annual CISS Cost Report. The total CMS-approved, Medicaid allowable scope of costs based on CMS-approved cost allocation methodology procedures are compared to the LEA provider's Medicaid interim payments delivered during the reporting period as documented in the Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS), resulting in a cost reconciliation.

For the purposes of cost reconciliation, the state may not modify the CMS-approved scope of costs, the CMS approved cost allocation methodology procedures, or its CMS-approved RMTS for cost-reporting purposes. Any modification to the scope of cost, cost allocation methodology procedures, or RMTS for cost-reporting purposes requires approval from CMS prior to implementation; however, such approval does not necessarily require the submission of a new state plan amendment.

E. The Cost Settlement Process

EXAMPLE: For services delivered for the initial period covering October 1, 2010, through June 30, 2011, the annual CISS Cost Report is due on or before September 15, 2011, with the cost reconciliation and settlement processes completed no later than September 15, 2013.

Supersedes
TN No.: New
For all future years starting July 1, 2011, services delivered during the period covering July 1 through June 30, the annual CISS Cost Report is due on or before September 15 of that same year (i.e. services delivered July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012 would be included in the annual cost report due September 15, 2012), with the cost reconciliation and settlement processes completed within twenty-four months of the cost report due date.

If the LEA provider’s interim payments exceed the actual, certified costs for the delivery of school based health services to Medicaid clients, the LEA provider will return an amount equal to the overpayment. DCH will submit the federal share of the overpayment to CMS in the federal fiscal quarter following receipt of payment from the provider.

If the LEA provider’s actual, certified costs exceed the interim payments, DCH will pay the federal share of the difference to the provider in accordance with the final actual certification agreement and submit claims to CMS for reimbursement of that payment in the federal fiscal quarter following payment to the provider.
POLICY AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR OTHER TYPES OF CARE OR SERVICES

W. Psychological Services:

Payments are limited to the lower of:

(a) The submitted charge, or

(b) The statewide rate as based on a percentage of Medicare’s RBRVS (Resource Based Relative Value Scale) not to exceed the current applicable year.

X. Counseling Services:

Counseling services are reimbursed based on statewide rates established by the Division. These rates were established by surveying states in the region and private insurance companies. Currently, the reimbursement is based on Georgia specific codes (based on reasonable cost for the services provided) that will be cross-walked to national codes. Once these codes are nationally approved, the counseling services will be reimbursed on the Resource Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS).
Except for a nominal recipient copayment (as specified in Attachment 4.18 of this state plan), if applicable, the Medicaid agency uses the following general method for payment:

1. Payments are limited to state plan rates and payment methodologies for the groups and payments listed below and designated with the letters 'SP'.

For specific Medicare services which are not otherwise covered by this state plan, the Medicaid agency uses Medicare payment rates unless a special rate or method is set out on Page 3 in item ___ of this attachment (see 3. below).

2. Payments are up to the full amount of the Medicare rate for the groups and payments listed below, and designated with the letter "SP."

3. Payments are up to the amount of a special rate, or according to a special method, described on Page 3 in item ___ of this attachment, for those groups and payments listed below and designated with the letter "NP."

4. Any exceptions to the general methods used for a particular group or payment are specified on Page 3 in item ___ of this attachment (see 3. above).

- MX Chiropractor
- MX Licensed Clinical Social Worker
- MX Nursing Facilities
- MX Swing-Beds
- MX Outpatient Hospital
- MX Inpatient Hospital
- MX Ambulance
- SP Mental Health Clinics
- SP Dialysis Services
- SP Dental Services
- SP Prescribed Drugs
- SP Prosthetic Devices
- SP Nurse Midwife Services
- SP Hospice Services
- SP Extended Services to Pregnant Women
- SP Other Diagnostic, Preventive, Screening and Rehabilitation Services
- SP Laboratory and X-Ray
- SP Physician Services
- SP Pediatric Services
- SP Optometrist Services
- SP Nurse Practitioners
- SP Home Health
- SP Durable Medical Equipment

TN No. W3-U89
Superseded Approval Date 3-11-94
Effective Date 10-1-93

TN No. 92-02

HCFIA ID: 7982E
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - OTHER TYPES OF CARE

### Payment of Medicare Part A and Part B Deductible/Coinsurance

<table>
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<tr>
<th>QMBs:</th>
<th>Part A</th>
<th>Deductibles</th>
<th>Part B</th>
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TN No. 92-01
Supersedes Approval Date 6/9/92
TN No. New Effective Date 1/1/92
MCFA ID: 7982Z
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - OTHER TYPES OF CARE

Payment of Medicare Part A and Part B Deductible/Coinsurance

1. Nursing Facilities

Effective with dates of payment of February 1, 1991, and after, the maximum allowable payment for Medicare nursing facility coinsurance (crossover) claims will be the nursing facility's Medicaid specific per diem rate in effect for the dates of service of the crossover claims. The crossover claims will not be subsequently adjusted due to subsequent per diem rate adjustments.

Daily cost-sharing charges for beneficiaries will commence on the 21st day of service through the 100th day of service. These patients must be eligible for Part A Medicare and be admitted to an approved Medicare facility under conditions payable by Medicare.

2. Swing-Bed Services

When a Medicaid recipient also has Medicare Part A coverage, payment for swing-bed services for up to one hundred days may be allowed by Medicare. In this instance, the swing-bed services must be billed to Medicare prior to billing the Department. The Medicare intermediary reimburses for the first through the twentieth day of coverage at 100% of the Medicare per diem rate. For the twenty-first through the one-hundredth day, the Medicare intermediary pays a reduced amount and Medicaid pays the applicable coinsurance amount. When Medicare Part A swing-bed benefits, i.e., billed nursing facility care, are exhausted for these recipients, charges for days in excess of Medicare covered days may be submitted to the Department for reimbursement at the Medicaid per diem rate.

3. Outpatient Hospital Services

Effective with dates of payment on and after November 1, 1991, the Department will limit payment on outpatient Medicare crossover claims as follows:

(a) multiply the allowable deductible and coinsurance amount by the hospital-specific percent of charges rate in effect on the date of payment;

(b) compare the product from (a) to the hospital's inpatient per case rate in effect on the date of payment; and

(c) reimburse the lower of the two amounts in (b).
4. **Inpatient Hospital Services**

   Effective with dates of payment of October 16, 2000 and after, the maximum allowable payment to enrolled Georgia and non-Georgia hospitals for Medicare inpatient deductibles and coinsurance (crossover claims) will be the hospital-specific Medicaid DRG rate. The maximum allowable payment to non-Georgia hospitals not enrolled in the Georgia Medicaid program for Medicare inpatient crossover claims will be the weighted average hospital-specific inpatient per case rate for enrolled non-Georgia hospitals.

5. **Ambulance Services**

   For Medicare crossover claims, no payment will be made by Medicaid unless the Medicaid maximum allowable for the service exceeds the payment made by Medicare.
METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES FOR MEDICALLY NECESSARY SERVICES FOR EPSDT RECIPIENTS WHEN SUCH SERVICES ARE NOT NORMALLY COVERED UNDER THE PLAN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Place</th>
<th>Provider</th>
<th>Methodology</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Private Duty Nursing</td>
<td>Home</td>
<td>RN or LPN</td>
<td>The rate established for nursing services under the Waivered Services Program.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Physical Therapy, Speech</td>
<td>Hospital, Home</td>
<td>Licensed</td>
<td>According to the methodology used and rates established in the Home Health Services Program (Attachment 4.19-A, Item D), Outpatient Hospital Services (Attachment 4.19-B, Item E) and Physician Services (Attachment 4.19-B, Item F) wherein these services are Reimbursement.</td>
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<td>3. Occupational Therapy</td>
<td>Home</td>
<td>Licensed</td>
<td>According to the methodology used and rates established in the Community Care Services Program and Outpatient Hospital Services (Attachment 4.19-B, Item G).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Respiratory Care Services</td>
<td>Home</td>
<td>Licensed</td>
<td>The rate established for respiratory care under the Model Waiver Services Program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Chiropractor</td>
<td>Office, Hospital</td>
<td>D.C.</td>
<td>50th percentile of sample charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services</td>
<td>Home, School, Therapeutic Foster Care, Child Caring Institutions (IMDs excluded)</td>
<td>Community Mental Health Centers and other providers who meet the standards of participation</td>
<td>Reimbursement for Community Mental Health Centers will be based on pre-established flat rates in a flat schedule by procedure code. Reimbursement for other providers will be based on reasonable costs from cost reports submitted annually by participating providers. The base period will be a state fiscal year. Rates will be set not to exceed actual costs adjusted for inflation. The inflation rate will be based on the DRI McGraw-Hill Health costs: Regional Forecasts Tables.</td>
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TN No. 99-011
Supersedes Approval Date: MAY 2 2000  Effective Date: 7/1/99
TN No. 95-038
PAYMENT FOR RESERVED BEDS

Regular state payment is permitted for reserving beds during a recipient’s absence from an inpatient facility with the following limitations:

1. The patient’s plan of care provides for absences, other than hospitalization.

2. Seven (7) days per hospitalization for Medicaid patients who are hospitalized during a stay in the nursing home.

3. Planned therapeutic home visits.
   - For nursing facility residents up to eight (8) days in any calendar year with no limit on the number of days per visit
   - For ICF-MR residents up to thirty (30) days per calendar year with no limit on the number of days per visit.

Payments for reserved beds are made at 75% of the rate paid for days when a patient is onsite at a facility. Because payments for reserved beds are not subject to the nursing home provider fee, the payment rate for reserved beds excludes any compensation for the provider fee.

TN No. 04110
Supersedes
TN No. 03613

Approval Date: 10/13/04
Effective Date: 07/01/04
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

The following sections summarize the methods and procedures for determining nursing facility reimbursement rates in the format prescribed by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS).

Explanation of Commonly Used Terms

**Dodge Index Factor:** An index of activity in the construction industry in the United States, produced by McGraw Hill, an information services company.

**Growth Allowance Factor:** Inflation factor applied to the allowed per diem for each of the four non-property cost centers.

**Net Per Diem:** Net amount determined by dividing total audited cost by total audited patient days. This net per diem amount is calculated for each of the four non-property cost centers.

**Quality Incentive Adjustment:** A one or two percent increase to a provider’s allowed Routine Services per diem amount as a result of achieving certain clinical and non-clinical criteria established by the Department.

**Quarterly Medicaid Case Mix Score:** The quarterly relative weight assigned to a Medicaid patient based on the patient’s Resource Utilization Group (RUG) category.

**Resource Utilization Group (RUG):** Mutually exclusive categories that reflect levels of resource need in long-term care settings, primarily to facilitate Medicare and Medicaid payment.

**Standard Per Diem:** The maximum allowed per diem amount for each of the four non-property cost centers.

A. Cost Finding and Cost Reporting

1. All nursing facilities are required to report costs for the twelve months ending June 30th of each year. Cost report instructions are published by July 31st of each year for use during that State fiscal year. Release of the instructions may be delayed on occasion in order to implement significant policy changes.

2. All nursing facilities are required to detail their entire costs for the reporting year, or for the period of participation in the plan (if less than the full cost reporting year) for allowable costs under the Georgia Plan. These costs are reported by the facility using a Uniform Chart of Accounts prescribed by the State Agency and on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles and accrual methods of accounting.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

a. All nursing facilities are required to report costs on a uniform cost report form provided by the State Agency. Hospital-Based facilities using Medicare fiscal year ending dates between May 31 and June 30 must submit cost reports on or before November 30. Those using Medicare fiscal year ending dates between July 31 and September must submit cost reports on or before December 31 using the most recent complete fiscal year cost data. All other facilities are required to submit cost reports on or before September 30 of the year in which the reporting period ends.

b. All nursing facilities are required to submit to the Department any changes in the amount of or classification of reported costs made on the original cost report within thirty days after the implementation of the original cost report used to set reimbursement rates. Adjustments to amounts or changes in classification of reported costs in prior years will not be considered.

3. All nursing facilities are required to maintain financial and statistical detail to substantiate the cost data reported for a period of at least three years following the date of submission of the cost report form to the State Agency. These records must be made available upon demand to representatives of the State Agency or the DHHS.

4. The State Agency shall retain all uniform cost reports submitted in accordance with paragraph 2a above for a period of three years following the date of submission of such reports, and will properly maintain those reports.

B. Audits

1. The State Agency has, as needed, updated and revised resource materials developed in prior years through the accomplishment of the following tasks:

a. The development of standards of reasonableness for each major cost center of a nursing facility;

b. The development of a computerized desk review process for the submitted uniform cost reports; and

c. The development of a detailed on-site audit plan, using generally accepted auditing standards.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

The standards, desk review, and on-site audits ensure that only expense items allowable under the Georgia Plan, as detailed under Section C of this attachment, are included in the facility’s uniform cost report and that the expense items included are accurately determined and are reasonable.

2. The State Agency will conduct analyses of the uniform cost reports for the reporting year ending the previous June 30th to verify that the facility has complied with paragraphs 2 and 3 above in Section A.

3. Where the analyses conducted, as specified in paragraph B 2 above, reveal that a facility has not complied with requirements, further auditing of the facility’s financial and statistical records and other documents will be conducted as needed.

4. On-site audits of the financial and statistical records will be performed annually in at least 15 percent of participating facilities. Such on-site audits of financial and statistical records will be sufficiently comprehensive in scope to ascertain whether, in all material respects, the uniform cost report complies with Section B, Paragraph 1 above.

5. The on-site audits conducted in accordance with Section B, paragraph 4 above shall produce an audit report which shall meet generally accepted auditing standards. The report shall declare the auditor’s opinion as to whether, in all material respects, the uniform cost report includes only expense items allowable under the Georgia Plan, as detailed under Section C of this attachment, and that the expense items included are accurately determined, and are reasonable. These audit reports shall be kept by the State Agency for at least three years following the date of submission of such reports, and will be properly maintained.

6. Any overpayments found in audits under this paragraph will be accounted for on Form HCFA-64 no later than 60 days from the date that the final rate notification is sent to the nursing facility.

C. Allowability of Costs

The Department uses the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Manual (CMS 15-1) Medicare principles, as a guide to determine allowable and non-allowable costs. However, in situations where warranted, the Department has developed policy regarding cost allowability outsold of CMS 15-1. In addition to the use of the CMS 15-1 as a guide, the Department describes specific cost allowability in Supplement 2 of Attachment 4.19-D. The following paragraphs address the allowability of costs:
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

1. Allowable Costs Include the Following:

   a. The cost of meeting certification standards. These costs include all items of expense which providers must incur to meet the definition of nursing facilities under Title XIX statutory and regulatory requirements and as otherwise prescribed by the Secretary of HHS for nursing facilities; in order to comply with requirements of the State Agency responsible for establishing and maintaining health standards; and in order to comply with any other requirements for nursing facility licensing under the State law;

   b. All items of expense which providers incur in the provision of routine services. Routine services include the regular room, dietary and nursing services, minor medical and surgical supplies, and the use of equipment and facilities. Additional allowable costs include depreciation, interest, and rent expense as defined in the principles of reimbursement in CMS-15-1, except that actual malpractice insurance costs are reimbursed as reported in the facility’s cost report, subject to audit verification; and

   c. Costs applicable to services, facilities, and supplies furnished to a provider by common ownership or control shall not exceed the lower of the cost to the related organization or the price of comparable services, facilities, or supplies purchased elsewhere. Providers are required to identify such related organization and costs on the State’s uniform cost report.
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

2. Non-Allowable Costs Include the Following:

a. Bad debts of non-Title XIX program patients and charity and courtesy allowances shall not be included in allowable costs. The only bad debts allowable are those defined in 42 CFR 413.80. The value of operating rights and licenses and/or goodwill is not an – allowable cost and is not included in the computation of the return on equity;

b. Effective for the determination of reasonable costs used in the establishment of reimbursement rates on and after April 1, 1991, the costs listed below are nonallowable.

i. Costs related to lobbying and government relations, including costs for employees with duties related to lobbying and government relations, honorariums and reimbursement of travel or other expenses of elected officials;

ii. Memberships in civic organizations;

iii. Out-of-state travel paid by the provider for persons other than board members or those employed or contracted by the provider. Out-of-state travel for provider personnel must be related to patient care;

iv. Vehicle depreciation or vehicle lease expense in excess of the lesser of IRS limits per vehicle or the amount allowed under Medicare reimbursement principles; provided, however, such limits shall not apply to specialized patient transport vehicles (e.g. ambulances);

v. Air transport vehicles that are not used to transport patient care staff or patients. If these vehicles are sometimes used for patient care staff or patient transport, the portion of cost that is unrelated to patient care staff or patient transport is nonallowable;

vi. Fifty percent (50%) of membership dues for national, state and local associations;

vii. Legal services for an administrative appeal or hearing, or court proceeding involving the provider and the Department or any other state agency when judgment or relief is not granted to the provider. Legal services associated with certificate of need issuance reviews, appeals, disputes or court proceedings are not allowable regardless of outcome. Legal services associated with a provider's initial certificate of need request shall be allowable;
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

i. Advertising costs that are (a) for fund raising purposes; (b) incurred in the sale or lease of a facility or agency or in connection with issuance of the provider's own stock, or the sale of stock held by the provider in another corporation; (c) for the purpose of increasing patient utilization of the provider's facilities; (d) for public image improvement; or (e) related to government relations or lobbying; and

ii. The cost of home office vehicle expense.

A. Methods and Standards for Determining Reasonable Cost-Related Payments

The 2010 cost report, using the reporting format and underlying instructions established by the Department, will be used to determine a facility's allowable cost that will be the basis for computing a rate.

1. Prospective Rates

Payment rates to nursing facilities and ICF/MRs are determined prospectively using costs from a base period. For dates of service beginning February 1, 2012, the 2009 Cost Report is the basis for reimbursement.

2. Determination of Payment Classes

Classes are determined in accordance with Section 1002 of Supplement 2 to Attachment 4.19-D of the State Plan.

B. Payment Assurances

The State will pay each provider of nursing care services, who furnishes the services in accordance with the requirements of the State Plan, the amount determined for services furnished by the provider under the Plan according to the methods and standards set forth in Section D, above.

In no case shall the payment rate for services provided under the plan exceed the facility's customary charges to the general public for such services.

TN No. 12-005
Supersedes TN No. 12-003

Approval Date: SEP - 6 2012
Effective Date: 07-01-12
METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

F. Provider Participation

Payments made in accordance with methods and standards described in this attachment are
designed to enlist participation of a sufficient number of providers of services in the program; so
that eligible persons can receive the medical care and services included in the State Plan at least
to the extent these are available to the general public.

G. Payment in Full

Participation in the program shall be limited to providers of service who accept, as payment in
full, the amounts paid in accordance with the State Plan.

H. Payment Limitation Applicable to Patients in Nursing Facilities with Medicare Part A
   Entitlement

Effective with dates of payment of February 1, 1991, and after, the maximum allowable payment
for Medicare nursing facility coinsurance (crossover) claims will be the nursing facility’s
Medicaid specific per diem rate in effect for the dates of services of the crossover claims. The
crossover claims will not be subsequently adjusted due to subsequent per diem rate adjustments.

Daily cost-sharing charges for beneficiaries will commence on the 21st day of service through
the 100th day of service. These patients must be eligible for Part A Medicare and be admitted
to an approved Medicare facility under conditions payable by Medicare.

I. Nurse Aide Training

The Department adjusts per diem payment rates to reimburse the costs associated with
replacement wages and overtime for nurse aide training and testing. This adjustment does not
apply to ICF/MR facilities. Beginning with dates of service July 1, 1992, and after, the
Department will not adjust reimbursement rates for the cost of replacement wages and overtime
for nurse aide training and testing because these costs are included in the 1991 cost reports.

J. Public Process

The State has a place a public process which complies with the requirement of Section
1902(a)(13)(A) of the Social Security Act.
K. Other Adjustments to Rates

1. Effective July 1, 2003, in order to recognize the Medicaid share to a facility’s cost of paying fees for Georgia’s Nursing Home Provider Fee Act, an adjustment equal to the fee payable for each Medicaid patient day will be added to the facility’s rate. During the quarter beginning July 1, 2003, the adjustment amount will be estimated by the Division; any difference between the estimated and actual fee will be corrected by changes to rates for a subsequent quarter. For periods beginning October 1, 2003, the adjustment amount will be based on the fee applicable for the prior quarter.

2. For payments made for services provided on or after July 1, 2005, State governmental facilities and non-State governmental facilities will be eligible for rate payment adjustments. The rate adjustment payments are intended to provide supplemental funding for Medicaid services to facilities that based on their governmental status, need sufficient funds for their commitments to meet the healthcare needs of all members of their communities. The rate payment adjustments will be subject to federal upper payment limits. For the appropriate groupings of State governmental facilities, non-State governmental facilities and non-governmental facilities, aggregate rate adjustment payments available without exceeding upper payment limits will be determined by measuring the difference between:

   a. All amounts paid for services provided to Medicaid patients; and,
   b. Estimated payment amounts for such services if payments were based on Medicare payment principles.

3. Comparison of all amounts paid for services provided to Medicaid patients and estimated payment amounts for such services if payments were based on Medicare payment principles will also be made for each facility to determined facility specific rate adjustment payments. These rate payment adjustments will be made at the end of the quarter and will be determined in a manner which will not duplicate compensation provided from payments for individual patient claims.

An example of how a rate adjustment payment is calculated is presented on the following pages. This table is for illustrative purposes only and the values are meaningless.
Provider Name: XYZ Nursing Home
Provider Number: xxxxxxxxAXY

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<th>Quarter Ending 03/31/12</th>
<th>Quarter Ending 06/30/12</th>
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SEP - 6 2012
TN No. 12-003
Supersedes
TN No. 02-007
Approval Date: Effective Date: 02-01-12
NURSING FACILITY RATE DETERMINATION FOR VENTILATOR DEPENDENT RESIDENTS

(1) The nursing facility per diem for a ventilator dependent resident will be $463.87 effective for dates of service on and after November 13, 2009. Through June 30, 2012, the per diem will increase annually on January 1 by an annual inflation factor. The Department will use the Skilled Nursing Facility Total Market Basket (with capital) inflation factors from Global Insight and use the first quarter of the current year and compare it to the first quarter of the prior year to determine the annual inflation amount to be applied.

(2) The per diem costs of providing services to the ventilator dependent residents shall be maintained separately (as a distinct part) of each facility’s annual cost report beginning November 13, 2009.

(3) Ventilator dependent per diem rates will cover all skilled nursing care Services and will be all-inclusive.

(4) No additional amount above the current nursing facility daily rate shall be allowed until the service is prior authorized by the Department’s Medical Management Contractor.

(5) The resident’s clinical condition shall be reviewed every 90 days to determine if the resident’s medical condition continues to warrant services at the ventilator dependent nursing facility rate. Prior authorization through the Department’s Medical Management Contractor spans a 90-day maximum time period. The nursing facility is required to resubmit requests for continued stay prior to expiration of the current PA. If a resident no longer requires the use of a ventilator, the provider shall not receive additional reimbursement beyond the Georgia Medicaid nursing home per diem rate determined for the facility.
PART II, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

CHAPTER 1000

BASIS FOR REIMBURSEMENT

Rev. 01/01/2006

1001 General

This chapter provides an explanation of the Division’s reimbursement methodology.

1002 Reimbursement Methodology

A facility’s Actual Reimbursement Rate is the amount the Division will reimburse to a facility for nursing services rendered to a particular eligible patient for one patient day and is calculated by subtracting Patient Income from Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate. In addition, it is subject to retroactive adjustment according to the relevant provisions of Part I, Chapter 400 of the Manual and Supplement 4 to Attachment 4.19-D.

1002.1 Definitions

a. Patient Income is that dollar amount shown on the Summary Notification letter issued by the Department of Family and Children Services (DFCS). The patient’s income is deducted in full from the Medicaid reimbursement rate until the income has been exhausted.

b. Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate is the amount derived from the rate setting process, as defined in Sections 1002.2 and 1002.3.

c. A nursing facility is an institution licensed and regulated to provide nursing care services or intermediate care services for the mentally retarded in accordance with the provisions of this Manual. For reimbursement purposes, nursing facilities including hospital based facilities are divided into two types based upon the mix of Medicaid patients residing in the facilities. The type classification of a nursing facility may change as described in this chapter. The types are described below:

1) Nursing Facilities - These facilities provide skilled and intermediate nursing care continuously, but do not provide constant medical and support services available in an acute care facility or hospital.

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2) Intermediate Care Facilities for the Mentally Retarded (ICF-MR) - These facilities provide care to patients that are mentally retarded.

d. **Cost Center** refers to one of five groupings of expenses reported on Schedule B-2 of the "Nursing Home Cost Report Under Title XIX," hereinafter referred to as the Cost Report. Specifically, expenses for the five cost centers are reported in Column 3 of the Schedule as Routine and Special Services (Lines 17 and 77), Dietary (Line 89), Laundry and Housekeeping and Operation and Maintenance of Plant (Lines 109 and 123), Administrative and General (Line 169), and Property and Related (Line 186). See hospital-based and state institutions cost reports for appropriate cost center expense groupings.

e. **Distinct Part Nursing Facilities** are facilities in which a portion operates as a nursing facility and another portion operates separately as an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded.

f. **Total Patient Days** are the number of days reported by the facility on Schedule A, Line 13, Column 8 of the Cost Report subject to correction or adjustment by the Division for incorrectly reported data.

g. **Hospital-Based Nursing Facilities** - A nursing facility is hospital-based when the following conditions are met:

   1. The facility is affiliated with an acute care hospital that is enrolled with the Division in the Hospital Services Program.
   2. The facility is subordinate to the hospital and operated as a separate and distinct hospital division that has financial and managerial responsibilities equivalent to those of other revenue producing divisions of the hospital.
   3. The facility is operated with the hospital under common ownership and governance. The long-term care facility, as a division of the hospital, must be responsible to the hospital's governing board.
   4. The facility is financially integrated with the hospital as evidenced by the utilization of the hospital's general and support services. A minimum of four services from Section A and two services from Section B below must be shared with the hospital.

**Section A**

   a) employee benefits  
   b) central services and supply  
   c) dietary  
   d) housekeeping  
   e) laundry and linen  
   f) maintenance and repairs

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Section B

a) accounting

b) admissions

c) collections

d) data processing

e) maintenance of personnel

Facilities must provide organizational evidence demonstrating that the above requirements of (4) have been met. This evidence will be used to determine which facilities will be hospital-based.

Evidence that the required number of services in Sections A and B are shared with the hospital must be included in the hospital’s Medicare cost report.

Appropriate costs should be allocated to the nursing facility and the Medicare cost report must be approved by the Medicare intermediary.

In making the determination that a long-term care facility is hospital-based, collocation is not an essential factor; however, the distance between the facilities must be reasonable as determined by the Division or its agents.

The Division will recover the monetary difference reimbursed to the facility between hospital-based and freestanding status for any time period the facility does not qualify for hospital-based status.

To change classification to hospital-based from another class, or to enroll in the program as a hospital-based provider, the following restrictions apply in addition to the requirements described above:

1) Only one hospital-based nursing facility per hospital is allowed.

2) Any cost increases for the change to the hospital-based classification will be reimbursed when the first filed Medicare cost report is used to file the Medicaid cost report to set a per diem rate.
Nursing facilities classified as hospital-based prior to July 1, 1994, will be exempt from the above additional requirements. Hospitals, which currently have more than one hospital-based nursing facility, will not be allowed to include any additional hospital-based facilities.

h. **Property Transaction** is the sale of a facility or of a provider; the lease of a facility; the expiration of a lease of a facility; the construction of a new facility; an addition to the physical plant of a facility; or any transaction, other than change of ownership of a provider due solely to acquisition of capital stock, or the merger of a provider with another legal entity (statutory merger). For purposes of reimbursement, a sale shall not include any transaction in which acquisition is less than 51% of a partnership or proprietorship, or accomplished solely by acquisition of the capital stock of the corporation without acquisition of the assets of that corporation. The effective date of any Property Transaction shall be the latest of all of the following events that are applicable to the transaction:

1. The effective date of the sale or the lease.
2. The first day a patient resides in the facility.
3. The date of the written approval by the Division of Health Planning of the relevant proposal.
4. The effective date of licensing by the Georgia Department of Community Health Standards and Licensure Unit.
5. The effective date of the Statement of Participation in the Georgia Medical Assistance Program.
6. The date on which physical construction is certified complete by whichever agency(s) is/are responsible for this determination.
7. The date of the approval of a Certificate of Need by the Division of Health Planning.

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i. **Gross Square Footage** is the outside measurement of everything under a roof, which is heated and enclosed. When the Division issues the provider a rate under the Fair Rental Value System, it is a tentative rate based upon the data previously submitted to the Division for verification. The data received on gross square footage and age of a facility is subject to audit review (along with other parameters which affect the billing rate calculation). Documentation should include but not be limited to blueprints, architect plans, certified appraisals, etc.

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j. **Age** is defined in Section 1002.5(5).

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k. Cost is the expense incurred for goods and services used to operate a nursing facility. In the establishment of a per diem billing rate, most costs are allowable while certain other costs are not. A definition of cost and a discussion of allowable and non-allowable costs are contained in Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS-15-1). In addition to those non-allowable costs discussed in CMS-15-1, the costs listed below are non-allowable.

Costs related to lobbying and government relations, including costs for employees with duties related to lobbying and government relations, honorariums and reimbursement of travel or other expenses of elected officials;

Memberships in civic organizations;

Out-of-state travel paid by the provider for persons other than board members or those employed or contracted by the provider. Out-of-state travel for provider personnel must be related to patient care;

Vehicle depreciation or vehicle lease expense in excess of the lesser of IRS limits per vehicle or the amount allowed under Medicare reimbursement principles provided, however, such limits shall not apply to specialized patient transport vehicles (e.g. ambulances);

Air transport vehicles that are not used to transport patient care staff or patients. If these vehicles are sometimes used for patient care staff or patient transport, the portion of cost that is unrelated to patient care staff or patient transport is non-allowable. For purposes of this provision, patient care staff includes only those who are transported in order to provide direct medical care to an individual patient.

Fifty percent (50%) of membership dues for national, state, and local associations;

Legal services for an administrative appeal or hearing, or court proceedings involving the provider and the Division or any other state agency when a judgment or relief is not granted to the provider. Legal services associated with certificate of need issuance reviews, appeals, disputes or court proceedings are not allowable regardless of outcome. Legal services associated with a provider's initial certificate of need request shall be allowable;
Advertising costs that are (a) for fundraising purposes, (b) incurred in the sale or lease of a facility or agency or in connection with issuance of the provider’s own stock, or the sale of stock held by the provider in another corporation, (c) for the purpose of increasing patient utilization of the provider’s facilities; (d) for public image improvement, or (e) related to government relations or lobbying.

Funds expended for personal purchases.

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1002.2 Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate for Facilities for Which a Cost Report is Used To Set a Billing Rate

For dates of service beginning July 1, 2012, the 2010 Cost Report is the basis for reimbursement.

For these facilities the following formulas apply:

Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate =

Allowed Per Diem + Efficiency Per Diem + Growth Allowance + Other Rate Adjustments.

Summation of the (Net Per Diem or Standard Per Diem, whichever amount is less as to the facility; for Nursing Facilities, the resulting per diem amount for Routine and Special Services is multiplied by a facility’s quarterly case mix score as determined by the Division for Medicaid patients during the most recent calendar quarter for which information is available) for each of the four Non-Property Cost Centers plus the Net Per Diem for the Property and Related Cost Center. The Property and Related Cost Center reimbursement for those facilities whose cost reimbursement is limited to the standard (90th percentile) per diem in this cost center will be based upon the standard per diem calculated from the cost reports for the year ending June 30, 1981.

Efficiency Per Diem =
Summation of (Standard Per Diem minus Net Per Diem) x 75% up to the Maximum Efficiency Per Diem for each of the five cost centers.

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Growth Allowance =

Summation of 0% of the Allowed Per Diem for each of the four Non-Property and Related cost centers (Routine and Special Services; Dietary;
Landry and Housekeeping and Operations and Maintenance of Plant; and Administrative and General).

Further explanation of these terms is included below:

a. In general, the Net Per Diem is determined from the costs of operation of the individual facility in which eligible patients reside. These reports are determined by utilizing the information submitted by the facility on its Cost Report.

All amounts and supporting data submitted on the Cost Report are subject to verification and adjustment by the Division. These modifications concern: mathematical calculation errors; limitations placed on allowable costs, and the documents, principles, and criteria referenced therein; reasonableness limitations placed on salaries paid employees of the facility; reasonableness limitations using the principles contained in CMS-15-1; or other parameters placed on reasonable cost by the Division. These modifications basically concern what expenses are attributable to the care received and the reasonableness of the amounts of expenses that are attributable to care. See Supplement 4 to Attachment 4.19-D for appellate procedures to resolve disputes of specific contested adjustments. Specifically, the Net Per Diem for each of the five cost centers is determined as follows (all Schedule references are to the Cost Report):

See Section 1002.5 for additional description of such limitations.

Allowable Home Office salary costs are limited to an appropriate maximum.

Fringe benefits are also limited to an appropriate maximum. (A per bed salary ceiling also is imposed, based on the 70th percentile of costs per the 1988 home office cost reports, plus an allowance for inflation. Home Office salaries and related fringe benefits are subjected to a $100,000 maximum salary for CEO, COO, CFO and other Home Office personnel. Therefore, in addition to the per bed salary ceiling, we have incorporated a position maximum of $100,000 to be applied only to owners of nursing facilities and related parties.) Reimbursement for the cost of home office vehicles is eliminated, except to the extent that home office vehicle costs can be included with related home office salaries as a fringe benefit, and in total, fall below any designated maximums.

Routine and Special Services Net Per Diem =

Nursing Facilities Net Per Diem =

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(Historical Routine and Special Services (Schedule B, Lines 5 plus 7, Column 4) divided by (Total Patient Days, Schedule A, Line 13, Column 8); for Nursing Facilities, the resulting per diem amount is divided by a case mix index score as determined by the Division for all residents in the facility during the base period, the cost reporting period identified in Section 1002.2. The method by which a case mix index score is calculated is described in Supplement 3 to Attachment 4.19-D (Uniform Chart of Accounts, Cost Reporting, Reimbursement Principles and Other Reporting Requirements) of this Attachment.

ICF-MR Net Per Diem =

(Historical ICF-MR Routine and Special Services (Schedule B, Lines 6 plus 7, Column 4) divided by (Total ICF-MR Patient Days, Schedule A, Line 13, Column 8).

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When costs for State Distinct Part Nursing Facilities can be identified, be they routine services or special services, the costs will be allocated as identified. Where costs have not been identified, the patient days method will be used to allocate costs. The example below shows the treatment of these costs:

Total Routine Services Costs, (Medicaid Cost Report)

Schedule B, Line 6, Column 4  $5,000,000

Patient Days

Total Medicaid ICF_MR Patient Days (Medicaid Cost Report)

Schedule A, Line 13, Sum of Columns 4, 5, and 6): 40,000 80%

Total Medicaid NF Patient Days (Medicaid Cost Report)

Schedule A, Line 13, Sum of Columns 4, 5, and 6): 10,000 20%

$ 50,000 100%

Allocation

Routine Services Cost allocated to ICF-MR (Schedule B, Line 6, Column 4 is $5,000,000 x 80% = $4,000,000)

Routine Services Cost allocated to NF (Schedule B, Line 6, Column 4 is $5,000,000 x 20% = $1,000,000)

Dietary Net Per Diem =
Historical Dietary, Schedule B, Line 8, Column 4, Divided By Total Patient Days.

**Laundry and Housekeeping and Operation and Maintenance of Plant Net Per Diem =**

Historical Laundry, Housekeeping, Operation and Maintenance of Plant, Schedule B, Lines 9 plus 10, Column 4, Divided By Total Patient Days.

**Administrative and General Net Per Diem =**

Historical Administrative and General, Schedule B, Line 11, Column 4, Divided By Total Patient Days.

**Property and Related Net Per Diem =**

Property and Related net per diem calculated under the Fair Rental Value System.

The **Return on Equity Percent** is 0% for all facilities.

b. **Standard Per Diem** for each of the five cost centers (Routine and Special Services; Dietary; Laundry and Housekeeping and Operation and Maintenance of Plant; Administrative and General; and Property and Related) is determined after facilities with like characteristics concerning a particular cost center are separated into distinct groups. Once a group has been defined for a particular cost center, facilities in a group shall be ordered by position number from one to the number of facilities in the group, arranged by Net Per Diem from the lowest (Number "1") to the highest dollar value Net Per Diem. The number of facilities in the applicable group shall be multiplied by the **Maximum Percentile**, or a median net per diem may be chosen, with
the Maximum Cost per day being determined as a percentage of the median.

The Maximum Cost per day for the Administrative and General costs of all nursing facilities eligible for an efficiency incentive payment is 105% of the median cost per day within each peer group. The Maximum Percentile is the eighty-fifth for Laundry and Housekeeping and Operation and Maintenance of Plant cost centers. The Maximum Percentile is the ninetieth percentile for the Routine Services and Special Services, and the Property and Related cost centers. For the Dietary cost center, the Maximum Percentile is the sixtieth percentile for the Hospital-Based Nursing Facility group and the ninetieth percentile for the Free Standing Nursing Facility group and the Intermediate Care Facility for the Mentally Retarded group. If the Maximum Percentile does not correspond to a specific value in the array of net per diem amounts, the maximum percentile is determined by interpolation (i.e., finding the mid-point between whole integers).

The grouping will be done using Net Per Diem for each cost center that has been reported by the facility, and calculated by the Division. Standards effective July 1, 2012, will not be recalculated based upon changes in rates due to subsequent determination of additional allowable cost, disallowance of previously allowable cost or any change in the Net Per Diem in any cost center. The following examples show groupings by Net Per Diem:

**Routine and Special Services Maximum Percentile at 90%**

Nursing Home Net Per Diem for 10 nursing homes from lowest to highest:

$90, $95, $95, $100, $115, $120, $120, $130, $135, $140

**Maximum Percentile Standard Determination**

(10 net per diems) X (90th percentile) = 9th position or $135

**Administrative and General Maximum Cost at 105% of Median**

Nursing Home Net Per Diems for 11 nursing homes from lowest to highest:

$90, $95, $95, $100, $115, $120, $120, $130, $135, $140, $150

**Maximum Cost Standard Determination at 105% of Median**
Median Net Per Diem is the per diem amount that falls in the middle of the group or $120
$120 \times 105\% = \$126

Administrative and General Maximum Cost at 105\% of Median (Interpolation)

Nursing Home Net Per Diems for 10 nursing homes from lowest to highest:

$90, \$95, \$95, \$100, \$115, \$120, \$120, \$130, \$135, \$140

Maximum Cost Standard Determination at 105\% of Median

Median Net Per Diem is the average of the two middle net per diem amounts that fall in the middle of the group ($115 + \$120/2 = \$118$)

\$118 \times 105\% = \$124

There are several instances where a facility could fall in more than one group. Intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded which are also nursing facilities are classified as intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded and not grouped with other nursing facilities.

For the purpose of determining the Standard Per Diem and the Allowed Per Diem for each cost center, a facility is grouped according to the type facility (e.g., nursing facility, hospital-based nursing facility, or intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded) it is as of the date the Standard Per Diem is calculated.

If a facility changes classification to hospital-based or grouping on January 1 through June 30 of any calendar year, it will be grouped into its new category for reimbursement purposes for dates of services July 1 of that year and thereafter. If a facility changes classification as described above on July 1 through December 31 of any calendar year, regrouping will occur from January 1 of the following year.

Routine and Special Services Standard Per Diem

For this Standard Per Diem, all nursing facilities shall be grouped as follows:

Nursing Facility

Intermediate Care Facility for the Mentally Retarded
Dietary Standard Per Diem

For this Standard Per Diem, all nursing facilities shall be grouped as follows:

Free Standing Nursing Facility

Hospital-Based Nursing Facility

Intermediate Care Facility for the Mentally Retarded

Laundry and Housekeeping and Operation and Maintenance of Plant Standard Per Diem

For this Standard Per Diem, all nursing facilities shall be grouped as follows:

Nursing Facility

Intermediate Care Facility for the Mentally Retarded

Administrative and General Standard Per Diem

For this Standard Per Diem, all nursing facilities shall be grouped as follows:

Nursing Facility

Intermediate Care Facility for the Mentally Retarded

Property and Related Standard Per Diem

Rev 07/01/2010 Costs for property taxes and property insurance as defined in the Uniform Chart of Accounts, are calculated separately and are not subject to property-related cost center Standard Per Diem.

Rev. 07/01/2010 c. The Efficiency Per Diem represents the summation of the Efficiency Per Diem for each of the five cost centers. If the Net Per Diem is equal to or exceeds the Standard Per Diem in any cost center, or if the Net Per Diem is equal to or less than 15% of the Standard Per Diem, the Efficiency Per Diem for the cost center is zero ($0.00). If the Net Per Diem is less than the Standard Per Diem in any cost center, and if the Net Per Diem is more than 15% of the Standard Per Diem, the Efficiency Per Diem for the cost center is calculated by subtracting the Net Per Diem from the Standard Per Diem for that cost center and then multiplying the difference by .75. The product represents the

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Efficiency Per Diem for that cost center subject to the following maximums which have been established through legislative authority:

Routine and Special Services
Maximum Efficiency Payment $0.53

Dietary Maximum Efficiency Payment $0.22

Laundry and Housekeeping and Operation and Maintenance of Plant Maximum Efficiency Payment $0.41

Administrative and General Maximum Efficiency Payment $0.37

Property and Related Maximum Efficiency Payment $0.40

1002.3 Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate For Facilities For Which A Cost Report or Case Mix Score Cannot Be Used To Set A Billing Rate

If the Division determines that a cost report cannot be used to set a billing rate the per diem rate will be established, as follows:

a. When changes in ownership occur, new owners will receive the prior owner’s per diem until a cost report basis can be used to establish a new per diem rate. (See Supplement 3 to Attachment 4.19-D).

b. Newly enrolled facilities will be reimbursed the lower of: projected costs; or 90% of the appropriate cost center ceilings, plus a growth allowance and the appropriate Property and Related Net Per Diem until a cost report is submitted which can be used to establish a rate.

c. In all other instances (except as noted below for newly constructed facilities) where the Division determines that a cost report cannot be used to set a reimbursement rate, the Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate will be resolved as described in the provisions discussed below for unauditable cost reports.

The Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate for facilities with more than 50 beds determined by the Division to be newly constructed facilities is equal to 95% of the four Non-Property and Related Standard Per Diem amounts plus the appropriate growth allowance and Property and Related Net Per Diem.
The Property and Related Net Per Diem referred to in subsections (a) through (c) above is equal to either the Fair Rental Value Rate as determined under Section 1002.5(a) through (g).

d. In all other instances where the Division determines that a cost report cannot be used to set a reimbursement rate, the Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate will be resolved as described in the provisions discussed below for unauditable cost reports. If the Division determines that a cost report which was to be used to set a reimbursement rate is unauditable (i.e., the Division's auditors cannot render an opinion using commonly accepted auditing practices on the filed cost report, either on the desk review or on-site audit), or unreliable (See Supplement 3 to Attachment 4.19-D), the Division may reimburse the facility the lower of the following:
The last Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate issued prior to the reimbursement period to be covered by the unauditable cost report;
The Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate calculated from the unauditable cost report; or
The Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate calculated according to 90% of the four Non-Property and Related Standard Per Diem amounts plus the appropriate growth allowance and Property and Related Net Per Diem.

Once a cost report becomes auditable and appropriate, the Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate will then be calculated using the audited cost report as a basis. The resulting reimbursement rate will then be applied to the appropriate period.

e. If a case mix score cannot be determined for a facility, the average score for all facilities may be used in a rate calculation. If a facility's number of MDS assessments for Medicaid patients in a quarter is limited so as to make the resulting average case mix score unreliable for rate calculations, the Department may elect to use the average score for all facilities.

1002.4 Other Rate Adjustments

Quality Improvement Initiative Program
Facilities must enroll in the Quality Improvement Program to receive the following incentives:

a. A staffing adjustment equal to 1% of the Allowed Per Diem for Routine and Special Services may be added to a facility’s rate. To qualify for such a rate adjustment, a facility’s Nursing Hours and Patient Days Report must demonstrate that the facility meets the minimum staffing requirements presented in section 1003.1.

b. For the most recent calendar quarter for which MDS information is available, Brief Interview for Mental Status (BIMS) scores for Medicaid patients will be measured, as determined by the Division. An adjustment factor may be applied to a facility’s Routine and Special Services Allowed Per Diem based on the percentage of Medicaid patients whose BIMS scores are less than or equal to 5. The adjustment factors are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of Medicaid Patients</th>
<th>Adjustment Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;20%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20% - &lt;30%</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% - &lt;45%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45% - 100%</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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c. A quality incentive adjustment may be added to a facility’s rate utilizing the following set of indicators.

1. Clinical Measures:

   The source of data is the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) website. Each measure is worth 1 point if the facility-specific value is in excess of the statewide average.

   (a) Percent of High Risk Long-Stay Residents Who Have Pressure Sores.
   (b) Percent of Long-Stay Residents Who Were Physically Restrained.
   (c) Percent of Long-Stay Residents Who Have Moderate to Severe Pain.
   (d) Percent of Short-Stay Residents Who had Moderate to Severe Pain.
   (e) Percent of Residents Who Received Influenza Vaccine.
   (f) Percent of Low Risk Long-Stay Residents Who Have Pressure Sores.

2. Alternative Clinical Measures:
Facilities that do not generate enough data to report on the CMS website (due to not meeting the minimum number of assessments for a reporting in a quarter) will use the following measures from the My InnerView (MIV) Quality Profile. The values used from MIV Quality Profile will be compared to the MIV Georgia average values for those measures. Each measure is worth 1 point if the facility-specific value is in excess of the MIV Georgia average.

(a) Chronic Care Pain – Residents without unplanned weight loss/gain.
(b) PAC Pain – Residents without antipsychotic medication use.
(c) High Risk Pressure Ulcer – Residents without acquired pressure ulcers.
(d) Physical Restraints – Residents without acquired restraints.
(e) Vaccination: Flu – Residents without falls.
(f) Low Risk Pressure Ulcer – Residents without acquired catheters.

3. Non Clinical Measures:

Each measure is worth 1 point as described.

(a) Participation in the Employee Satisfaction Survey.
(b) Most Current Family Satisfaction Survey Score for “Would you recommend this facility?” Percentage of combined responses either “excellent” or “good” to meet or exceed the state average of 85% combined.
(c) Quarterly average for RNs/LVNs/LPNs Stability (retention) to meet or exceed the state average.
(d) Quarterly average for CNAs/NA Stability (retention) to meet or exceed the state average.

To qualify for a quality incentive adjustment equal to 1% of the Allowed Per Diem for Routine and Special Services for the most recent calendar quarter, the facility must obtain a minimum of three (3) points in the following combination: One (1) point must come from clinical measures, one (1) point from the non-clinical measure, and a third point from either the clinical or non-clinical measures.

To qualify for a quality incentive adjustment equal to 2% of the Allowed Per Diem for Routine and Special Services, for the most recent calendar quarter, the facility must obtain a minimum of six (6) points in the following combination: Three (3) points must come from the clinical measures, one (1) point from the non-clinical measures, and two (2) points from either the clinical or non-clinical measures.
NOTE: Facilities placed on the Special Focus List generated by CMS will not earn the DCH 1% Quality Incentive until the following conditions have been met:

- The facilities next standard survey and/or compliant survey, after being placed on the list, does not have a deficiency cited over Level E scope and severity; and
- The facilities second standard survey and/or compliant survey, after being placed on the list, does not have a deficiency cited over Level E scope and severity; or
- If the facility is removed from the special focus list by CMS for any other reason

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1002.5 Property and Related Reimbursement

1. Effective for dates of service on and after July 1, 2012, the Property and Related Net Per Diem shall be the amount computed using the Fair Rental Value (FRV) reimbursement system described below. Under a FRV system, a facility is reimbursed on the basis of the established current value of its capital assets in lieu of direct reimbursement for depreciation, amortization, interest, and rent/lease expenses. The FRV system shall establish a nursing facility’s bed value based on the age of the facility, its location, and its total square footage.

2. The Property and Related Net Per Diem established under the FRV System shall be calculated as follows:

   (a) Effective for dates of service on and after July 1, 2012 the value per square foot shall be based on the $146.08 construction cost for nursing facilities, as derived from the 2010 RSMeans Building Construction cost data for Nursing Homes (national index for open shop construction). The Value per Square Foot shall be adjusted by using the RSMeans Location factors based on the facility’s zip code as well as by a Construction Cost Index which is set at 1.0708. The resulting product is the Adjusted Cost per Square Foot.
(b) A Facility Replacement Value is calculated by multiplying the Adjusted Cost per Square Foot by the Allowed Total Square Footage. The latter figure is the lesser of a nursing facility’s actual square footage (computed using the gross footage method) compared to the number of licensed beds times 700 square feet (the maximum allowed figure per bed).

(c) An Equipment Value is calculated by multiplying the number of licensed beds by $6,000 (the amount allowed per bed) and by an initial Equipment Cost Index of 1.000.

(d) A Depreciated Replacement Value is calculated by depreciating the sum of the Facility Replacement Value and the Equipment Value. The amount depreciated is determined by multiplying the Adjusted Facility Age discussed in all of Section 1002.5(5), by a 2% Facility Depreciation Rate. The Initial Adjusted Facility Age will be the lesser of the calculated facility age or 25 years.

(e) The Land Value of a facility is calculated by multiplying the Facility Replacement Value by 15% to approximate the cost of the land.

(f) A Rental Amount is calculated by summing the facility’s Depreciated Replacement Value and the Land Value and multiplying the figure by a Rental Rate which is 9.0% effective July 1, 2009.

(g) The Annual Rental Amount is divided by the greater of the facility’s actual cumulative resident days during the 2006 cost reporting period or 85% of the licensed bed capacity of the facility multiplied by 365. The resulting figure constitutes the Property and Related Net Per Diem established under the FRV system.

An example of how the Property and Related Net Per Diem is calculated is presented in the following table.
Example Calculation of Initial Fair Rental Value Per Diem

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref.</th>
<th>Data Element</th>
<th>Example Data</th>
<th>Source of Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Facility Name</td>
<td>XYZ Nursing Home 12345678A 2012 1989 138</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Medicaid Provider ID</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Rate Setting Year</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Adjusted Base Year</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Licensed Nursing Facility Beds</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Nursing Facility Square Footage</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Nursing Facility Zip Code</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Total Patient Days</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Per Bed Square Footage Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Maximum Allowed Square Footage</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>Allowed Total Square Footage</td>
<td></td>
<td>Less than or Equal to J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>Rate Year RSMeans Cost per Square Foot</td>
<td>$146.08</td>
<td>RSMeans lookup based on Rate Year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>RSMeans Location Factor</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>RSMeans lookup based on Zip Code (G)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Construction Cost Index</td>
<td>1.0708</td>
<td>Department Criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O</td>
<td>Adjusted Cost per Square Foot</td>
<td>$140.78</td>
<td>L x M x N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Facility Replacement Value</td>
<td>9,693,688</td>
<td>K x O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q</td>
<td>Equipment Allowance</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>Department Criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>Equipment Cost Index</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department Criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>Equipment Value</td>
<td>$828,000.00</td>
<td>E x Q x R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>Facility Value Excluding Land</td>
<td>$10,521,688</td>
<td>P + S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U</td>
<td>Bed Additions and Facility Renoviations</td>
<td></td>
<td>Separate calculations affecting the Nursing Facility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>Nursing Facility Age</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>(see D and V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>Maximum Years for FRV Age</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>C - D (D is based on initial age adjusted by additions/renovations per U)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TN No.: 12-005  
Supersedes  
TN No.: 12-003  
Approval Date: SEP - 6 2012  
Effective Date: 07-01-12
Ref. Data Element                      Example Source of Data
X  FRV Adjusted Facility Age          20 lesser of V or W
Y  Facility Depreciation Rate        2.00% Department Criteria
Z  Depreciation Using FRV Adjusted Age $3,828,860.00 T x X x Y
AA Depreciated Replacement Value     $5,374,290.00 T - Z
AB Land Percentage                   15.00% Department Criteria
AC Land Value                        $1,311,623.00 P x AB
AD Depreciated Replacement Value & Land $7,054,913.00 AA + AC
AE Rental Rate                       9.00% Department Criteria
AF Rental Amount                     Supplement 2 to Attachment 4.19-D
AG Minimum Occupancy Percentage     Page 22
AH Bed Days at Minimum Occupancy   State: GEORGIA
AI Total Allowed Patient Days        48,552 Higher of H or AH
AJ Fair Rental Value per Diem        $13.08 AF / AI
                          06/30/09 Property and Related Net Per
AK Diem                              $5.43 Department Data (Dodge
                                      Index)
                                      Greater of AJ or AK, but
                                      not more than 150% increase of AK
AL Property and Related Net Per Diem $13.08

3. The Property and Related Net Per Diem initially established under
   Section 1002.5(2) shall be updated annually on July 1, effective for
dates of service on or after July 1, 2010 as follows:
   (a) The value per square foot shall be based on the construction
cost for nursing facilities, as derived from the most recent
RSMMeans Building Construction cost data available on
June 1st of each year. The Value per Square Foot shall be
adjusted by using the RSMMeans Location factors based on
the facility’s zip code and by using a cost index to
correspond to annual state appropriations.
   (b) A complete facility replacement, which includes either
relocating to a newly constructed facility or gutting a
complete facility and rebuilding it, will result in a new base
year correlating to the date in which the facility went into
operation. All partial replacements will be treated as
renovations and will have their base year adjusted based on
the methodology proscribed for a renovation.

4. A Renovation Construction Project shall mean a capital
expenditure (as defined in Section 1002.5(4a)) that exceeds $500
per existing licensed bed and has been filed with the Office of
Health Planning as a New Construction Project under the authority
of Ga. Comp. R. & Regs. r. 290-5-8:

SEP - 6 2012

Approval Date:

Effective Date: 02-01-2012
a. Allowable capital expenditures include the costs of buildings, machinery, fixtures, and fixed equipment (see Table 5 in Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable Hospital Assets Revised 2008 Edition), published by Health Forum, Inc., for a complete listing of allowable items) constituting any New Construction Project as referenced in paragraph 4 above. The exception, to this requirement is for telemedicine terminals, solar panels, tankless water heaters, and low flow toilets. Capital expenditures are asset acquisitions that meet the criteria of §108.1 of the Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS-15-1) or are betterments or improvements which meet the criteria of §108.2 of the Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS-15-1) or which materially (a) expand the capacity, (b) reduce the operating and maintenance costs, (c) significantly improve safety, or (d) promote energy conservation.

5. For purposes of the FRV calculation, the age of the facility shall be determined as follows:
   (a) The age of each facility shall be determined as of July 1, 2012 by comparing the 2012 rate setting year to the later of the facility's year of construction or the year the building was first licensed as a nursing facility; provided, however, that such age will be reduced for Construction Projects, or bed additions that occurred subsequent to the initial construction or conversion of the facility, but prior to July 1, 2012.
   (b) For periods subsequent to July 1, 2012, the FRV adjusted age determined in Section 1002.5(5a) of a facility will be reduced on a quarterly basis to reflect new Renovation Construction Projects or bed additions that were completed after July 1, 2012, and placed into service during the preceding quarter. The rate adjustment for Renovation Projects or bed additions will be effective the first day of the calendar quarter subsequent to such project being completed and placed into service.
   (c) Once initial rates are established under the FRV reimbursement system, subsequent calculations of the FRV adjusted age will be determined by subtracting the adjusted base year (derived by calculating the impact of bed additions and facility renovations) from the rate setting year. The FRV adjusted age may be recalculated each July 1 to make the facility one year older, up to the maximum age of 25 years and will be done in concert with the calculations of the Value per Square Foot as determined in
Section 1002.5(3a). Age adjustments and Rate adjustments are not synonymous.

(d) If a facility has added beds, the age of these additional beds will be averaged in with the age of the remaining beds, and the weighted average age of all beds will be used as the facility’s age. An example of how an addition would reduce the age of the facility is presented in the following table:

Example Calculation of the Impact of an Addition on a Nursing Facility’s Base Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref.</th>
<th>Data Element</th>
<th>Example Data</th>
<th>Source of Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Facility Name</td>
<td>XYZ Nursing Home</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Medicaid Provider ID</td>
<td>12345678A</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Year Bed Additions were Completed</td>
<td>1981</td>
<td>Department Criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Base Year Prior to Additions</td>
<td>1970</td>
<td>Based on Initial Age adjusted by Prior Bed Additions and Facility Renovations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Existing Beds prior to Bed Additions</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Number of Beds Added</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Age of Existing Beds when Additions were Completed</td>
<td>11 C - D</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Adjusted Base Year</td>
<td>1989</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Licensed Nursing Facility Beds</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Nursing Facility Square Footage</td>
<td>68857</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Nursing Facility Zip Code</td>
<td>30312</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Weighted Average of Existing Beds</td>
<td>1430</td>
<td>E x G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Total Beds After Bed Additions were</td>
<td>138 E + F</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Completed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Base Year Age Adjustment</td>
<td>10.36</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>New Base Year</td>
<td>1,971.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(e) If a facility performed a Renovation Construction Project as defined in Section 1002.5(4), the cost of the Project will be converted to an equivalent number of replacement beds by dividing the value of the renovation by the depreciable bed replacement value.
i. The renovation completion date will be used to determine the year of the renovation.

ii. An Age Index factor will be used to calculate a bed replacement cost for any renovation occurring prior to July 1, 2009. The Age Index factor is derived by using the 2009 Edition of the RSMeans and dividing the Historical Cost Index for 2009.

iii. To determine the accumulated depreciation per bed, 2 percent per year will be used for a maximum number of 25 depreciable years.

In no case will the consideration of a Renovation Construction Project reduce the age of the facility to a number less than zero.

An example of how the cost of a Renovation Construction Project would be converted to an equivalent number of replacement beds and a new base year is presented in the following table:

Example Calculation of the Impact of a Renovation on a Nursing Facility's Base Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref.</th>
<th>Data Element</th>
<th>Example Data</th>
<th>Source of Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Facility Name</td>
<td>XYZ Nursing Home</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Medicaid Provider ID</td>
<td>12345678A</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Rate Setting Year</td>
<td>2009</td>
<td>Department Criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Year Renovation was Completed</td>
<td>2003</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Base Year Prior to Renovation</td>
<td>1981</td>
<td>Based on Initial Age Adjusted by Prior Bed Addition and facility Renovations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Licensed Number Facility Beds</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Facility Square Footage</td>
<td>40,060</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Nursing Facility Zip Code</td>
<td>30442</td>
<td>Department Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Renovation Amount</td>
<td>$372,662.00</td>
<td>Department Criteria</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

J Renovation Year RSMeans Cost Index 132.00 Renovation Completed RSMeans lookup based on Year

K Rate Year RSMeans Cost Index 185.90 Year RSMeans lookup based on Rate Year

L Facility Age Index Factor 0.7101 J / K RSMeans lookup based on Rate Year

M Rate Year RS Means Cost per Square $141.10 Year RSMeans lookup based on Rate Year

N Max Foot 700 Department Criteria

N Maximum Square Feet per Bed

TN No.: 12-003
Supersedes
TN No.: 06-021

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### 1002.6 Overall Limitations on Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate

In no case shall the Total Allowed Per Diem Billing Rate, whether determined under either Section 1002.2 or Section 1002.3, Nursing Facility Manual, exceed the facility’s customary charges to the general public for those services reimbursed by the Division.

### 1002.7 Payment in Full for Covered Services

The facility must accept as payment in full for covered services the amount determined in accordance with Section 1002, Nursing Facility Manual.

### 1002.8 Adjustments to Rates

Payment rates for state-owned nursing facilities will be adjusted to 100% of service costs. This provision will apply in addition to all others in this chapter and will supersede those that are in direct conflict only to the extent that they are not capable of simultaneous application.

### 1003 Additional Care Services

#### 1003.1 Required Nursing Hours
The **minimum required** number of nursing hours per patient day for all nursing facilities is 2.00 actual working hours. The **minimum expected** nursing hours are 2.50 to qualify for the 1% add-on. (See 1002.4)

1003.2 **Failure to Comply**

a. The **minimum standard** for nursing hours is **2.00**.

b. Facilities found not in compliance with the 2.00 nursing hours will be cited for being out of compliance with a condition of participation. This will lead to imposition of a civil monetary penalty, denial of reimbursement for newly admitted patients, or suspension or termination whichever is appropriate as determined by the Division.

c. The **minimum expected** for nursing hours is **2.50** for participation in the Quality Improvement Program.

1004 **Medicare Crossover Claims**

The maximum allowable payment for Medicare nursing facility coinsurance (crossover) claims will be the nursing facility’s Medicaid specific per diem rate in effect for the dates of service of the crossover claims. The crossover claims will not be subsequently adjusted due to subsequent per diem rate adjustments. This section is also included in Chapter 1100 of the Manual.

1005 **Upper Payment Limit Rate Adjustments for Government Owned or Operated Nursing Facilities**

For payments on or after January 1, 2001, State government-owned or operated facilities and non-State government owned or operated facilities will be eligible for rate payment adjustments, subject to the availability of funds. A facility’s status as government owned or operated will be based on its ability to make direct or indirect intergovernmental transfer payments to the State. The rate payment adjustments will be subject to federal upper payment limits and will be based on amounts that would be paid for services under Medicare payment principles. These rate payment adjustments will be made on a quarterly basis in a manner that will not duplicate compensation provided from payments for individual patient claims.

Rev. 07/01/05

1006 **Payments Rates for Patient Leave Days or Bed Hold Days**

Effective for dates of service on and after July 1, 2004, payments for patient leave days or for bed hold days during a patient’s hospitalization will be made at 75% of the rate paid for days when a patient is onsite at a facility. Because patient leave days and bed hold days are not subject to the nursing home provider fee, the payment rate for patient leave days and bed hold days will exclude any compensation for the provider fee.
PART II, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR
NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

APPENDIX D

UNIFORM CHART OF ACCOUNTS, COST REPORTING,
REIMBURSEMENT PRINCIPLES AND OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Revised 01/01/2006

General

This Supplement discusses the use of a uniform chart of accounts, the annual submission of a cost report, the principles of reimbursement which comprise the basis for the financial reporting requirements of facilities participating in the Georgia Medicaid Program and other reporting requirements. The Georgia Division of Medical Assistance Uniform Chart of Accounts as comprised on the date of service is incorporated by reference herein. A copy is available from the Division upon request. Cost reports and instructions are made available to each facility near the end of the reporting period. The reimbursement principles discussed in this Supplement are selected from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Provider Reimbursement Manual (CMS-15-1). Copies of the Manual, which provide a detailed description of allowable costs, are available from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

1. Uniform Chart of Accounts

The Georgia Division of Medical Assistance requires that all nursing facilities participating in the Medicaid Program utilize the classification of accounts shown in the Uniform Chart of Accounts in reporting its financial operations in the cost reporting system. While it is not mandatory that books of original entry or ledgers be maintained in accordance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts, facilities are strongly encouraged to do so. The Uniform Chart of Accounts has been designed to meet management needs for budgeting information, information flow, internal control, responsibility accounting and financial reporting. Also, it has been designed in such a manner that accounts may be added or deleted to tailor the financial information to the facility's needs.

Should a facility elect to maintain its books of original entry or ledgers in a manner other than that specified in the Uniform Chart of Accounts, the facility is required to have available a detailed description of how its accounting system differs. This description of differences must be used by the facility for converting the output of its reporting system into the format specified in the Uniform Chart of Accounts. This description of differences and conversion of reporting information into the proper format are considered to be essential components of a facility's accounting records. When such information is needed but not maintained, a facility's cost report will be determined to be unacceptable.
for fulfilling reporting requirements and penalties described in Section 2.b and 2.g of this Supplement will be imposed.

2. Cost Reporting

Reimbursement of expenses incurred by nursing facilities in the provision of care to Medicaid recipients is accomplished through the mechanism of the cost report. This document reports historical costs and details recipient occupancy data experienced during the fiscal year. The following cost reporting requirements apply to providers of nursing facility services and all home offices who allocate costs to nursing facilities:

a. Each nursing facility must annually file a cost report with the Division of Medical Assistance which covers a twelve-month period ending June 30th. Cost reports must be e-mailed to the Division on or before September 30th. (See Hospital-based facility exception in 2(d) below.)

b. If such cost reports are not filed by September 30th, the Division shall have the option of either terminating the provider agreement upon thirty days written notice or imposing a penalty of $50.00 per day for the first thirty days and a penalty of $100.00 per day for each day thereafter until an acceptable cost report is received by the Division. The only condition in which a penalty will not be imposed is if written approval for an extension is obtained from the Program Manager of Nursing Home Reimbursement Services prior to September 30.

c. If a cost report is received by the Division prior to September 30th but is unacceptable, it will be returned to the facility for proper completion. No penalty will be imposed if the properly completed report is filed by the September 30th deadline. However, the above described penalties may be imposed after the September 30th deadline until an acceptable cost report is received by the Division.

d. Hospital-based facilities using Medicare fiscal year ending dates between July and April must submit cost reports to the Division on or before September 30. Facilities using fiscal year ending dates between May and June must submit cost reports on or before November 30. The financial information to be included on the Medicaid cost report must be taken in total from the provider’s most recent Medicare cost report that precedes June 30. The rules regarding unacceptability and timeliness described above in sections b. and c. also apply to hospital-based facilities’ cost reports.

Approval for extensions beyond the September 30 or November 30 deadline, where applicable, will be granted only if the provider’s operations are "significantly adversely affected" because of circumstances beyond the provider’s control (i.e., a flood or fire that causes the provider to halt operations). Each provider must submit a written request specifying the hospital-based facility and the reason for the extension.

e. To be acceptable, a cost report must be complete and accurate, include all applicable schedules, and be correctly internally cross-referenced. Further, the amount per book
column for Schedules B and C must agree with the amounts recorded in the facility’s general ledger; however, there may have to be certain groupings of the general ledger amounts to agree with the cost report line items. Estimated amounts used for a conversion to a June 30th year-end are not acceptable. Reported costs of interest paid to non-related parties must be reduced by non-related parties must be reduced by an amount equal to the lesser of: (1) interest paid to non-related parties; or (2) investment income other than the exceptions identified in CMS-15, Section 202.2. Reported costs of special services must be reduced, as indicated on Schedule B-1A, by an amount resulting from revenue received from sources other than the Division for these services. Adjustments will be based on auditable records of charges to all patients as required by cost report instructions.

f. Any changes to the amount of or classification of reported costs and patient day information must be made within 30 days after the applicable September 30th, November 30th, or approved extended submission deadline. Amended cost reports submitted after these deadlines will not be accepted unless they have been requested by the Division. If the original cost report is used to set reimbursement rates, the provider has up to 30 days from the implementation of the original cost report to request changes to the amount of or classification of reported costs and patient day information in accordance with the appeal procedures outlined in Supplement 4 of Attachment 4.19-D (Billing rate and Disallowance of Cost from the Cost Report). Adjustments to amounts or changes in classification of reported costs in prior years will not be considered.

g. Late cost report penalties will be invoiced through the Accounting Section of the Division for the total amount of the assessed penalty. The provider must submit payment to the Division. Penalties not properly paid will be deducted from the monthly reimbursement check. The assessments will not be refunded.

h. New facilities, which have less than twelve but not less than six months of actual operating cost experience, will only submit cost data for their actual months of operation as of June 30. New facilities that have less than six months of actual operating cost experience are not required to submit a cost report. Facilities in which there has been a change of ownership must submit a separate report for each owner. The subsequent owner will be reimbursed based on the previous owner’s cost report (with an adjustment in the property cost center only) until a new cost report is received from the new owner and determined reliable and appropriate. The Division will determine whether each submitted cost report is appropriate and reliable as a basis for computing the Allowed Per Diem billing rate and may calculate a facility’s Allowed Per Diem billing rate in accordance with Supplement 2 of Attachment 4.19-D, Section 1002.3.

For ownership changes effective with at least six months of patient day data on the applicable June 30 fiscal year cost report, the initially submitted cost report will be used to establish the new owner’s rate when the comparable cost reports are used to
set rates. For the periods prior to the use of the new owner’s cost report, the new owner will receive rates based on the previous owner’s approved cost report data, with the appropriate Fair Rental Value property reimbursement rate. If the new owner’s initial cost report contains less than six months of patient day data, when the initial cost report period reports are used to set rates, the new owner will receive a rate based on the previous owner’s last approved cost report inflated to current costs, as determined by the Division, or the costs from the new owner’s initial cost report, whichever is lower. If the ownership change is between related parties, when the initial cost report period reports are used to set rates, the old owner’s cost report and new owner’s cost report for the year of the ownership change may be combined and considered in determining the minimum rate for the new owner.

i. Reported costs must conform to Divisional instructions, or in the absence of specific instructions, to the allowable costs discussed in the CMS-15-1. Reported costs are subject to audit verification by the Division, State or Federal auditors or their agents. Providers using computerized information systems for accounting or other purposes must make this information available in a suitable electronic format if requested by the Division or its agents. Where such audit verifications determine that the cost report was prepared based upon inadequate accounting records, the facility will be required to correct its records and submit a corrected cost report. A penalty will be imposed on the facility for the costs incurred by the Division for any additional audit work performed with the corrected cost report.

j. For audit examinations described in (i) above, it is expected that a facility’s accounting records will be available within the State. Should such records be maintained at a location outside the State, the facility will be required to pay for travel costs incurred for any examination conducted at the out-of-state location.

k. Should a cost report submitted to the Nursing Home Unit for review need explanation or clarification, appropriate work papers or letters of explanation should be attached.

Rev. 07/06

1. All cost reports are to be emailed to nhcostreport@dch.ga.gov. Correspondence concerning the cost reports may be mailed to the following address:

   Program Manager
   Nursing Home Services Unit
   39th Floor
   Division of Financial Management
   2 Peachtree Street, N.W.
   Atlanta, GA 30303-3159

3. Reimbursement Principles

   The objective of a system of reimbursement based on reasonable costs is to reimburse the institution for its necessary and proper expenses incurred related to patient care. As a matter
of general reimbursement principle, costs with respect to individuals covered by the Medicaid Program will not be borne by those not covered and costs with respect to individuals not covered by the Medicaid Program will not be borne by the Program. The principles of cost reimbursement require that institutions maintain sufficient financial records and statistical data for proper determination of costs payable under the Program. Such records and data must be maintained for a period of at least three years following the date of submission of the cost report.

4. **Case Mix Index Reports**
   a. MDS Data for Quarterly Patient Listing - Using Minimum Data Set (MDS) information submitted by a facility, the Division will prepare a Case Mix Index Report, listing information for patients in a facility on the last day of a calendar quarter. A preliminary version of the report will be distributed to a nursing facility about the middle of the following quarter after each calendar quarter end. The preliminary version of the report will be distributed with instructions regarding corrections to patient payer source information that a nursing facility may submit for consideration before the final version of the report is prepared and distributed.
   b. RUG Classification - For each patient included in the quarterly Case Mix Index Report, the most recent MDS assessment will be used to determine a Resource Utilization Group (RUG) classification. Version 5.12, with 34 grouper and index maximizer, the RUG classification system will be used to determine a patient’s RUG category.
   c. Payer Source - For each patient included in the quarterly Case Mix Index Report, a payer source will be identified. As described in section D.4.a, a facility will have the opportunity to submit updated payer source information for changes that may occur by the last day of the calendar quarter.
   d. Relative Weights and Case Mix Index Scores for All Patients - For each patient included in the quarterly Case Mix Index Report, a relative weight will be assigned by the Division. Exhibit D-1 identifies the relative weights for each RUG category. This data will be used to determine a case mix score for all patients in a facility.
   e. Relative Weights and Case Mix Index Scores for Medicaid Patients - For each Medicaid patient included in the quarterly Case Mix Index Report, a Medicaid relative weight will be assigned by the Division. Exhibit D-1 identifies the relative weights for each RUG category. This data will be used to determine a case mix score for Medicaid patients in a facility.
   f. BIMS Scores - For each patient included in the quarterly Case Mix Index Report, the most recent MDS assessment will be used to determine a Brief Interview for Mental Status (BIMS) score.
   g. Corrections to MDS and Payer Source Information - Corrections to MDS and payer source information used in payment rate calculations applicable to prior dates of service that result from appeals or audit adjustments may be processed as adjustments to rate calculations in a subsequent period. If the impact of the correction is significant, the Division may elect to process the correction by a retrospective adjustment to prior payments.

5. **Nursing Hours and Patient Day Report**
Except for ICF-MR’s, each nursing facility must submit a Nursing Hours and Patient Day Report for each calendar quarter, within one month after the end of the quarter. The required information will be submitted in accordance with a format and instructions as distributed by the Division. A facility’s request to correct or amend a nursing home provider fee report will be limited to a 30 day period following the report’s due date. Corrections to nursing hours and patient day data used in payment rate calculations applicable to prior dates of service that result from appeals or audit adjustments may be processed as adjustments to rate calculations in a subsequent period. If the impact of the correction is significant, the Division may elect to process the correction by a retrospective adjustment to prior payments.

If a facility does not submit a report or does not submit a report when due, a late fee of $10 per day may be assessed.

Rev 07/01/2010
Rev 01/01/2011

6. Fair Rental Value System

A request for a fair rental value rate increase that is the result of a Renovation Construction Project, bed addition or replacement subsequent to July 1, 2009, must be submitted to the Department within thirty (30) days after completion of the project. The request must be completed on a standard form for rate requests and contain documented approval of the project from the Department’s General Counsel Division.

Each facility must go through the following process before submitting for a fair rental value rate increase:

a. If the Fair Rental Value Property rate increase being requested is due to a Renovation Construction Project, bed addition or replacement, the Georgia Certificate of Need Request for Determination form must be completed and submitted to the Division of Health Planning. Once approval for the Renovation Construction Project has been received from Health Planning, the provider may proceed with the project.

b. Within thirty (30) days after completion of the project, complete the Initial Start Up And Fair Rental Value System Reimbursement (FRVS) Update Request Form, attach a copy of the letter received from the Division of Health Planning and documentation to support the Renovation Construction Project, bed addition or replacement. Mail a complete package to:

Program Manager
Department of Community Health
Nursing Home Reimbursement Services
2 Peachtree Street, N.W.
39th Floor

TN No.: 12-003
Supersedes
TN No.: NEW

Approval Date: SEP - 6 2012
Effective Date: 02-01-2012
An electronic version of the Initial Start Up And Fair Rental Value System Reimbursement (FRVS) Update Request Form should also be emailed to FRVS@dch.ga.gov.

The Fair Rental Value Property rate increase will be effective the quarter following the completion of the approved Renovation Construction Project, bed addition or replacement and receipt of the completed Initial Start Up And Fair Rental Value System Reimbursement (FRVS) Update Request Form package.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
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Supplement 3 to Attachment 4.19-D
Page 8
State: GEORGIA

TN No.: 12-003
Supersedes
TN No.: NEW

SEP - 6 2012
Approval Date: __________
Effective Date: 02-01-2012
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Exhibit D-2
Detailed Description of Data Presented in Case Mix Index Reports

Selection criteria for quarterly “Listing of Residents” reports – Residents are determined by identifying individuals for whom an MDS assessment has been received and for whom no subsequent discharge tracking document has been received. It is assumed that residents for whom a periodic assessment is more than 3 months past due have been discharged and these individuals are not included in this report. The following data elements are selected from the most recent assessment data for patients residing in the nursing home on the last day of a calendar quarter:

AO310a – Reasons for assessment as reported in section AO310 of the MDS

Section a, primary reason for assessment
1 = admission assessment
2 = quarterly review assessment
3 = annual assessment
4 = significant change in status
5 = significant change to prior comprehensive assessment
6 = significant correction to prior quarterly assessment
99 = not OBRA required assessment

Section b, codes for assessments required for Medicare PPS or the State
1 = 5 day scheduled assessment
2 = 14 day scheduled assessment
3 = 30 day scheduled assessment
4 = 60 day scheduled assessment
5 = 90 day scheduled assessment
6 = readmission/return assessment
7 = unscheduled assessment used for PPS
99 = not PPS assessment

Resident Name – Self explanatory

SSN- Resident’s social security number

Completion Date (ZO500b) – For assessments, this is the date completed as reported in section ZO500b of the MDS. For discharge tracking, this is the date of discharge. For re-entry tracking, this is the date of re-entry.

RUG Code – RUG classification code (see “Case Mix Index for All Patients” in Exhibit D-1) from application of 34 grouper with index maximizing

RUG Category – Description of RUG classification (see Exhibit D-1)
Resident ID – Identification number assigned to resident by MDS reporting system

Medicaid Cognitive Add-On – Identifies residents with Brief Interview for Mental Status (BIMS) scores less than or equal to 5. In the absence of BIMS scores, identifies residents with Cognitive Performance Scale (CPS) scores of moderately severe to very severe.

Payment Source – Primary source of payment for services to residents based on information included in MDS assessment data. If the MDS data includes a Medicaid identification number or Medicaid pending designation, Medicaid is assumed to be the resident’s payment source. If a Medicaid identification number is not present and a Medicare identification number is present, Medicare is assumed to be the payment source. If neither a Medicaid nor Medicare identification number is present, the payment source is identified as “other.” A facility may submit a correction entry to the Division to note any changes to a patient’s payment source that may not be reflected in MDS data. Such correction entries for payment status will be assumed to be permanent unless a subsequent correction entry is submitted for a resident.

Number of Residents, Overall CMI Averages and Medicaid CMI Average – The number of residents and average case mix index score, based on relative weights for “Case Mix Index for All Patients” in Exhibit D-1, are listed for 3 categories of residents by payment source – Medicaid, Medicare and Other. For Medicaid patients, an average case mix index score, based on relative weights for “Case Mix Index for Medicaid Patients,” is also listed.

Number and % of Residents Included in Cognitive Add-On – The number and percentage of Medicaid residents with BIMS scores less than or equal to 5 and residents with Cognitive Performance Scale scores of moderately severe to very severe.
PART II, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR NURSING FACILITY SERVICES

APPENDIX I

NURSING FACILITY ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEWS

Application

This section describes appeals procedures for certain nursing facility (including ICF/MR) situations.

Pre-Admission Approval

a. Upon application for pre-admission approval, the nursing facility and the applicant/recipient or an authorized representative shall be given written notification of the Division's determination. Upon denial of pre-admission approval, the applicant/recipient or an authorized representative may obtain a reconsideration by the Division by so requesting in writing.

All requests for reconsideration must be received by the Department of Community Health Program Specialist no later than ten (10) days following receipt of the initial denial and must be accompanied by additional medical documentation to justify a reconsideration. All such requests are to be addressed to:

Attn: Program Specialist
Department of Community Health
Aging and Special Populations Floor 37
2 Peachtree Street, NW
Atlanta, Georgia 30303-3159

a. A decision on the request for reconsideration will be accomplished within fifteen (15) working days of its receipt by the Specialist. The applicant/recipient and the nursing facility will be notified in writing of the reconsideration decision by the Division.

b. If an applicant/recipient disagrees with the Division's decision, that person, or an authorized representative, may file a request for a hearing. All such requests must be received by the local county Department of Family and Children Services Office or the Fair Hearings Unit of the Department of Human Services no later than thirty (30) days after the date of the notice of decision.

c. An initial decision on any matter with respect to which a hearing is requested shall be rendered in writing by a Hearing Officer of the Fair Hearings Unit. Should such a decision be adverse to the medical assistance applicant/recipient,
that person or representative may appeal the decision by filing an appeal with the
Hearing Officer for Final Appeals in accordance with directions from the Fair
Hearings Unit.

d. If an aggrieved applicant/recipient of medical assistance exhausts all the
administrative remedies provided, judicial review of the decision may be obtained
in the same manner and under the same standards which are applicable to those
contested cases which are reviewable pursuant to O.C.G.A, Section 50-13-19.

Rev. 07/06
Billing Rate and Disallowance of Cost from the Cost Report

Reimbursement rates (billing rates) for nursing facilities (NF and ICF/MR) are
established pursuant to the provisions discussed in Supplement 2 to Attachment 4.19-D.
A billing rate calculation notice will be sent to a provider each time a rate is initially
 calculated for a given cost report period or is subsequently adjusted as a result of audit or
 review by the Division or its agent. A billing rate calculation will also be sent to a
provider on a quarterly basis for rate changes that are a result of the case-mix
reimbursement methodology (i.e. CPS, CMI, and nursing hour changes). Nursing
facilities rates and percentiles will be based on costs reported by the providers which are
reviewed by the Division or its agent. Cost reports and adjustments determined
appropriate by the Division will be used to establish rates. Those cost reports and
adjustments determined appropriate prior to initial establishment of the annual percentile
ceilings (as described in Supplement 2 to Attachment 4.19-D) shall be used in calculation
of the percentiles. Those cost reports and adjustments determined appropriate subsequent
to initial establishment of the annual percentile ceilings shall be used to adjust rates only;
percentile ceilings will not be adjusted.

Rev. 07/06
Any provider wishing to appeal its rate as initially established, its subsequent rate change
as a result of audit or review, or its quarterly rate change as a result of the case-mix
reimbursement methodology must follow the process set out in subsections (a) - (c)
below:

Rev. 07/06
a. Should a provider wish to appeal a decision of the Division regarding a billing
rate calculation, including related disallowances from the cost report, the provider
must file a written request for reconsideration with the Division. All such requests
must be received by the Division within thirty (30) days of the date of the billing
rate calculation notice. Requests received after this deadline shall not be
considered. If no request for reconsideration is received by the Division by the
deadline, the provider shall be deemed to have waived its right to a hearing
concerning the calculation of the billing rate and related disallowances from the
cost report. Initially established rate calculated for a given cost report period and
their related disallowances can only be appealed within 30 days after the rates are initially established.

The written request must address all questioned disallowance(s) and other specific point(s) of dispute and must be accompanied by supporting documents or other evidence to justify reconsideration. Requests for reconsideration must be directed to:

Rev. 07/06

Program Manager
Nursing Home Reimbursement, 39th Floor
Division of Medical Assistance
2 Peachtree Street, N.W.
Atlanta, GA 30303-3159

Rev. 07/06

The Program Manager of the Nursing Home Reimbursement Unit will have one hundred twenty days (120) from the date of receipt of the reconsideration request to render a decision unless the Program Manager determines there are extenuating circumstances (e.g., multiple facilities are involved or the rate change is a result of a federal disallowance) or additional information is required. If the Program Manager (or any authorized staff of the Nursing Home Unit) requests additional information, the nursing facility must submit to this information to the Unit within thirty (30) days of the date of such request. The Program Manager will have ninety (90) days from the date of receipt of the additional information to render a decision concerning the written requests or inquiries submitted by a nursing facility. Failure of a nursing facility to provide information within the specified time frame requested by the Division will result in the denial of the nursing facility’s appeal by the Program Manager. Failure of the Program Manager to respond within the time frames described herein will result in approval of the nursing facility’s request.

a. The provider must file a request for a reconciliation conference if it wishes to appeal the Division’s reconsideration decision. All such requests must be in writing and must be received within thirty (30) days from the date of the notice of the reconsideration decision. Requests received after this deadline shall not be considered. If no request for a reconciliation conference is received by the Division by the deadline, the provider shall be deemed to have waived its right to a hearing concerning the calculation of the billing rate and related disallowances from the cost report. All such requests must be directed to the address noted in subsection a) above.

Conferences will be scheduled at the Division’s office. The Division Director will have sixty (60) days from the date of the reconciliation conference to render a decision unless both parties to the conference agree to extend the time limitation.

If the provider appeals a rate adjustment which is the result of a cost report adjustment(s) determined appropriate subsequent to the establishment of
percentile ceilings, the change will not be effected until the date of the Division’s reconciliation conference decision. To the extent that such a rate change decreases a rate granted prior to review, it shall be affected by retroactive rate adjustment rather than through a request for refund or by recoupment.

Rev. 07/01/06

If the provider disagrees with the reconciliation conference decision, the provider may obtain a hearing on the matter by filing a written request there for with the Legal Services Section of the Division in accordance with O.C.G.A. §49-4-153.

Sanctions

In addition to the termination and suspension as a Medicaid provider, the Division may impose the sanctions described below.

Nursing Facilities

a. The Division may sanction a nursing facility for failure to submit the required cost report as outlined in Supplement 3 of Attachment 4.19-D.

b. The Division may deny reimbursement for services to ICF/MR recipients admitted to a facility on or after the effective date specified on written notice to that facility that it is not in compliance with Subsection 106.8 of the Part I, Policies and Procedure for Medicaid/PeachCare for Kids manual.

If the Division or its agent has determined that conditions in the facility have neither damaged nor immediately endanger the health, safety, or welfare of a recipient, the effective date of the notice shall be no earlier than five days after the date of receipt by the facility, during which time the facility will have the opportunity to correct the cited conditions. The Division’s action shall be predicated on a report from the agent, under its contract with the Division to perform on-site reviews of nursing facilities, which takes into account the medical, safety, environmental, and physical needs of the facility’s residents. The denial of reimbursement shall remain in effect until such time as the Division determines, after subsequent on-site review, that the facility is meeting the aforementioned needs of its residents and is no longer damaging or endangering the health, safety, or welfare of any recipient. This denial shall not apply to temporarily hospitalized recipients previously residing in a facility, placed on such notice, who return to the facility after the date of notice. Neither shall it apply to persons who resided in the facility prior to the date of notice, and subsequently become Medicaid eligible. A facility which has received notice of the Division’s denial of reimbursement for newly admitted patients may appeal such action in the manner described in O.C.G.A. §49-4-153. However, nothing in this provision shall impede the authority of the Division to deny payment for new admissions or suspend or terminate a facility’s participation under Section 402, Part I, Policies and Procedures for Medicaid/PeachCare for Kids manual.
c. The Division may deny reimbursement for services to recipients in nursing facilities, who are admitted after the facility's receipt of notice that its participation in the program will be terminated by the Department of Community Health, under its own volition or as a result of an action taken by the Healthcare Facility Regulation Division of the Department of Community Health, or by the Health Care Financing Administration of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

The Division may impose any or all of the remedies when a nursing facility fails to meet a Program Requirement as defined therein.
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Citation | Condition or Requirement
--- | ---
42 CFR 438.50(b)(2) | Disease Management Enhanced Primary Care Case Management is designed to incorporate a disease management component to Georgia Better Health Care (GBHC), as an enhancement to the basic Primary Care Providers. Through this Enhanced Primary Care Case Management Program the health outcomes of the population will improve, while medical cost will decrease.

The Enhanced Primary Care Case Management organization will facilitate and maintain contact with enrolled members to promote their self-management of their disease/condition; perform and provider adherence to evidence-based clinical guidelines; twenty-four hour call nurse; and specialty management programs for members to determine at least three levels of intervention that will be applied to the entire population.

The reimbursement payment rate for case management services is a provider-specific monthly amount that is applicable for each eligible for which services are provided during a month. The rate is determined by the lower of the vendor's competitive bid or the rate established based upon an actually sound evaluation of services to be provided, including both face-to-face and ancillary contacts. This rate may be updated periodically.

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Supersedes: T4 No.: New
Approval Date: 09/28/05
Effective Date: 07/01/04
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

Requirements for Third Party Liability - Identifying Liabe Resources

The State agency takes reasonable measures to determine the legal liability of third parties to pay for services under the Plan.

The State provides for assignment of rights to benefits and cooperation in establishing paternity and obtaining medical support and payments as a condition of Medicaid eligibility.

The State has a written agreement with the Department of Human Resources (DHR) and Social Security Administration (SSA) which provides for collection and updating information regarding third party resources during the initial and redetermination processes, respectively. The applicant or recipient is required to furnish health insurance information to identify legally liable third party resources so that claims may be processed under third party liability payment provisions.

Data collected includes health insurance information when benefits are available to the recipient. Health insurance information may consist of the name of the policyholder, the relationship of the policyholder to the recipient or applicant, the Social Security Number (SSN) of the policyholder, the name and address of the insurance company and the policy number. This information collected during the initial and redetermination eligibility process is forwarded to the State Medicaid Agency for review and verification by phone or letter. Once verified, this information is added to the TPL Data Base. Additionally, the names and SSNs of absent or custodial parents of Medicaid recipients are collected to the extent that such information is available and is incorporated into the TPL Data Base to identify potential third party resources through data exchange activities.

The State agency, under written agreement, conducts quarterly data exchanges with the following agencies to identify Medicaid recipients and obtain information on absent or custodial parents of Medicaid recipients who are employed and their employer(s):

1. The Georgia Department of Labor (DOL), the State Wage Information Collection Agency (SWICA);

2. Beneficiary Earnings Exchange Record (BEER), to obtain the SSA wage and earning file information.

TN No. 82-39 Supersedes Approval Date 7-30-90 Effective Date 1-1-87
TN No. 87-8

MCPA ID:1076P/0019P
J. Child Support and Recovery Unit (CSRU), and

4. The State Workers' Compensation Agency

The State Agency conducts data exchanges with the Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) yearly.

The State agency obtains health insurance information from the Title IV-A Agency, the Department of Human Resources (DHR), on each Medicaid applicant or recipient during the eligibility intake or redetermination process, respectively. Referrals also provide the names of social security number(s) on absent or custodial parents of Medicaid recipients which are incorporated in the third party liability data base to identify potential health insurance resources through employment leads obtained from data exchange activities.

Due to the absence of common identifying elements (name and social security numbers) which are needed to conduct data exchange activities, the State agency obtains a quarterly State motor vehicle accident report file from the Georgia Department of Public Safety. The report provides an alphabetical listing of names of persons injured in accidents involving motor vehicles and is used to research positive leads involving these types of injuries to establish the existence of legally liable third parties.

Diagnosis and trauma code edits are conducted in each weekly claims processing cycle to identify those paid claims for Medicaid recipients that contain diagnosis codes 800 through 999 (ICD 3-CM) except for diagnosis code 994.5.

The State agency conducts, within 45 days, follow-up activity to identify and verify the existence of health insurance resources on leads obtained from data exchanges with the Department of Labor (DOL); the Beneficiary Earnings Exchange Record (BEER); the State Support Recovery Unit (CSRU); and the Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS). Letters are prepared and mailed to the employer(s) to verify the availability of health insurance. Verified health insurance information is incorporated into the eligibility case file, the third party resource data file, and the third party recovery file within 30 days from the date the State agency receives health insurance coverage verification.

Timeliness of follow-up activity is measured from the date the State agency receives the lead to the date the State agency initiates action to validate the existence of the TPL resource. Verified TPL information is incorporated into the TPL data base within 30 days after receipt of verified TPL information.

The State agency conducts within 60 days follow-up activity to identify legally liable third parties on leads obtained from Title IV-A referrals and data exchanges with the State Board of Workers' Compensation. Timeliness of follow-up activity is measured from the date the State agency receives the lead to the date the State agency receives verified health insurance coverage. Insurance information is incorporated into the eligibility case file and third party database and recovery file within 30 days from the date the agency receives third party resource verification, so that claims may be processed under the third party liability provision specified in 433.139(b) through (f).
Accident questionnaires are mailed weekly to Medicaid members on all paid claims which involve trauma or accident related diagnosis codes. Follow-up actions are conducted within 60 days of receipt of responses to questionnaires which establish the probable existence of a liable third party. This information is incorporated into the case file; eligibility file and third party resource file within 30 days after verification of the third party’s ongoing responsibility.

The State agency maintains a listing of all closed case data which reflects the primary trauma diagnosis and the amount of third party collections. The data compiled is reviewed semi-annually to identify those trauma codes that yield the highest third party collections to prioritize follow-up activities.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

Requirements for Third Party Liability
Payment of Claims

The State uses a cost avoidance method of claims processing when third party liability is established at the time a claim is filed. A coverage specific matrix is utilized to cost avoid claim payment for categories of service covered by third party resources. Claims are rejected and returned to the provider if the service being billed is probably covered by the type of resource identified on the data base. There are no thresholds used to trigger the cost avoidance process. An exception to cost avoidance is the payment for such services as EPSDT, prenatal or preventive pediatric care, and all claims covered by absent parent maintained insurance under Part D of Title IV of the Act. The State shall make payment in accordance with their usual payment schedule under the plan for these services without regard to any third party liability of payment. In title IV-D court-ordered medical support situations, the Department did not elect the option to require providers to wait for 30 days before submitting claims to the Medicaid agency. Therefore, no method to determine provider compliance is necessary due to the use of the Pay and Chase recovery methodology.

The State seeks reimbursement from insurance carriers through a monthly system generated post-payment billing process when the existence of third party liability is not known at the time of billing. A threshold of $100.00 per member or what is deemed cost effective by the Department must be met prior to seeking reimbursement from Health insurance resources.

The State seeks reimbursement from verified liable third parties on claim payments involving accidental injuries when total potential recovery is $250.00 or greater. Liens are filed if the recovery amount involves $500.00 or more in Medicaid expenditures. No threshold is applied to the identification of paid claims with trauma diagnoses.

TN No: 07-014
Supersedes Approval Date: 01/18/08 Effective Date: 10/01/07
TN No. 93-011
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

Citation | Condition or Requirement
--- | ---
1906 of the Act | State Method on Cost Effectiveness of Employer-Based Group Health Plans

SEE ATTACHED
I. The State of Georgia uses the following methods to determine the cost effectiveness of paying group health insurance premiums for Medicaid recipients:

1. Cost Effectiveness Based on Expenditure Projection

The determination of cost effectiveness is based on the comparison of the amount of the annual premium, deductibles, coinsurance, policyholder cost sharing obligations, and additional administrative costs against the average annual cost of Medicaid expenditures for the recipient's eligibility aid category on a statewide basis. It is used as an initial screening step for all Medicaid recipients who have group health insurance benefits to determine whether it is cost effective to purchase. The Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS) is utilized to obtain the average annual Medicaid costs statewide by aid category. A client's case is determined as cost effective if the amount of the premium, deductibles, coinsurance, cost sharing obligation, and administrative costs are less than the Medicaid expenditures for an equivalent set of services.

2. Cost Effectiveness Based on Client Diagnosis

The determination of cost effectiveness is based on the comparison of premium amounts and policyholder obligations against the actual claims experience of the recipient. Documentation of actual expenditures consists of Explanation of Benefits (EOB's) from the recipient's health carrier for previous charges relating to a specific diagnosis or Medicaid expenditures for previous periods of the client's eligibility. This method is used when the method described in #1 above does not prove to be cost effective. Such diagnoses would include cancer, chronic heart disease, congenital heart disease, end stage renal disease and AIDS. This list will be expanded as diagnoses associated with long term care are identified. This method of cost effective determination is also appropriate for short term high expense treatments. A client's case is considered as cost effective when actual claim expenditures associated with the diagnosis exceed the premium amounts and policyholder obligations.
II. Because Federal Financial Participation (FFP) is available for the payment of premiums for Medicaid recipients enrolled in a cost effective group health plan:

1. Medicaid will pay the health insurance premiums for Medicaid recipients with policies likely to be cost effective to the Medicaid program. Payments shall be made directly to the insurer providing the coverage, the employer or to the Medicaid recipient or guardian.

2. Medicaid will pay the Medicaid allowable amount for all items and services provided the Medicaid recipient under the State Plan that are not covered under the group health plan.

3. Medicaid will provide for the payment of premiums when cost effective for non-eligible family members to enroll a Medicaid eligible family member in the group health plan.

4. Medicaid will treat the group health plan as a third party resource in accordance with Georgia Medicaid TPL cost avoidance policies.

5. The health carrier, employer, recipient or non-Medicaid eligible family member will immediately notify this agency of any event that might affect the policyholder status of the cost effectiveness of the Health Insurance policy.

6. Medicaid will receive referrals for potential candidates for the payment of premiums. Referral systems have been established through high cost hospital providers, AID Atlanta and the local Department of Family and Children Services.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State: GEORGIA

STATE LAWS REQUIRING THIRD PARTIES TO PROVIDE COVERAGE ELIGIBILITY AND CLAIMS DATA

1902(a)(25)(I) The State has in effect laws that require third parties to comply with the provisions, including those which require third parties to provide the State with coverage, eligibility and claims data, of 1902(a)(25)(I) of the Social Security Act.

TN No.: 07-002
Supersedes:
TN No.: New

Approval Date: 09/05/07
Effective Date: 07/01/07
Sanctions for Psychiatric Hospitals

(a) The State assures that the requirements of section 1902(y)(1), section 1902(y)(2)(A), and section 1902(y)(3) of the Act are met concerning sanctions for psychiatric hospitals that do not meet the requirements of participation when the hospital's deficiencies immediately jeopardize the health and safety of its patients or do not immediately jeopardize the health and safety of its patients.

(b) The State terminates the hospital's participation under the State plan when the State determines that the hospital does not meet the requirements for a psychiatric hospital and further finds that the hospital's deficiencies immediately jeopardize the health and safety of its patients.

(c) When the State determines that the hospital does not meet the requirements for a psychiatric hospital and further finds that the hospital's deficiencies do not immediately jeopardize the health and safety of its patients, the State may:

1. terminate the hospital's participation under the State plan; or

2. provide that no payment will be made under the State plan with respect to any individual admitted to such hospital after the effective date of the finding; or

3. terminate the hospital's participation under the State plan and provide that no payment will be made under the State plan with respect to any individual admitted to such hospital after the effective date of the finding.

(d) When the psychiatric hospital described in (c) above has not complied with the requirements for a psychiatric hospital within 3 months after the date the hospital is found to be out of compliance with such requirements, the State shall provide that no payment will be made under the State plan with respect to any individual admitted to such hospital after the end of such 3-month period.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE III OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

STATE: GEORGIA

INCOME AND ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION SYSTEM
PROCEDURES REQUESTS TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES

The Department of Community Health matches with the Social Security Administration through the BENDEX and SDX processes. These matches have been performed for several years and are not required to be modified by the IEVS requirements as the Department contracts with the Social Security Administration and the Department of Human Services for the determination of eligibility.

The Department of Human Services, Division of Family and Children Services, conducts the following matches as part of the eligibility process:

1. Social Security Administration
   a) BENDEX matches are completed for enumeration purposes and to obtain TITLE II information. Match is completed monthly for new applications and on individuals for who ss-5’s have been completed. An annual match is conducted for all active individuals.
   b) BEER matches are completed for income and wage information. Match is completed monthly for new application and annually on all recipients.
   c) The State has an eligibility system that provides for quarterly data matching through the Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS), or any successor system, including Federal, Veterans Affairs and matching with medical assistance programs operated by other States for the purpose of eligibility determinations of public programs. The information that is requested will be exchanged with other States and other entities legally entitled to verify title XIX applicants and individuals eligible for covered title XIX services consistent with applicable PARIS agreements.

2. Internal Revenue Services matches are completed for unearned income (interest and dividends) information. Match is done monthly on all applications and annually for all recipients.

3. Department of Labor (DOL) wage and unemployment compensation benefit (UCB) matches are excluded from follow-up because the data available through IVES has previously been made available through on-line computer matches.

Georgia DOL wage and UCB files are accessed on-line through Clearinghouse during the application process and at each standard and alternate review. Excluding matches in which IVES information has been made available through on-line matches eliminates duplication of effort and maximizes staff effectiveness.

TN No. 10-013 Supersedes Approval Date 09-23-10 Effective Date: 07-01-10
TN No. 94-040
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: Georgia

METHOD FOR ISSUANCE OF MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY CARDS TO HOMELESS INDIVIDUALS

Medicaid eligibility cards are mailed through the United States Postal Service to the mailing addresses specified by the Social Security Administration or the Department of Family and Children Services. The following are considered acceptable mailing addresses:

- General delivery at a United States Post Office;
- A box or other rented space at a United States Post Office;
- Residence of a guardian or representative payee; or
- Location of a temporary shelter administered by a religious or service organization.

Eligibility cards returned by the Postal Service, including those considered undeliverable, are kept on file in each county office of the Department of Family and Children Services. Eligible individuals can appear there in person to receive their eligibility cards.


MCFA In: 1006P/0020P
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

STATE/Territory: GEORGIA

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADVANCE DIRECTIVES UNDER STATE PLANS FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

The following is a written description of the law of the State (whether statutory or as recognized by the courts of the State) concerning advance directives. If applicable States should include definitions of living will, durable power of attorney for health care, durable power of attorney, witness requirements, special State limitations or living will declarations, proxy designation, process information and State forms, and identify whether State law allows for a health care provider or agent of the provider to object to the implementation of advance directives on the basis of conscience.

The Official Code of Georgia Annotated concerning advance directives is included herein as pages 1a through 25a of Attachment 4.34-A. Definitions can be referenced at the code cites listed below:

- living will 31-32-2
- durable power of attorney 31-36-2
- witness requirements 31-32-3 and 31-36-5
- proxy designation 31-36-6
- process information 31-32-3 and 31-36-5
- State forms 31-32-3 and 31-36-10
- conscientious objection 31-32-9 and 31-36-7

TN No. 97-34
Supersedes Approval Date 12-4-91 Effective Date 12-1-91
TN No. (NEW)

HCFA ID: 7982E
## CHAPTER 32
### LIVING WILLS

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### Law reviews.

### 31-32-1. Legislative findings.

(a) The General Assembly finds that modern medical technology has made possible the artificial prolongation of human life.

(b) The General Assembly further finds that, in the interest of protecting individual autonomy, such prolongation of life for persons with a terminal condition, a coma, or a persistent vegetative state may cause loss of patient dignity and unnecessary pain and suffering, while providing nothing medically necessary or beneficial to the patient.

(c) The General Assembly further finds that there exists considerable uncertainty in the medical and legal professions as to the legality of terminating the use of life-sustaining procedures in certain situations.

(d) In recognition of the dignity and privacy which patients have a right to expect, the General Assembly declares that the laws of the State of Georgia shall recognize the right of a competent adult person to make a written directive, known as a living will, instructing his physician to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining procedures in the event of a terminal condition, a coma, or a persistent vegetative state. (Code 1981, § 51-32-1, enacted by Ga. L. 1984, p. 1477, § 1; Ga. L. 1992, p. 1925, § 1.)
The 1992 amendment, effective April 16, 1992, in subsections (b) and (d), inserted "a coma, or a persistent vegetative state".


As used in this chapter, the term:

(1) "Attending physician" means the physician who has been selected by or assigned to the patient and who has assumed primary responsibility for the treatment and care of the patient; provided, however, that if the physician selected by or assigned to the patient to provide such treatment and care directs another physician to assume primary responsibility for such care and treatment, the physician who has been so directed shall, upon his or her assumption of such responsibility, be the "attending physician."

(2) "Coma" means a profound state of unconsciousness caused by disease, injury, poison, or other means and for which it has been determined that there exists no reasonable expectation of regaining consciousness. The procedure for establishing a coma is as follows: two physicians, one of whom must be the attending physician, who, after personally examining the declarant, shall certify in writing, based upon conditions found during the course of their examination, that:

(A) The declarant has been in a profound state of unconsciousness for a period of time sufficient for the declarant's physicians to conclude that the unconscious state will continue; and

(B) There exists no reasonable expectation that the declarant will regain consciousness.

(3) "Competent adult" means a person of sound mind who is 18 years of age or older.

(4) "Declarant" means a person who has executed a living will authorized by this chapter.

(5) "Hospital" means a facility which has a valid permit or provisional permit issued under Chapter 7 of this title and which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic services and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of injured, disabled, or sick persons.

(6) "Life-sustaining procedures" means any medical procedures or interventions, which, when applied to a patient in a terminal condition or in a coma or persistent vegetative state with no reasonable expectation of regaining consciousness or significant cognitive function, would serve only to prolong the dying process and where, in the
judgment of the attending physician and a second physician, death will occur without such procedures or interventions. The term "life-sustaining procedures" may include, at the option of the declarant, the provision of nourishment and hydration, but shall not include the administration of medication to alleviate pain or the performance of any medical procedure deemed necessary to alleviate pain.

(7) "Living will" means a written document voluntarily executed by the declarant in accordance with the requirements of Code Section 31-32-3 or 31-32-4.

(8) "Patient" means a person receiving care or treatment from a physician.

(9) "Persistent vegetative state" means a state of severe mental impairment in which only involuntary bodily functions are present and for which there exists no reasonable expectation of regaining significant cognitive function. The procedure for establishing a persistent vegetative state is as follows: two physicians, one of whom must be the attending physician, who, after personally examining the declarant, shall certify in writing, based upon conditions found during the course of their examination, that:

(A) The declarant's cognitive function has been substantially impaired; and

(B) There exists no reasonable expectation that the declarant will regain significant cognitive function.

(10) "Physician" means a person lawfully licensed in this state to practice medicine and surgery pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 34 of Title 43.

(11) "Reasonable expectation" means the result of prudent judgment made on the basis of the medical judgment of a physician.

(12) "Skilled nursing facility" means a facility having a valid permit or provisional permit issued under Chapter 7 of this title and which provides skilled nursing care and supportive care to patients whose primary need is for availability of skilled nursing care on an extended basis.

(13) "Terminal condition" means incurable condition caused by disease, illness, or injury which, regardless of the application of life-sustaining procedures, would produce death. The procedure for establishing a terminal condition is as follows: two physicians, one of whom must be the attending physician, who, after personally examining the declarant, shall certify in writing, based upon conditions found during the course of their examination, that:
(A) There is no reasonable expectation for improvement in the condition of the declarant; and

(B) Death of the declarant from these conditions will occur as a result of such disease, illness, or injury. (Code 1981, § 31-32-2, enacted by Ga. L. 1984, p. 1477, § 1; Ga. L. 1992, p. 1929, § 2.)

The 1992 amendment, effective April 16, 1992, added present paragraph (2); redesignated former paragraphs (2) through (4) as present paragraphs (3) through (5); rewrote former paragraph (5) and redesignated it as present paragraph (6); redesignated former paragraphs (6) and (7) as present paragraphs (7) and (8); added present paragraph (9); redesignated former paragraph (8) as present paragraph (10); added present paragraph (11); redesignated former paragraphs (9) and (10) as present paragraphs (12) and (13); and, in paragraph (13), in the second sentence of the introductory paragraph, inserted "one of whom must be the attending physician," and added "that preceding the colon, and in subparagraph (B), substituted "will occur as a result of such disease, illness, or injury" for "is imminent".


31-32-3. Execution; witnesses; form.

(a) Any competent adult may execute a document directing that, should the declarant have a terminal condition, life-sustaining procedures be withheld or withdrawn. Such living will shall be signed by the declarant in the presence of at least two competent adults who, at the time of the execution of the living will, to the best of their knowledge:

1. Are not related to the declarant by blood or marriage;

2. Would not be entitled to any portion of the estate of the declarant upon the declarant's decease under any testamentary will of the declarant, or codicil thereto, and would not be entitled to any such portion by operation of law under the rules of descent and distribution of this state at the time of the execution of the living will;

3. Are neither the attending physician nor an employee of the attending physician nor an employee of the hospital or skilled nursing facility in which the declarant is a patient;

4. Are not directly financially responsible for the declarant's medical care; and

5. Do not have a claim against any portion of the estate of the declarant.

(b) The declaration shall have the following form:

A declaration which const shall be honored, regardless of any declaration executed on or after

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unless revoked. A declaration similar to the following form or in substantially the form specified under prior law shall be presumed on its face to be valid and effective:

"LIVING WILL

Living will made this __________ day of __________ (month, year).

I, __________, being of sound mind, willfully and voluntarily make known my desire that my life shall not be prolonged under the circumstances set forth below and do declare:

1. If at any time I should (check each option desired):

( ) have a terminal condition,

( ) become in a coma with no reasonable expectation of regaining consciousness, or

( ) become in a persistent vegetative state with no reasonable expectation of regaining significant cognitive function,

as defined in and established in accordance with the procedures set forth in paragraphs (2), (9), and (13) of Code Section 31-32-2 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, I direct that the application of life-sustaining procedures to my body (check the option desired):

( ) including nourishment and hydration,

( ) including nourishment but not hydration, or

( ) excluding nourishment and hydration,

be withheld or withdrawn and that I be permitted to die:

2. In the absence of my ability to give directions regarding the use of such life-sustaining procedures, it is my intention that this living will shall be honored by my family and physician(s) as the final expression of my legal right to refuse medical or surgical treatment and accept the consequences from such refusal;

3. I understand that I may revoke this living will at any time;

4. I understand the full import of this living will, and I am at least 18 years of age and am emotionally and mentally competent to make this living will; and

5. If I am a female and I have been diagnosed as pregnant, this living will shall have no force and effect unless the fetus is not viable and I indicate by initialing after this sentence that I want this living will to be carried out. (Initial)

Signed ____________

94-008 4-21-94 1-1-94
91-34

TRANSCRIBER
APPROVED
SUPERVISOR
I hereby witness this living will and attest that:

(1) The declarant is personally known to me and I believe the declarant to be at least 18 years of age and of sound mind;

(2) I am at least 18 years of age;

(3) To the best of my knowledge, at the time of the execution of this living will, I:

(A) Am not related to the declarant by blood or marriage;

(B) Would not be entitled to any portion of the declarant's estate by any will or by operation of law under the rules of descent and distribution of this state;

(C) Am not the attending physician of declarant or an employee of the attending physician or an employee of the hospital or skilled nursing facility in which declarant is a patient;

(D) Am not directly financially responsible for the declarant's medical care; and

(E) Have no present claim against any portion of the estate of the declarant;

(4) Declarant has signed this document in my presence as above instructed, on the date above first shown.

Witness
Address

Witness
Address

Additional witness required when living will is signed in a hospital or skilled nursing facility.

I hereby witness this living will and attest that I believe the declarant to be of sound mind and to have made this living will willingly and voluntarily.

Witness:

Medical director of skilled nursing facility or staff physician not participating in care of the patient or chief of the hospital medical staff or staff physician or hospital designee not participating in care of the patient.
The 1992 amendment, effective April 16, 1992, in subsection (b), rewrote the introductory language, rewrote paragraphs 1 and 2 of the living will form, and inserted "or hospital director" near the end of the form.

The 1993 amendment, effective March 22, 1993, in the introductory language of subsection (b), substituted "March 28" for "March 18", in the living will form contained in subsection (b), substituted "paragraph (2), (9), and (13)" for "paragraphs (2), (8), and (10)" and, in item 1 of the living will form contained in subsection (b), substituted "( ) including nourishment but not hydration, or" for "( ) including hydration but not nourishment, or".

Code Commission notes. — Pursuant to Code Section 28-9-5, in 1992, "above instructed" was substituted for "above instructed" in paragraph (4) of the witness statement form in subsection (b).


31-32-4. Patients in hospitals or skilled nursing facilities.

A living will shall have no force or effect if the declarant is a patient in a hospital or skilled nursing facility at the time the living will is executed unless the living will is signed in the presence of the two witnesses as provided in Code Section 31-32-3 and, additionally, is signed in the presence of either the chief of the hospital medical staff, any physician on the medical staff who is not participating in the care of the patient, or a person on the hospital staff who is not participating in the care of the patient designated by the chief of staff and the hospital administrator, if witnessed in a hospital, or the medical director or any physician on the medical staff who is not participating in the care of the patient, if witnessed in a skilled nursing facility. (Code 1981, § 31-32-4, enacted by Ga. L. 1984, p. 1477, § 1; Ga. L. 1986, p. 445, § 2; Ga. L. 1989, p. 1182, § 1; Ga. L. 1992, p. 1926, § 3; Ga. L. 1993, p. 91, § 31.)

The 1992 amendment, effective April 16, 1992, near the middle of the Code section, substituted a comma for "or" following "medical staff" and inserted after the next comma "or a person on the hospital staff who is not participating in the care of the patient designated by the chief of staff and the hospital administrator.",


31-32-8. Conditions precedent to withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures; physician’s failure or refusal to comply with living will.

(a) Prior to effecting a withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures from a patient pursuant to a living will, the attending physician:
(1) Shall determine that, to the best of his knowledge, the declarant patient is not pregnant, or if she is, that the fetus is not viable and that the declarant's living will specifically indicates that the living will is to be carried out;

(2) Shall, without delay after the diagnosis of a terminal condition of the declarant, take the necessary steps to provide for the written certification required by Code Section 31-32-2 of the declarant's terminal condition, coma, or persistent vegetative state;

(3) Shall make a reasonable effort to determine that the living will complies with subsection (b) of Code Section 31-32-3; and

(4) Shall make the living will and the written certification of the terminal condition, coma, or persistent vegetative state a part of the declarant patient's medical records.

(b) The living will shall be presumed, unless revoked, to be the directions of the declarant regarding the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures. No person shall be civilly liable for failing or refusing in good faith to effectuate the living will of the declarant patient. The attending physician who fails or refuses to comply with the declaration of a patient pursuant to this chapter shall endeavor to advise promptly the next of kin or legal guardian of the declarant that such physician is unwilling to effectuate the living will of the declarant patient. The attending physician shall thereafter at the election of the next of kin or the legal guardian of the declarant:

(1) Make a good faith attempt to effect the transfer of the qualified patient to another physician who will effectuate the declaration of the patient; or

(2) Permit the next of kin or legal guardian to obtain another physician who will effectuate the declaration of the patient. (Code 1981, § 31-32-8, enacted by Ga. L. 1984, p. 1477, § 1; Ga. L. 1992, p. 1926, § 5.)

The 1992 amendment, effective April 16, 1992, in subsection (a), made the following changes: in paragraph (1), added all of the language following "pregnant"; in paragraph (2), substituted all of the present language following "provide for" for "written certification by said physician of the declarant's terminal condition"; and, in paragraph (4), inserted "comatose, or persistent vegetative state".

31-32-9. Living will as not constituting suicide; effect of living will on insurance; restriction on health care facilities preparing living wills.

(a) The making of a living will pursuant to this chapter shall not, for any purpose, constitute a suicide.

(b) The making of a living will pursuant to this chapter shall not restrict, inhibit, or impair in any manner the sale, procurement, issuance, or enforceability of any policy of life insurance, nor shall it be deemed to modify the terms of an existing policy of life insurance. No policy of life insurance shall be legally impaired or invalidated in any manner by the making of a living will pursuant to this chapter or by the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures from an insured patient, nor shall the making of such a living will or the withholding or withdrawal of such life-sustaining procedures operate to deny any additional insurance benefits for accidental death of the patient in any case in which the terminal condition of the patient is the result of accident, notwithstanding any term of the policy to the contrary.

(c) No physician, hospital, skilled nursing facility, or other health provider and no health care service plan, insurer issuing disability insurance, self-insured employee welfare benefit plan, or nonprofit hospital service plan shall require any person to execute a living will as a condition for being insured for, or receiving, health care services.

(d) No hospital, skilled nursing facility, or other medical or health care facility shall prepare or offer to prepare living wills unless specifically requested to do so by a person desiring to execute a living will. For purposes of this article, a person in the custody of the Department of Corrections shall not be deemed to be a patient within the meaning of this article, nor shall a correctional facility be deemed to be a hospital, skilled nursing facility, nor any other medical or health care facility.


The 1992 amendment, effective April 16, 1992, in the first sentence of subsection (d), substituted “shall prepare or offer to prepare” for “shall prepare, offer to prepare, or otherwise provide forms for”; and added the second sentence of subsection (d).

Code Commission notes.—Pursuant to Code Section 28-9-5, in 1992, “this article” was substituted for “this Article” twice in subsection (d).

31-32-11. Effect of chapter on other legal rights and duties.

(a) Nothing in this chapter shall impair or supersede any legal right or legal responsibility which any person may have to effect the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures in any lawful manner. In such respect the provisions of this chapter are cumulative.

(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to condone, authorize, or approve mercy killing or to permit any affirmative or deliberate act or omission to end life other than to permit the process of dying as provided in this chapter. Furthermore, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to condone, authorize, or approve abortion.

(c) This chapter shall create no presumption concerning the intention of an individual who has not executed a declaration to consent to the use or withholding of life-sustaining procedures in the event of a terminal condition, a coma, or a persistent vegetative state.

(d) Unless otherwise specifically provided in a durable power of attorney for health care, a declaration under this chapter is ineffective and inoperative as long as there is an agent available to serve pursuant to a durable power of attorney executed in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 96 of this title, the "Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care Act," which grants the agent authority with respect to the withdrawal or withholding of life-sustaining or death-delaying treatment under the same circumstances as those covered by a declaration under this chapter. (Code 1981, § 31-32-11, enacted by Ga. L. 1984, p. 1477, § 1; Ga. L. 1992, p. 1928, § 7.)

The 1992 amendment, effective April 16, 1992, at the end of subsection (c), added ""a coma, or a persistent vegetative state""; and added subsection (d).
CHAPTER 36
DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE

SEC. 31-36-2. Short title.

This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care Act." (Code 1981, § 31-36-1, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)

31-36-2. Legislative findings.

(a) The General Assembly recognizes the right of the individual to control all aspects of his or her personal care and medical treatment, including the right to decline medical treatment or to direct that it be withdrawn. However, if the individual becomes disabled, incapacitated, or incompetent, his or her right to control treatment may be denied unless the individual, as principal, can delegate the decision-making power to a trusted agent and be sure that the agent's power to make personal and health care decisions for the principal will be effective to the same extent as though made by the principal.

(b) This recognition of the right of delegation for health care purposes must be stated to make it clear that its scope is intended to be as broad as the comparable right of delegation for property and financial matters. However, the General Assembly recognizes that powers con-
cerning health care decisions are more sensitive than property matters and that particular rules and forms are necessary for health care agencies to ensure their validity and efficacy and to protect health care providers so that they will honor the authority of the agent at all times. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to authorize or encourage euthanasia, suicide, or any action or course of action that violates the criminal laws of this state or the United States.

(c) In furtherance of these purposes, the General Assembly enacts this chapter, setting forth general principles governing health care agencies, as well as a statutory short form durable power of attorney for health care, intending that when a power in substantially the form set forth in this chapter is used, health care providers and other third parties who rely in good faith on the acts and decisions of the agent within the scope of the power may do so without fear of civil or criminal liability to the principal, the state, or any other person. However, the form of health care agent set forth in this chapter is not intended to be exclusive, and other forms of powers of attorney chosen by the principal that comply with Code Section 31-36-5 may offer powers and protections similar to the statutory short form durable power of attorney for health care.


31-36-3. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, the term:

(1) "Attending physician" means the physician who has primary responsibility at the time of reference for the treatment and care of the patient.

(2) "Health care" means any care, treatment, service, or procedure to maintain, diagnose, treat, or provide for the patient's physical or mental health or personal care.

(3) "Health care agency" or "agency" means an agency governing any type of health care, anatomical gift, autopsy, or disposition of remains for and on behalf of a patient and refers to the power of attorney or other written instrument defining the agency, or the agency itself, as appropriate to the context.

(4) "Health care provider" or "provider" means the attending physician and any other person administering health care to the patient at the time of reference who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized or permitted by law to administer health care in the ordinary course of business or the practice of a profession, including any person employed by or acting for any such authorized person.

(5) "Hospital" means a facility which has a valid permit or provisional permit issued under Chapter 7 of this title and which is primar-
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An individual engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic services and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of injured, disabled, or sick persons.

(6) "Patient" means the principal.

(7) "Skilled nursing facility" means a facility which has a valid permit or provisional permit issued under Chapter 7 of this title and which provides skilled nursing care and supportive care to patients whose primary need is for availability of skilled nursing care on an extended basis. (Code 1981, § 31-36-5, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)

31-36-4. Delegation of health care powers to agent; death of principal; right to regarding life-sustaining or death-delaying procedures.

The health care powers that may be delegated to an agent include, without limitation, all powers an individual may have to be informed about and to consent to or refuse or withdraw any type of health care for the individual. A health care agency may extend beyond the principal's death if necessary to permit anatomical gift, autopsy, or disposition of remains. Nothing in this chapter shall impair or supersede any legal right or legal responsibility which any person may have to effect the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining or death-delaying procedures in any lawful manner, and the provisions of this chapter are cumulative in such respect. (Code 1981, § 31-36-4, enacted by Ga. L. 1996, p. 1101, § 1.)

31-36-5. Execution of agency; health care provider not qualified as agent; limitations on authority of agent.

(a) A health care agency shall be in writing and signed by the principal or by some other person in the principal's presence and by the principal's express direction. A health care agency shall be attested and subscribed to, in the presence of the principal by two or more competent witnesses who are at least 18 years of age. In addition, if at the time a health care agency is executed the principal is a patient in a hospital or skilled nursing facility, the health care agency shall also be attested and subscribed to in the presence of the principal by the principal's attending physician.

(b) No health care provider may act as agent under a health care agency if he or she is directly or indirectly involved in the health care rendered to the patient under the health care agency.

(c) An agent under a health care agency shall not have the authority to make a particular health care decision different from or contrary to the
patient's decision, if any, if the patient is able to understand the general nature of the health care procedure being consented to or refused, as determined by the patient's attending physician based on such physician's good faith judgment. (Code 1981, § 31-36-5, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)

31-36-6. Revocation or amendment of agency.

(a) Every health care agency may be revoked by the principal at any time, without regard to the principal's mental or physical condition, by any of the following methods:

(1) By being obliterated, burned, torn, or otherwise destroyed or defaced in a manner indicating an intention to revoke;

(2) By a written revocation of the agency signed and dated by the principal or by a person acting at the direction of the principal; or

(3) By an oral or any other expression of the intent to revoke the agency in the presence of a witness 18 years of age or older who, within 30 days of the expression of such intent, signs and dates a writing confirming that such expression of intent was made.

(b) Unless the health care agency expressly provides otherwise, if, after executing a health care agency, the principal marries, such marriage shall revoke the designation of a person other than the principal's spouse as the principal's agent to make health care decisions for the principal; and if, after executing a health care agency, the principal's marriage is dissolved or annulled, such dissolution or annulment shall revoke the principal's former spouse as the principal's agent to make health care decisions for the principal.

(c) A health care agency which survives disability shall not be revoked solely by the appointment of a guardian or receiver for the principal. Absent an order of a court of competent jurisdiction directing a guardian to exercise powers of the principal under an agency that survives disability, the guardian has no power, duty, or liability with respect to any personal or health care matters covered by the agency.

(d) A health care agency may be amended at any time by a written amendment executed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of Code Section 31-36-5.

(e) Any person, other than the agent, to whom a revocation or amendment of a health care agency is communicated or delivered shall make all reasonable efforts to inform the agent of that fact as promptly as possible. (Code 1981, § 31-36-6, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)
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31-36-7. Duties and responsibilities of health care provider.

Each health care provider and each other person with whom an agent deals under a health care agency shall be subject to the following duties and responsibilities:

(1) It is the responsibility of the agent or patient to notify the health care provider of the existence of the health care agency and any amendment or revocation thereof. A health care provider furnished with a copy of a health care agency shall make it a part of the patient's medical records and shall enter in the records any change in or termination of the health care agency by the principal that becomes known to the provider. Whenever a provider believes a patient is unable to understand the general nature of the health care procedure which the provider deems necessary, the provider shall consult with any available health care agent known to the provider who then has power to act for the patient under a health care agency;

(2) A health care decision made by an agent in accordance with the terms of a health care agency shall be complied with by every health care provider to whom the decision is communicated, subject to the provider's right to administer treatment for the patient's comfort or alleviation of pain; but, if the provider is unwilling to comply with the agent's decision, the provider shall promptly inform the agent who shall then be responsible to make the necessary arrangements for the transfer of the patient to another provider. A provider who is unwilling to comply with the agent's decision will continue to afford reasonably necessary consultation and care in connection with the pending transfer;

(3) At the patient's expense and subject to reasonable rules of the health care provider to prevent disruption of the patient's health care, each health care provider shall give an agent authorized to receive such information under a health care agency the same right the principal has to examine and copy any part or all of the patient's medical records that the agent deems relevant to the exercise of the agent's powers, whether the records relate to mental health or any other medical condition and whether they are in the possession of or maintained by any physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, therapist, hospital, nursing home, or other health care provider, notwithstanding the provisions of any statute or rule of law to the contrary; and

(4) If and to the extent a health care agency empowers the agent to:

(A) Make an anatomical gift on behalf of the principal under Article 6 of Chapter 5 of Title 44, the "Georgia Anatomical Gift Act," as now or hereafter amended;

(B) Authorize an autopsy of the principal's body; or
(C) Direct the disposition of the principal's remains, the anatomical gift, autopsy approval, or remains disposition shall be deemed the act of the principal or of the person who has priority under law to make the necessary decisions and each person to whom a direction by the agent in accordance with the terms of the agency is communicated shall comply with such direction to the extent it is in accord with reasonable medical standards or other relevant standards at the time of reference. (Code 1981, § 31-36-7, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)

31-36-8. Immunity from liability or disciplinary action; death not constituting suicide or homicide.

Each health care provider and each other person who acts in good faith reliance on any direction or decision by the agent that is not clearly contrary to the terms of a health care agency will be protected and released to the same extent as though such person had dealt directly with the principal as a fully competent person. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the following specific provisions shall also govern, protect, and validate the acts of the agent and each such health care provider and other person acting in good faith reliance on such direction or decision:

(1) No such provider or person shall be subject to any type of civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct solely for complying with any direction or decision by the agent, even if death or injury to the patient ensues;

(2) No such provider or person shall be subject to any type of civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct solely for failure to comply with any direction or decision by the agent, as long as such provider or person promptly informs the agent of such provider's or person's refusal or failure to comply with such direction or decision by the agent. The agent shall then be responsible to make the necessary arrangements for the transfer of the patient to another health care provider. A health care provider who is unwilling to comply with the agent's decision will continue to afford reasonably necessary consultation and care in connection with the pending transfer;

(3) If the actions of a health care provider or person who fails to comply with any direction or decision by the agent are substantially in accord with reasonable medical standards at the time of reference and the provider cooperates in the transfer of the patient pursuant to paragraphs (2) of Code Section 31-36-7, the health care provider or person shall not be subject to any type of civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct for failure to comply with the agency;
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(4) No agent who, in good faith, acts with due care for the benefit of the patient and in accordance with the terms of a health care agency, or who fails to act, shall be subject to any type of civil or criminal liability for such action or inaction;

(5) If the authority granted by a health care agency is revoked under Code Section 31-36-6, a person will not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability for acting in good faith reliance upon such health care agency unless such person had actual knowledge of the revocation; and

(6) If the patient’s death results from withholding or withdrawing life-sustaining or death-delays treatment in accordance with the terms of a health care agency, the death shall not constitute a suicide or homicide for any purpose under any statute or other rule of law and shall not impair or invalidate any insurance, annuity, or other type of contract that is conditioned on the life or death of the patient, any term of the contract to the contrary notwithstanding. (Code 1981, § 31-36-8, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1)


All persons shall be subject to the following sanctions in relation to health care agencies, in addition to all other sanctions applicable under any other law or rule of professional conduct:

(1) Any person shall be civilly liable who, without the principal’s consent, willfully conceals, cancels, or alters a health care agency or any amendment or revocation of the agency or who falsifies or forges a health care agency, amendment, or revocation;

(2) A person who falsifies or forges a health care agency or willfully conceals or withholds personal knowledge of an amendment or revocation of a health care agency with the intent to cause a withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining or death-delays procedures contrary to the intent of the principal and thereby, because of such act, directly causes life-sustaining or death-delays procedures to be withheld or withdrawn, shall be subject to prosecution for criminal homicide as provided for in Chapter 5 of Title 16; and

(3) Any person who requires or prevents execution of a health care agency as a condition of ensuring or providing any type of health care services to the patient shall be civilly liable and guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided by law. (Code 1981, § 31-36-9, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)
31-36-10, Form of power of attorney for health care; authorized powers.

(a) The statutory health care power of attorney form contained in this subsection may be used to grant an agent powers with respect to the principal's own health care; but the statutory health care power is not intended to be exclusive or to cover delegation of a parent's power to control the health care of a minor child, and no provision of this chapter shall be construed to bar use by the principal of any other or different form of power of attorney for health care that complies with Code Section 31-36-5. If a different form of power of attorney for health care is used, it may contain any or all of the provisions set forth or referred to in the following form. When a power of attorney is substantially the following form is used, including the notice paragraph in capital letters at the beginning, it shall have the meaning and effect prescribed in this chapter. The statutory health care power may be included in or combined with any other form of power of attorney governing property or other matters:

"GEORGIA STATUTORY SHORT FORM

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE

NOTICE: THE PURPOSE OF THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY IS TO GIVE THE PERSON YOU DESIGNATE (YOUR AGENT) BROAD POWERS TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR YOU, INCLUDING POWER TO REQUIRE, CONSENT TO, OR WITHDRAW ANY TYPE OF PERSONAL CARE OR MEDICAL TREATMENT FOR ANY PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION AND TO ADMIT YOU TO OR DISCHARGE YOU FROM ANY HOSPITAL, HOME, OR OTHER INSTITUTION; BUT NOT INCLUDING PSYCHOSURGERY, STERILIZATION, OR INVOLUNTARY HOSPITALIZATION OR TREATMENT COVERED BY TITLE 37 OF THE OFFICIAL CODE OF GEORGIA ANNOTATED. THIS FORM DOES NOT IMPOSE A DUTY ON YOUR AGENT TO EXERCISE GRANTED POWERS; BUT, WHEN A POWER IS EXERCISED, YOUR AGENT WILL HAVE TO USE DUE CARE TO ACT FOR YOUR BENEFIT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS FORM. A COURT CAN TAKE AWAY THE POWERS OF YOUR AGENT IF IT FINDS THE AGENT IS NOT ACTING PROPERLY. YOU MAY NAME COAGENTs AND SUCCESSOR AGENTS UNDER THIS FORM, BUT YOU MAY NOT NAME A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO MAY BE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY INVOLVED IN RENDERING HEALTH CARE TO YOU UNDER THIS POWER. UNLESS YOU EXPRESSLY LIMIT THE DURATION OF THIS POWER IN THE MANNER PROVIDED BELOW
31-36-10 DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE 31-36-10

OR UNTIL YOU REVOKE THIS POWER OR A COURT ACTING ON YOUR BEHALF TERMINATES IT, YOUR AGENT MAY EXERCISE THE POWERS GIVEN IN THIS POWER THROUGHOUT YOUR LIFETIME, EVEN AFTER YOU BECOME DISABLED, INCAPACITATED, OR INCOMPETENT. THE POWERS YOU GIVE YOUR AGENT, YOUR RIGHT TO REVOKE THOSE POWERS, AND THE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATING THE LAW ARE EXPLAINED MORE FULLY IN CODE SECTIONS 31-36-6, 31-36-9, AND 31-36-10 OF THE GEORGIA 'DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE ACT' OF WHICH THIS FORM IS A PART (SEE THE BACK OF THIS FORM). THAT ACT EXPRESSLY PERMITS THE USE OF ANY DIFFERENT FORM OF POWER OF ATTORNEY YOU MAY DESIRE. IF THERE IS ANYTHING ABOUT THIS FORM THAT YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND, YOU SHOULD ASK A LAWYER TO EXPLAIN IT TO YOU.

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY made this _______ day of ________, 19____

1. I, ____________________________

   (insert name and address of principal)

   ________________________________

   (insert name and address of agent)

   hereby appoint ____________________

   (insert name and address of agent)

   as my attorney in fact (my agent) to act for me and in my name in any way I could act in person to make any and all decisions for me concerning my personal care, medical treatment, hospitalization, and health care and to require, withhold, or withdraw any type of medical treatment or procedure, even though my death may ensue. My agent shall have the same access to my medical records that I have, including the right to disclose the contents to others. My agent shall also have full power to make a disposition of any part or all of my body for medical purposes, authorize an autopsy of my body, and direct the disposition of my remains.

   THE ABOVE GRANT OF POWER IS INTENDED TO BE AS BROAD AS POSSIBLE SO THAT YOUR AGENT WILL HAVE AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY DECISION YOU COULD MAKE TO OBTAIN OR TERMINATE ANY TYPE OF HEALTH CARE, INCLUDING WITHDRAWAL OF NOURISHMENT AND FLUIDS AND OTHER LIFE-SUSTAINING OR DEATH-DELAYING MEASURES, IF YOUR AGENT BELIEVES SUCH ACTION WOULD BE CONSISTENT WITH YOUR INTENT AND DESIRES. IF YOU WISH TO LIMIT THE SCOPE OF YOUR AGENT'S POWERS OR PRESCRIBE SPECIAL RULES TO LIMIT THE POWER TO MAKE AN ANATOMICAL GIFT, AUTHORIZE AUTOPSY, OR DISPOSE
OF REMAINS, YOU MAY DO SO IN THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPHS.

2. The powers granted above shall not include the following powers or shall be subject to the following rules or limitations (here you may include any specific limitations you deem appropriate, such as your own definition of when life-sustaining or death-delaying measures should be withheld; a direction to continue nourishment and fluids or other life-sustaining or death-delaying treatment in all events; or instructions to refuse any specific types of treatment that are inconsistent with your religious beliefs or unacceptable to you for any other reason, such as blood transfusion, electroconvulsive therapy, or amputation):

THE SUBJECT OF LIFE-SUSTAINING OR DEATH-DELAYING TREATMENT IS OF PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE IN DEALING WITH THAT SUBJECT, SOME GENERAL STATEMENTS CONCERNING THE WITHHOLDING OR REMOVAL OF LIFE-SUSTAINING OR DEATH-DELAYING TREATMENT ARE SET FORTH BELOW. IF YOU AGREE WITH ONE OF THESE STATEMENTS, YOU MAY INITIAL THAT STATEMENT, BUT DO NOT INITIAL MORE THAN ONE:

I do not want my life to be prolonged nor do I want life-sustaining or death-delaying treatment to be provided or continued if my agent believes the burdens of the treatment outweigh the expected benefits. I want my agent to consider the relief of suffering, the expense involved, and the quality as well as the possible extension of my life in making decisions concerning life-sustaining or death-delaying treatment.

Initiated

I want my life to be prolonged and I want life-sustaining or death-delaying treatment to be provided or continued unless I am in a coma, including a persistent vegetative state, which my attending physician believes to be irreversible. In accordance with reasonable medical standards at the time of reference. If and when I have suffered such an irreversible coma, I want life-sustaining or death-delaying treatment to be withheld or discontinued.

Initiated

I want my life to be prolonged to the greatest extent possible without regard to my condition, the chance I have for recovery, or the cost of the procedures.

TRANSMITTED 5-26
APPROVED 12-6-91
ENACTED 2-2-91
SUPERSEDES (NEW)
31-36-10 DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE 31-36-10

Initiated _________

THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY MAY BE AMENDED OR REVOLED BY YOU AT ANY TIME AND IN ANY MANNER WHILE YOU ARE ABLE TO DO SO. IN THE ABSENCE OF AN AMENDMENT OR REVOCATION, THE AUTHORITY GRANTED IN THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY WILL BECOME EFFECTIVE AT THE TIME THIS POWER IS SIGNED AND WILL CONTINUE UNTIL YOUR DEATH AND WILL CONTINUE BEYOND YOUR DEATH IF ANATOMICAL GIFT, AUTOPSY, OR DISPOSITION OF REMAINS IS AUTHORIZED, UNLESS A LIMITATION ON THE BEGINNING DATE OR DURATION IS MADE BY INITIATING AND COMPLETING EITHER OR BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING:

3. ( ) This power of attorney shall become effective on _________
   (insert a future date or event during your lifetime, such as court determination of your disability, incapacity, or incompetency, when you want this power to first take effect).

4. ( ) This power of attorney shall terminate on _________
   (insert a future date or event, such as court determination of your disability, incapacity, or incompetency, when you want this power to terminate prior to your death).

IF YOU WISH TO NAME SUCCESSOR AGENTS, INSERT THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF SUCH SUCCESSORS IN THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH:

5. If any agent named by me shall die, become legally disabled, incapacitated, or incompetent, or resign, refuse to act, or be unavailable, I name the following (each to act successively in the order named) as successors to such agent:

__________________________

IF YOU WISH TO NAME A GUARDIAN OF YOUR PERSON IN THE EVENT A COURT DECIDES THAT ONE SHOULD BE APPOINTED, YOU MAY, BUT ARE NOT REQUIRED TO, DO SO BY INSERTING THE NAME OF SUCH GUARDIAN IN THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH. THE COURT WILL APPOINT THE PERSON NOMINATED BY YOU IF THE COURT FINDS THAT SUCH APPOINTMENT WILL SERVE YOUR BEST INTERESTS AND WELFARE. YOU MAY, BUT ARE NOT REQUIRED TO, NOMINATE AS YOUR GUARDIAN THE SAME PERSON NAMED IN THIS FORM AS YOUR AGENT.
6. If a guardian of my person is to be appointed, I nominate the following to serve as such guardian:

(insert name and address of nominated guardian of the person)

7. I am fully informed as to all the contents of this form and understand the full import of this grant of powers to my agent.

Signed ________________________________

(Principal)

The principal has had an opportunity to read the above form and has signed the above form in our presence. We, the undersigned, each being over 18 years of age, witness the principal's signature at the request and in the presence of the principal, and in the presence of each other, on the day and year above set out.

Witnesses: ______________________________

Addresses: ______________________________

______________________________

Additional witness required when health care agency is signed in a hospital or skilled nursing facility.

I hereby witness this health care agency and attest that I believe the principal to be of sound mind and to have made this health care agency willingly and voluntarily.

Witness: ______________________________

Address: ______________________________

Attending Physician

YOU MAY, BUT ARE NOT REQUIRED TO, REQUEST YOUR AGENT AND SUCCESSOR AGENTS TO PROVIDE SPECIMEN SIGNATURES BELOW. IF YOU INCLUDE SPECIMEN SIGNATURES IN THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY, YOU MUST COMPLETE THE CERTIFICATION OPPOSITE THE SIGNATURES OF THE AGENTS.

Specimen signatures of agent and successor(s)

(Agent) ______________________________

(Principal) ______________________________

I certify that the signature of my agent and successor(s) is correct.
(6) The foregoing statutory health care power of attorney form authorizes, and any different form of health care agency may authorize, the agent to make any and all health care decisions on behalf of the principal which the principal could make if present and under no disability, incapacity, or incompetency, subject to any limitations on the granted powers that appear on the face of the form, to be exercised in such manner as the agent deems consistent with the intent and desires of the principal. The agent will be under no duty to exercise granted powers or to assume control of or responsibility for the principal's health care; but, when granted powers are exercised, the agent will be required to use due care to act for the benefit of the principal in accordance with the terms of the statutory health care power and will be liable for negligent exercise. The agent may act in person or through others reasonably employed by the agent for that purpose but may not delegate authority to make health care decisions. The agent may sign and deliver all instruments, negotiate and enter into all agreements, and do all other acts reasonably necessary to implement the exercise of the powers granted to the agent. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the statutory health care power form shall, and any different form of health care agency may, include the following powers, subject to any limitations appearing on the face of the form:

(1) The agent is authorized to consent to and authorize or refuse, or to withhold or withdraw consent to, any and all types of medical care, treatment, or procedures relating to the physical or mental health of the principal, including any medication program, surgical procedures, life-sustaining or death-delays treatment, or provision of nourishment and fluids for the principal, but not including psychosurgery, sterilization, or involuntary hospitalization or treatment covered by Title 37;

(2) The agent is authorized to admit the principal to or discharge the principal from any and all types of hospitals, institutions, homes, residential or nursing facilities, treatment centers, and other health care institutions providing personal care or treatment for any type of physical or mental condition, but not including psychosurgery, sterilization, or involuntary hospitalization or treatment covered by Title 37;

(3) The agent is authorized to contract for any and all types of health care services and facilities in the name of and on behalf of the principal and to bind the principal to pay for all such services and facilities and the agent shall not be personally liable for any services or care contracted for on behalf of the principal;
(4) At the principal's expense and subject to reasonable rules of the health care provider to prevent disruption of the principal's health care, the agent shall have the same right the principal has to examine and copy and consent to disclosure of all the principal's medical records that the agent deems relevant to the exercise of the agent's powers, whether the records relate to mental health or any other medical condition and whether they are in the possession of or maintained by any physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, therapist, hospital, nursing home, or other health care provider, notwithstanding the provisions of any statute or other rule of law to the contrary; and

(5) The agent is authorized to direct that an autopsy of the principal's body be made; to make a disposition of any part or all of the principal's body pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 5 of Title 44, the "Georgia Anatomical Gift Act," as now or hereafter amended; and to direct the disposition of the principal's remains. (Code 1981, § 31-36-10, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)

31-36-11. Applicability of chapter; principal with living will; priority of agent's authority.

This chapter applies to all health care providers and other persons in relation to all health care agencies executed on and after July 1, 1990. This chapter supersedes all other provisions of law or parts thereof existing on July 1, 1990, to the extent such other provisions are inconsistent with the terms and operation of this chapter, provided that this chapter does not affect the provisions of law governing emergency health care. If the principal has a living will under Chapter 39 of this title, as now or hereafter amended, the living will shall not be operative so long as an agent is available who is authorized by a health care agency to deal with the subject of life-sustaining or death-dealing procedures for and on behalf of the principal. Furthermore, unless the health care agency provides otherwise, the agent who is known to the health care provider to be available and willing to make health care decisions for the patient has priority over any other person, including any guardian of the person, to act for the patient in all matters covered by the health care agency. (Code 1981, § 31-36-11, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)

31-36-12. Prior agency or act of agent not affected.

This chapter does not in any way affect or invalidate any health care agency executed or any act of an agent prior to July 1, 1990, or affect any claim, right, or remedy that accrued prior to July 1, 1990. (Code 1981, § 31-36-12, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)
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This chapter is wholly independent of the provisions of Title 53, relating to wills, trusts, and the administration of estates, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to affect in any way the provisions of said Title 53. (Code 1981, § 31-36-13, enacted by Ga. L. 1990, p. 1101, § 1.)
The State uses other factors described below to determine the seriousness of deficiencies in addition to those described at §488.404(b)(1):

TN No. 25-026
Supersedes
TN No. New
Approval Date: 3-8-96
Effective Date: 7-1-95
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: Georgia

CRITERIA FOR THE APPLICATION OF SPECIFIED REMEDIES FOR SKILLED NURSING AND INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES
(When and how each remedy is applied, the amounts of any fines, and the severity of the remedies)

See Attached Rules of Department of Medical Assistance, Chapter 350-3. Attachment 4.35-A pages 1a through 1r.
Sanctions for Nursing Facilities

Chapter 350-3

RULES OF DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

CHAPTER 350-3 SANCTIONS FOR NURSING FACILITIES

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350-3-01 Definitions.

(1) “Complaint Investigation” means a survey or visit to determine the validity of allegations of resident abuse, neglect or misappropriation of resident property, or of other noncompliance with applicable federal and state requirements.

(2) “Deficiency” means a failure of compliance with a Program Requirement. The fact that a deficiency no longer exists at the time of the Survey or complaint investigation which identifies it shall not negate its status as a deficiency for the purpose of imposing a civil monetary penalty or requesting a Plan of Correction.

(3) “Finding” means a determination, as the result of a survey or complaint investigation of the facility, that noncompliance with a Program Requirement could or should have been prevented or has not yet been identified by the facility, is not being corrected by proper action by the facility, or cannot be justified by special circumstances unique to the facility or the resident.

(4) “Initial finding” means the first time that a deficiency or deficiencies is recorded by a surveyor as the result of a survey or complaint investigation. Initial findings may be records of deficiencies that occurred prior to the date of the survey visit even if the deficiencies no longer exist at the time of the current survey.

(5) “Monitor” means a person or organization placed in a facility by the Department or the State Survey Agency for the purpose of overseeing a facility’s correction of deficiencies or to ensure orderly closure of a
facility. A monitor shall have practical long-term care experience related to the aspect(s) for which the facility is being monitored.

(6) "Nursing Facility" means an institution (or a distinct part of an institution) which

(a) is primarily engaged in providing to residents

1. skilled nursing care and related services for residents who require medical or nursing care;
2. rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons, or
3. on a regular basis, health-related care and services to individuals who because of their mental or physical condition require care and services (above the level of room and board) which can be made available to them only through institutional facilities, and

(b) is not primarily for the care and treatment of mental diseases; and
(c) is enrolled as a provider in the Georgia Medical Assistance program.

(7) "Program Requirement" means any requirement contained in Subsection 1319(h), (e), or (d) of the Social Security Act of 1935, as amended, including but not limited to the provisions implemented by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987, P.E. L. 100-203.

(8) "Repeat deficiency" is a deficiency related to resident care which recurs within eighteen (18) months of its citing in an Initial Finding, and which is found at a follow-up visit, complaint investigation, subsequent survey, or otherwise.

(9) "Repeated noncompliance" means a finding of substandard quality of care on three (3) consecutive annual surveys.

(10) "Resurvey" means a follow-up visit to determine whether the deficiencies found in a survey or complaint investigation have been corrected.

(11) "Scope" means the frequency, incidence, or extent of the occurrence of a deficiency in a facility.
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(12) "Severity" is the seriousness of a deficiency, which means the degree of actual or potential negative impact on a resident (as measured by negative outcomes or rights violations) or the degree to which his/her highest practicable physical, mental, or psychosocial well-being has been compromised.

(13) "State Survey Agency" means the Georgia Department of Human Resources.

(14) "Subsequent finding" means a violation or deficiency found on a resurvey. The deficiency must exist at the time of the resurvey or revisit. If a deficiency cited in an Initial Finding is found upon resurvey or revisit, a rebuttable presumption arises that the deficiency continued throughout the period of time between the initial survey or visit and the resurvey or revisit.

(15) "Substandard quality of care" means a finding by the Department or the State Survey Agency of one or more deficiencies, the existence of which limit(s) the facility’s ability to deliver adequate care or services.

(16) "Survey" means a review of a case-mix stratified sample of nursing facility residents to determine the quality of care furnished as measured by indicators of medical, nursing, and rehabilitative care, dietary and nutrition services, activities, and social participation, and sanitation, infection control, and physical environment. Such survey shall include an exit interview in which the surveyor and the facility shall attempt to resolve any conflicts regarding findings by the surveyor(s).

(17) "Surveyor" means a professional authorized by the State Survey Agency to conduct surveys or complaint investigations to determine compliance with Program Requirements.

(18) "Termination of the facility’s participation" means exclusion of a facility from participation as a provider under the Georgia State Plan for Medical Assistance as a result of one or more deficiencies.


350-0.02 Remedies. If the Department finds that a facility does not or did not meet a Program Requirement governing nursing facilities,

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it may impose the following remedies, independently or in conjunction with others, subject to the provisions of this Chapter for notice and appeal.

(a) Termination of the facility’s participation.

(b) Denial of Medicaid payments for services rendered by the facility to any recipient admitted to the facility after notice to the facility. This remedy shall remain in effect until the Department determines that the facility has achieved substantial compliance with all Program Requirements, or until another remedy is substituted for it. A facility subject to this remedy may request termination of the remedy on the ground that it has achieved substantial compliance with program requirements. The Department shall respond to the request by terminating the remedy, requesting additional information if documentation of substantial compliance is considered insufficient, or conducting a resurvey within twenty (20) days of receipt of the request. This remedy shall not be imposed with respect to temporarily hospitalized recipients previously residing in a facility placed on such notice who return to the facility after the date of notice, or with respect to residents who become Medicaid eligible after the date of notice and who resided in the facility prior to the date of notice.

(c) Civil monetary penalties, as specified in Section .04. When penalties are imposed on a facility, such penalties shall be assessed and collected for each day in which the facility is or was out of compliance with a Program Requirement. Interest on each penalty shall be assessed and paid as specified in Section .04. For individuals, such penalties shall be assessed for each infraction, as described in Section .04(g).

(d) Temporary management as specified in Section .05, to oversee operation of the facility and to assure the health and safety of the facility’s residents while there is an orderly closure of facility or while improvements are made in order to bring the facility into compliance with all Program Requirements.

(e) Closure of the facility and/or transfer of recipients to another facility, in the case of an emergency as described in Section .03(e).

(f) Plan of Correction, to be drafted by the facility and submitted within a specified time to the Department. Each proposed Plan shall delineate the time and manner in which each deficiency is to be corrected. The Department shall review the proposed Plan and accept or
reject the Plan by notice to the facility.

(g) Ban on admission of persons with certain diagnoses or requiring specialized care who are covered by or eligible for Medicare or Medicaid. Such bans may be imposed for all such prospective residents, and shall prevent the facility from admitting the kinds of residents it has shown an inability to care for adequately as documented by deficiencies.

(h) Ban on all Medicare and Medicaid admissions to the facility or to any part thereof. Such bans shall remain in effect until the Department determines that the facility has achieved substantial compliance with all Program Requirements, or until another remedy is substituted for it. A facility may request termination of this remedy in the manner described in (b) above. This remedy shall not be imposed with respect to temporarily hospitalized residents previously residing in a facility placed on such notice who return to the facility after the date of notice, or with respect to residents who become Medicaid eligible and who resided in the facility prior to the date of notice.


350-3.03 Imposition of Remedies. In determining which remedy to impose, the Department shall consider the facility's compliance history, change of ownership, and the number, scope, and severity of the deficiencies. Subject to these considerations, the Department shall impose those remedies described in Section .02 most likely to achieve correction of the deficiencies.

(a) Immediate jeopardy. If the Department finds that the facility's deficiency or deficiencies immediately jeopardize(s) the health or safety of its residents, the Department shall:

1. appoint temporary management and impose one or more of the remaining remedies specified in Section .02; or

2. terminate the facility's Medicaid participation and, at its option, impose one or more of the remaining remedies specified in Section .02.

(b) Absence of immediate jeopardy. If the Department finds that the facility's deficiency or deficiencies do not immediately jeopardize resident health or safety, the Department may impose one or more of the

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remedies specified in Section 02.

(c) Repeated non-compliance. If the Department makes a determination of repeated noncompliance with respect to a facility, it shall deny payment for services to any individual admitted to the facility after notice to the facility. Additionally, the Department shall monitor the facility on-site on a regular, as-needed basis, as provided in Section 06, until the facility has demonstrated to the Department’s satisfaction that it is in compliance with all Program Requirements governing facilities and that it will remain in compliance.

(d) Delayed compliance. If a facility has not complied with any Program Requirement within three (3) months of the date the facility is found to have been out of compliance with such Requirement, the Department shall impose the remedy of denial of payments for services to all individuals admitted after notice to the facility.

(e) Emergencies. When the Department has determined that residents are subject to an imminent and substantial danger, it may order either closure of the facility or transfer of the recipients to another facility. The Department shall give notice of any such proposed remedy to the facility, the residents who will be affected or their representatives, the affected residents' next-of-kin or guardians, and all attending physicians. When either of these remedies is imposed, no Administrative Review shall be available and the provisions of Subsection 08(2) shall apply.

(f) Conflict of remedies. In the case of facilities participating in both Medicare and Medicaid which have been surveyed by both the State Survey Agency and the Health Care Financing Administration, or whose certification documents have been reviewed by both, and for whom the State Survey Agency and the Health Care Financing Administration disagree on the decision to impose a remedy or the choice of a remedy, the decision of the Health Care Financing Administration with regard to Medicare shall apply.


350-3-04 Civil Monetary Penalties. Civil monetary penalties shall be based upon one or more findings of noncompliance; actual harm to a resident or residents need not be shown. Nothing shall prevent the

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Department from imposing this remedy for deficiencies which existed prior to the survey or complaint investigation through which they are identified. A single act, omission, or incident shall not give rise to imposition of multiple penalties, even though such act, omission, or incident may violate more than one Program Requirement. In such cases, the single highest class of deficiency shall be the basis for penalty. Compliance by the facility at a later date shall not result in the reduction of the penalty amount. Civil monetary penalties and any attorneys' fees or other costs associated with contesting such penalties are not reimbursable Medicaid expenses except in the case where a facility prevails, in which case reasonable attorneys' fees and costs shall be allowable. Whenever such penalties are collected, the Department shall conduct a financial field audit to ensure that there has been, and will be, no Medicaid reimbursement associated with the penalties.

(a) Classification of deficiencies. The three classes of deficiencies upon which civil monetary penalties shall be based are as follows:

1. Class A: A deficiency or combination of deficiencies which places one or more residents at substantial risk of serious physical or mental harm.

2. Class B: A deficiency or combination of deficiencies, other than Class A deficiencies, which has a direct adverse affect on the health, safety, welfare, or rights of residents; or a failure to post notices issued by the Department of imposition of remedies;

3. Class C: A deficiency or combination of deficiencies, other than Class A or B deficiencies, which indirectly or over a period of more than thirty (30) days is likely to have an adverse affect on the health, safety, welfare, or rights of residents.

(b) Amounts. When Civil Monetary Penalties are imposed, such penalties shall be assessed for each day the facility is or was out of compliance. The amounts below shall be multiplied by the total number of beds certified for participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs according to the records of the State Survey Agency at the time of the survey. Penalties shall be imposed for each class of deficiencies identified in a survey or complaint investigation.

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Initial Finding</th>
<th>Subsequent Finding</th>
<th>Repeat Deficiency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In any ninety (90) day period, the penalty amounts may not exceed the applicable ceiling as described immediately below. The ceiling (Initial, Subsequent, or Repeat) shall be determined by which category has the largest percentage of the deficiencies cited in the survey or complaint investigation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bed Size</th>
<th>Initial Finding</th>
<th>Subsequent Finding</th>
<th>Repeat Deficiency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 - 50</td>
<td>$4,000</td>
<td>$6,000</td>
<td>$8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 - 100</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td>12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101 - 150</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>16,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151 cr more</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Procedure for imposing civil monetary penalties. Civil monetary penalties shall be imposed as follows:

1. Within ten (10) business days of its discovery of a deficiency, the State Survey Agency shall deliver to the Department its recommendation for assessment of a penalty as a result of such deficiency.

2. The decision to assess the penalty shall be made by a person in the Department who is not the surveyor(s) or complaint investigator(s) who reported the deficiency.

(d) Notice. The Department shall give written notice to the facility of its imposition of any such penalty within ten (10) business days of its receipt of a recommendation by the State Survey Agency for the assessment of a penalty. The notice shall inform the facility of the amount of the penalty, the basis for its assessment, and the facility’s appeal rights.

(e) Payment. Within fifteen (15) business days from the date the notice is received by the facility, the facility shall pay the full amount of

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the penalty or penalties unless the facility requests Administrative Review of the decision to assess the penalty or penalties. The amount of a civil monetary penalty determined through Administrative Review shall be paid within ten (10) business days of the facility’s receipt of the Administrative Review decision unless the facility requests an Administrative Hearing. The amount of the civil monetary penalty determined through a hearing shall be paid within ten (10) business days of the facility’s receipt of the hearing decision. Interest at the legal rate of interest established by Georgia law shall begin to run on the later of one (1) business day after:

1. the facility’s receipt of notice of the penalty; or

2. the date of issuance of the Administrative Review or Hearing decision.

Failure of a facility to pay the entire penalty as specified in this paragraph shall result in an automatic final decision and no further administrative or judicial review or hearing shall be available to the facility.

(f) Collection of civil penalties. If a facility fails or refuses to pay a penalty within the time required, the Department may collect the penalty by subtracting all or part of the penalty amount plus interest from future medical assistance payments to the facility. Additionally, the Department may subtract a fee representing the actual administrative cost of collection. Nothing herein shall prohibit the Department from obtaining judicial enforcement of its right to collect penalties and interest thereon.

(g) Imposition against individuals. Each recipient resident’s functional capacity shall be assessed by the facility using an instrument specified by the Department. A civil money penalty of $1,000 per assessment shall be imposed by the Department against any individual who willfully and knowingly certifies a material and false statement in such assessment instrument or other documents used to support the assessment. A civil money penalty of $5,000 per assessment shall be imposed by the Department against any individual who willfully and knowingly causes another individual to certify a material and false statement in such assessment instrument or other documents used to support the assessment. Any such penalty shall be imposed by written notice to the individual according to the same provisions as set forth in Paragraphs (c) through (e) of this Section regarding deficiencies.

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(b) Use of civil monetary penalties. The Department may use collected civil monetary penalties for the following purposes:

1. protecting the health or property of residents;
2. paying costs of relocating residents;
3. maintaining the operation of a nursing facility while deficiencies are corrected or the facility is being closed; and
4. reimbursing residents for personal funds lost, which reimbursement shall not adversely affect a person's Medicaid eligibility.


350-3-05 Temporary Management. The Department shall impose the remedy of temporary management in situations where it finds that there is a need to oversee operation of the facility and to assure the health and safety of the facility’s residents while there is an orderly closure of the facility or while improvements are made in order to bring the facility into compliance with all Program Requirements. Temporary management shall not be imposed unless other less intrusive remedies will not result in compliance, have failed to cause the facility to achieve compliance, or the Department has found that the facility's deficiency or deficiencies immediately jeopardize the health or safety of its residents.

(a) Recommendation for appointment of temporary management. Within ten (10) business days of its completion of a survey or complaint investigation, the State Survey Agency shall deliver to the Department its written recommendation for appointment of temporary management if, in the Agency's judgment, such appointment is necessary. The recommendation shall specify the grounds upon which it is based, including an assessment of the capability of the facility's current management to achieve and maintain compliance with all Program Requirements.

(b) The decision to appoint temporary management shall be made by a person, appointed by the Commissioner, who is not the surveyor or complaint investigator who discovered the deficiencies or made the recommendation for appointment.
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(c) The Department shall give written notice to the facility of its appointment of temporary management within ten (10) business days of its receipt of a recommendation from the State Survey Agency, unless the Department determines that temporary management is not necessary. When the Department has determined that the facility's deficiency or deficiencies immediately jeopardize the health or safety of its residents, no Administrative Review shall be available and the provisions of Subsection .09(2) shall apply.

(d) Who may serve. The Commissioner may appoint any person or organization which meets the following qualifications:

1. The temporary manager shall not have any pecuniary interest in or pre-existing fiduciary duty to the facility to be managed.

2. The manager must not be related, within the first degree of kinship, to the facility's owner, manager, administrator, or other management principal.

3. The manager must possess sufficient training, expertise, and experience in the operation of a nursing facility as would be necessary to achieve the objectives of temporary management. The manager must possess a Georgia nursing home administrator's license.

4. The manager must not be an existing competitor of the facility who would gain an unfair competitive advantage by being appointed as temporary manager of the facility.

(e) Powers and duties of the temporary manager.

1. The temporary manager shall have the authority to direct and oversee the correction of Program Requirement deficiencies; to oversee and direct the management, hiring, and discharge of any consultant or employee, including the administrator of the facility; to direct the expenditure of the revenues of the facility in a reasonable, prudent manner; to oversee the continuation of the business and the care of the residents; to oversee and direct those acts necessary to accomplish the goals of the Program Requirements; and to direct and oversee regular accountings and the making of periodic reports to the Department. The temporary manager shall provide reports to the Department no less frequently than monthly showing the facility's compliance status. Should the facility fail or refuse to carry out the directions of the temporary manager...
manager, the Department shall terminate the facility's participation and may, at its discretion, impose any other remedies described in Section .02.

2. The temporary manager shall observe the confidentiality of the operating policies, procedures, employment practices, financial information, and all similar business information of the facility, except that the temporary manager shall make reports to the Department as provided in this section.

3. The temporary manager shall be liable for gross, willful or wanton negligence, intentional acts or omissions, unexplained shortfalls in the facility's funds, and breaches of fiduciary duty. The temporary manager shall be bonded in an amount equal to the facility's revenues for the month preceding the appointment of the temporary manager.

4. The temporary manager shall not have authority to do the following:

   (i) To cause or direct the facility or its owner to incur debt or to enter into any contract with a duration beyond the term of the temporary management of the facility;

   (ii) To cause or direct the facility to encumber its assets or receivables, or the premises on which it is located, with any lien or other encumbrance;

   (iii) To cause or direct the sale of the facility, its assets, or the premises on which it is located:

   (iv) To cause or direct the facility to cancel or reduce its liability or casualty insurance coverage;

   (v) To cause or direct the facility to default upon any valid obligations previously undertaken by the owner or operators of the facility, including, but not limited to, leases, mortgages and security interests; and

   (vi) To incur capital expenditures in excess of $2,000.00 without the permission of the owner or the Commissioner.

(f) Costs. All compensation and per diem costs of the temporary manager shall be paid by the nursing facility. The Department shall bill the facility for the costs of the temporary manager after termination of
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Temporary management. The costs of the temporary manager for any thirty (30) day period shall not exceed one-sixth of the maximum allowable administrator's annual salary for the largest nursing facility for Medicaid reimbursement purposes. Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the bill, the facility shall pay the bill or request Administrative Review to contest the costs for which it was billed. Such costs shall be recoverable through recoupment from future medical assistance payments in the same fashion as a benefits overpayment. The costs of temporary management and the attorneys' fees associated with contesting such costs are not reimbursable Medicaid expenses except in the case where a facility prevails in a hearing, in which case reasonable attorneys' fees and costs shall be allowable.

(g) Termination of temporary management. The Commissioner may replace any temporary manager whose performance is, in the Commissioner's discretion, deemed unsatisfactory. No formal procedure is required for such removal or replacement but written notice of any action shall be given the facility, including the name of any replacement manager. A facility subject to temporary management may petition the Commissioner for replacement of a temporary manager whose performance it considers unsatisfactory. The Commissioner shall respond to a petition for replacement within three (3) business days after receipt of said petition. Otherwise, the Department shall not terminate temporary management until it has determined that the facility has management capability to ensure continued compliance with all Program Requirements or until the Department terminates the nursing facility's participation. A facility may petition the Department for termination of temporary management. The Department shall respond to the petition within three (3) business days after receipt.

(h) 'Nothing contained in this section shall limit the right of any nursing facility owner to sell, lease, mortgage, or close any facility in accord with all applicable laws.'


350-3-.06 Monitoring.

(1) The Department shall maintain procedures and adequate staff on-site, on a regular, as-needed basis, to monitor the facility's operations, advise the facility in its effort to come into or maintain compliance,

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to report to the licensing agency, and to investigate complaints of violations which are not easily verified on one visit.

(a) One or more monitor(s) shall be placed in the nursing facility:

1. when it has been found on three (3) standard surveys that the nursing facility has provided substandard quality of care;

2. when the facility has been under temporary management;

3. to ensure that Class A & B violations have been and continue to be corrected; or

4. when the Department has reason to question a nursing facility’s compliance.

(2) The Department shall bill the facility for the expenses of monitoring at the end of the monitoring process. Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the bill, the facility shall pay the bill or request Administrative Review to contest the costs for which it was billed. Such expenses shall be recoverable through recoupment from future medical assistance payments in the same fashion as a benefits overpayment.

(3) In the event a monitor is already in a facility pursuant to the provisions of O.C.G.A. § 31-7-2.2(b), the Department may not place a monitor in the facility.

350-3-.07 Notice.

(1) The Department shall give notice of the imposition of any remedy described in this Chapter as follows:

(a) To the facility in writing, transmitted in a manner which will reasonably ensure timely receipt by the facility.

(b) To the public by transmitting printed Notices to the facility. Such Notices shall be at least 11 1/2 inches by 17 1/2 inches in size and of sufficient legibility that they may reasonably be expected to be readable by the facility’s residents or their representatives. A printed notice shall

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not be transmitted or required to be posted for a Plan of Correction.

(c) To the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman by placing copies with the U. S. Postal Service of all notices to the facility.

(d) To the State Survey Agency in writing.

(2) The facility shall post a sufficient number of the Notices described in Paragraph (1)(b) in places readily accessible and visible to residents and their representatives, including but not limited to entrances, exits, and common areas, to effectively advise all present and prospective residents of the remedies which are being imposed. The Notices shall remain in place until all remedies are officially removed by the Department. Failure of a facility to comply with notice posting requirements shall constitute a Class B deficiency.

(3) A facility shall post a Notice of Administrative Hearing date, time, and location whenever the facility has requested and been granted a hearing on imposition of a remedy. The notice shall be at least 11 1/2 inches by 17 1/2 inches in size and of sufficient legibility that it may reasonably be expected to be readable by the facility's residents or their representatives. The notice shall be placed in an area readily accessible and visible to residents and their representatives.

(4) The Department shall notify the attending physician of each resident with respect to whom a finding of substandard quality of care has been made, as well as the Board of Nursing Home Administrators, by transmitting to them copies of the survey or complaint investigation reports and any notice to the facility that a remedy has been imposed. The Department also may notify any other professional licensing boards, as appropriate.

(5) Failure of the Department to effect notice as required in Subsections (1)(b), (c), (d), or (4) shall not be grounds for the facility to contest any action taken under this Chapter.

(6) All nursing facilities shall advise staff of the penalties for making false statements or causing another person to make false statements in a resident assessment. A facility must document the manner in which staff are advised of the provisions of Rule 350-3-34(g).

(7) The Department shall compile a list of facilities against which
remedies other than a Plan of Correction have been imposed. The list shall be prepared monthly and be available upon request. The list shall contain the names and addresses of only those facilities which did not contest imposition of remedies or against which imposition was upheld upon appeal, and shall describe the remedies imposed.


350-3.08 Administrative Review.

(1) Should the facility wish to contest imposition of a remedy, other than a Plan of Correction and except as provided in Sections .03(e) and .05(c), a written request for Administrative Review must be received by the Department within ten (10) days of the facility's receipt of notice of imposition of the remedy. The request shall state specifically each remedy disputed and, for each disputed remedy, the specific basis of the dispute. For imposition of civil monetary penalties, it shall not be a valid basis for dispute that a deficiency no longer exists. The timely filing of a request shall stay imposition of the remedy pending the Administrative Review decision, except where the Department has determined there is immediate jeopardy to the health or safety of the residents in a facility, in which case the Department may impose the remedies described in Subsections .02(b), (g) or (h), as determined appropriate by the Department. If the facility fails to file a timely request, the decision to impose a remedy or remedies shall become final and no further administrative or judicial review or hearing shall be available.

(2) The reviewing official shall be a Department employee appointed by the Commissioner and shall have authority only to affirm the decision, to revoke the decision, to affirm part and to revoke part, to order an immediate survey of the facility, to change the classification of the civil monetary penalty (for example, from A to B), or to request additional information from the State Survey Agency, the facility, or both, the Long-Term Care Ombudsman, or the family or resident council of the facility. Additional information that is requested must be supplied within ten (10) business days from the date of notice to the party of whom it is requested. Reviewing official shall be without authority to compromise the dollar amount of any civil monetary penalty within a deficiency class.

(3) The Department shall issue a written decision within ten (10)

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business days of its receipt of the request for Administrative Review. The Review shall be made solely on the basis of the State Survey Agency recommendation, the survey report, the statement or deficiencies, any documentation the facility submits to the Department at the time of its Request, and information received as a result of a request made by the reviewing official. For the purposes of such Review, a hearing shall not be held and oral testimony shall not be taken. Correction of a deficiency or deficiencies shall not be a basis for favorable reconsideration of imposition of civil monetary penalties.


350-3.09 Administrative Hearing.

(1) Should the facility wish to appeal the Administrative Review decision for remedies described in Subsections 32(a), (b), (c), (g), and (h), and for Subsection (d) where no determination of immediate jeopardy has been made, it may request an administrative hearing. Subsequent correction of a deficiency or deficiencies shall not constitute a defense to the imposition of a remedy or remedies. The hearing request shall state specifically which portion(s) of the Administrative Review decision the facility contests. A hearing shall be granted only if Administrative Review was timely requested, and a written request for a hearing has been received by the State Survey Agency within ten (10) business days of the facility's receipt of the Administrative Review decision. Failure to file a timely request shall result in the Administrative Review decision becoming final, and no further administrative or judicial review or hearing shall be available.

(2) If the Department has imposed temporary management pursuant to the provisions of Subsection 32(c), or imposed either of the remedies specified in Subsection 32(e), the facility shall be entitled to a hearing which shall commence not less than five (5) nor more than ten (10) days after the facility's receipt of notice of imposition of said remedy or remedies. No Administrative Review shall be conducted in such cases and no request for hearing shall be required. The date, time, and location of the hearing shall be included in the Notice of imposition of the remedy or remedies. A facility may waive its right to a hearing by written notice to the State Survey Agency.

(3) Except for appointment of a temporary manager (unless the
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Department has determined that immediate jeopardy to the health or safety of a facility's residents existed, termination of a facility's participation, closure of a facility, or payment of civil monetary penalties, the imposition of remedies shall not be stayed during the pendency of any hearing.

EN No., 21-0-14
Supersedes
TW No., New

Approval Date: 3.8.96
Effective Date: 7.1.95
Enforcement of Compliance for Nursing Facilities

Temporary Management: Describe the criteria (as required at §1919(h)(2)(A)) for applying the remedy.

X Specified Remedy

(Will use the criteria and notice requirements specified in the regulation.)

Alternative Remedy

(Describe the criteria and demonstrate that the alternative remedy is as effective in deterring non-compliance. Notice requirements are as specified in the regulations.)

TI No. 39-024

Supersedes

Approval Date: 3-2-96

TI No. New

Effective Date: 7-1-95
Enforcement of Compliance for Nursing Facilities

Detail of Payment for New Admissions: Describe the criteria (as required at §1919(a)(2)(A)) for applying the remedy.

X Specified Remedy

(Will use the criteria and notice requirements specified in the regulation.)

Alternative Remedy

(Describe the criteria and demonstrate that the alternative remedy is as effective in deterring non-compliance. Notice requirements are as specified in the regulations.)

En No. 31-413
Supersedes
TN No. New

Approval Date: 5-8-96
Effective Date: 7-1-96
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: Georgia

ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

Enforcement of Compliance for Nursing Facilities

Civil Money Penalty: Describe the criteria (as required at §1919(b)(1)(A)) for applying the remedy.

X Specified Remedy

(Will use the criteria and notice requirements specified in the regulation.)

___ Alternative Remedy

(Describe the criteria and demonstrate that the alternative remedy is as effective in deterring non-compliance. Notice requirements are as specified in the regulations.)

TN No.: 27-074
Supersedes
TN No.: New

Approval Date: 3-8-76
Effective Date: 7-1-76
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE III OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT
State/Territory: Georgia

ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

Enforcement Of Compliance for Nursing Facilities

State Monitoring: Describe the criteria (as required at §1919(h)(2)(A)) for Applying the Remedy.

X Specified Remedy

(Will use the criteria and notice requirements specified in the regulation.)

Alternative Remedy

(Describe the criteria and demonstrate that the alternative remedy is as effective in deterring non-compliance. Notice requirements are as specified in the regulations.)

TN No. 23456
Supersedes Approval Date: 3-8-94
FY No. New Effective Date: 7-1-95
Transfer of residents: Transfer of residents with closure of facility: Describe the criteria (as required at §1919(h)(3)(A)) for applying the remedy.

X Specified Remedy

(Will use the criteria and notice requirements specified in the regulation.)

Alternative Remedy

(Describe the criteria and demonstrate that the alternative remedy is as effective in determining non-compliance. Notice requirements are as specified in the regulations.)
Additional Remedies: Describe the criteria (as required at §1919(n)(2)(A)) for applying the additional remedy. Include the enforcement category in which the remedy will be imposed (i.e., category 1, category 2, or category 3 as described at 42 CFR 488.408).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TN No.</th>
<th>State</th>
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DISCLOSURE OF ADDITIONAL REGISTRY INFORMATION

HCFA ID: [blank]
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: GEORGIA

COLLECTION OF ADDITIONAL REGISTRY INFORMATION

The name of the nurse aide training and competency evaluation program or competency evaluation program certifying competency is collected for administrative purposes only.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XXIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: Georgia

DEFINITION OF SPECIALIZED SERVICES

1. Specialized Services Definition

A. For Mental Illness

Specialized services are services that are specified by the State which, in combination with services provided by the nursing facilities, results in the continuous and aggressive implementation of an individualized plan of care that—

(i) Is developed and supervised by an interdisciplinary team, which includes a physician, qualified mental health professional and, as appropriate, other professionals.

(ii) Prescribes specific therapies and activities for the treatment of persons experiencing an acute episode of serious mental illness, which necessitates supervision by trained mental health personnel; and

(iii) Treatment is directed toward stabilization and restoration of the level of functioning that preceded the acute episode.

B. For Mental Retardation or Related Conditions

Specialized services are services that are specified by the State which, in combination with services provided by the nursing facilities or other service providers, results in treatment which includes aggressive, consistent implementation of specialized and generic training and related services by qualified mental health or mental retardation personnel that are directed toward—

the acquisition of behaviors necessary for the client to function with as much self-determination and independence as possible and to prevent deceleration of regression or loss of current optimal functional status.

C. Specialized Services Under GA’s PASRR Program are:

Crisis Intervention Services – Immediate response and thorough assessment of an individual’s (in an active state of crisis) risk factors, mental status, and medical stability and if necessary immediately intervene to de-escalate the crisis.

Individual, Group, Family Training/Counseling – Therapeutic intervention or counseling by a credentialed person that addresses behavior management, development or enhancement of specific skills.

Physician Assessment and Care Services – Specialized medical and/or psychiatric services that include, but not limited to, evaluation and assessment of physiological phenomena, psychiatric diagnostic evaluation, medical or psychiatric therapeutic services.

In-Service Training Services – Training for NF staff and assistance with skill development training courses for staff that will aid in the day-to-day provision of services recommended in individual’s treatment plan.

Skills Training Services (Rehab Support Therapy) – Comprehensive rehabilitative services that aid in developing daily living skills, including interpersonal skills and behavior management skills.

TN No.: 04014
Supersedes: 
TN No.: 06010

Approval Date: 03/01/2001
Effective Date: 10/31/2004
DEFINITION OF SPECIALIZED SERVICES

Day Support for Adults (Community Support) – Environmental and targeted case management aimed at assisting the person in gaining access to necessary services with the intention of developing/restoring interpersonal and community coping skills, including adaptation to home, school and work environments that allow the individual to maintain stability and independence in their daily community living.

Case Management (Assertive Community Treatment) – Intensive case management service that assist individuals in identifying and gaining access to all specialized services. Included in the list of services are: medication administration and monitoring, crisis assessment and social rehabilitation and skill development, personal, social and interpersonal skill training, etc., designed to assist the individual in transitioning into a community based program.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

CATEGORICAL DETERMINATION

The State mental health or mental retardation authority makes determinations as to whether nursing facility level of services and specialized services are needed, based on an evaluation of data concerning the individual (42 CFR 483.136). The State mental health or mental retardation authority may make determinations either through an advance group (categorical) determination or an individualized determination. A categorical determination may be made in the circumstances listed below, when sufficient and current patient information is available to clearly indicate that admission to, or residence in, a NF is needed or that the precision of specialized services is not needed. An individualized determination is performed in all other circumstances in which a Level II evaluation is needed.

Categories that the State mental health or mental retardation authority will utilize to determine that nursing facility services are needed:

1. Convalescent care from an acute physical illness which requires hospitalization and does not meet all the criteria for an exempt hospital discharge (which is not subject to preadmission screening);
2. Terminal illness, as defined for hospice purposes in 42 CFR Sec. 418.3 and Sec. 483.106(b)(2);
3. Severe physical illness such as coma, ventilator dependence, functioning at the brain stem level, or diagnoses such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, Parkinson’s disease, Huntington’s disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), and congestive heart failure which result in a level of impairment so severe that the individual could not be expected to benefit from specialized services;
4. Provisional admissions pending further assessment in cases of delirium where an accurate diagnosis cannot be made until the delirium clears, not to exceed 7 days;
5. Provisional admissions pending further assessment in emergency situations requiring protective services, with placement in a nursing facility not to exceed 7 days; and
6. Very brief stays of up to 7 days to provide respite to in-home caregivers to whom the individual with MI or NR is expected to return following the brief NF stay.

Categories that the State mental health or mental retardation authority will utilize to determine that specialized services are not needed:

1. When admission is for situations 1, 3, and 5 above.
2. When dementia exists in combination with mental retardation or a related condition.
The State has in effect the following survey and certification periodic educational program for the staff and residents (and their representatives) of nursing facilities in order to present current regulations, procedures, and policies.

The state survey agency has, and will continue to have, surveyors and supervisory staff participate in and conduct training sessions sponsored by various provider groups, facility staff, disciplinary associations, consumer groups and ombudsmen to provide education and training on federal regulatory requirements, guidelines, survey procedures.

During the survey process, surveyors routinely provide information about the regulations and policies to staff, residents and their representatives. In order to expand current educational opportunities, the survey agency is exploring distribution of selected videos to facilities for use with staff, residents and their representatives.
The State has in effect the following process for the receipt and timely review and investigation of allegations of neglect and abuse and misappropriation of resident property by a nurse aide or a resident in a nursing facility or by another individual used by the facility in providing services to such a resident.

The survey agency has a centralized intake and referral unit to receive all complaints including allegations of abuse, neglect or misappropriations of resident property. The intake unit has a toll-free number which is required to be posted in all nursing facilities.

Each complaint/allegation is reviewed by survey agency staff. Investigations are initiated and conducted based on the seriousness of the allegation, the information available from the facility and the potential for further harm to residents.

Allegations which are confirmed are referred to the appropriate licensing boards, law enforcement or the nurse aide registry after an opportunity for an administrative hearing, as provided in OBRA.

A detailed description of the investigative process is described in Policy and Procedure memorandums kept on file at the Office of Regulatory Services, Department of Human Resources.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: Georgia,

ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

Procedures for Scheduling and Conduct of Standard Surveys

The State has in effect the following procedures for the scheduling and conduct of standard surveys to assure that it has taken all reasonable steps to avoid giving notice.

The policy of conducting unannounced surveys is stressed with each new surveyor during orientation, and the survey agency has implemented various means of protecting the confidentiality of its survey schedules. These procedures include:

- not telling anyone outside of the office of scheduled survey activities or allowing such unauthorized persons to see survey schedules or related information;

- exercising caution, especially during telephone calls, in answering questions from providers or others which might lead to sharing schedule related information;

- not taking schedules or related information into facilities while surveying;

- keeping schedules filed or stored out of sight. This includes not leaving schedules or related information exposed on desk tops, in boxes or stored in labelled folders on desk tops, work tables in bookcases;

- putting schedules out of sight when not working with them.

- removing schedules and related information from view when visitors are nearby;

- delivering schedules to appropriate staff in person or in a protected manner when placed in mailboxes (i.e. placed upside down, in envelopes, or underneath other materials); and

- developing any other means of safeguarding such information which individual situations might require. In addition, it is the practice of the survey agency to vigorously pursue any allegation that a facility was informed in advance of a survey visit.
Eligibility Conditions and Requirements

Programs to Measure and Reduce Inconsistency

The State has in effect the following programs to measure and reduce inconsistency in the application of survey results among surveyors.

The survey agency has a Quality Assurance program which is designed to prevent inconsistencies from one surveyor to another, from one region to another, and from one program to another. All deficiencies cited during surveys are screened for consistency at two or more levels, and training programs are developed to address identified problems.

A detailed description of the Quality Assessment program is described in Policy and Procedure memoranda kept on file at the Office of Regulatory Services, Department of Human Resources.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: Georgia

ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

Process for Investigations of Complaints and Monitoring

The State has in effect the following process for investigating complaints of violations of requirements by nursing facilities and monitors onsite on a regular, as needed basis, a nursing facility's compliance with the requirements of subsection (b), (c), and (d) for the following reasons:

(i) the facility has been found not to be in compliance with such requirements and is in the process of correcting deficiencies to achieve such compliance;

(ii) the facility was previously found not to be in compliance with such requirements and has corrected deficiencies to achieve such compliance, and verification of continued compliance is indicated; or

(iii) the State has reason to question the compliance of the facility with such requirements.

Complaints

All complaints are received by a centralized intake and referral unit and referred to the Long Term Care Section for investigations as appropriate.

Complaints alleging a serious threat to patient/resident health and safety will be investigated onsite. Using complaint procedures established in the Medicare/Medicaid State Operations Manual (SOM), allegations are investigated based on priority and, whenever feasible, are investigated in conjunction with the next scheduled survey visit.

A copy of the survey agency's complaint process can be found in the internal policy and procedure memorandums kept on file in the Department of Human Resources' Office of Regulatory Services.

Monitoring

Consistent with the criteria in (i), (ii), and (iii) above, the section 350-3-.06 of the Department's Rules and Regulations specifies the process by which the Department monitors facilities, as needed. (See Attachment 4.35-A, Pages 1m and 1n.)

In addition, the survey agency will, upon request or independently, monitor a facility on-site when there is reason to question continued compliance.

TN No. 93-001
Supersedes
TN No. New

Approval Date 4/6/93
Effective Date 1/1/93

HCPA ID: _______
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: Georgia

EMPLOYEE EDUCATION ABOUT FALSE CLAIMS RECOVERIES

The Georgia Department of Community Health will ensure compliance with 1902(a)(68) of the act by making compliance with the provision a condition of participation in the Medicaid and SCHIP programs. To make the provision a condition of participation, the Department will incorporate it within the Part One Policy and Procedures Manual for Medicaid/PeachCare for Kids (PeachCare is the SCHIP program in Georgia). The specific wording from 1902(a)(68) will be included in the policy so as to clearly demonstrate to entities if it is applicable to them. Notification will be forwarded to all entities through an electronic message, or banner message. Policy is updated on a quarterly basis and entities that participate in the Medicaid/PeachCare program are expected to review these updates. When changes in policy occur, entities are expected to comply fully at the time the policy is issued.

Initially, entities that the policy applies to will be required submit a written attestation that they have complied with Section 1902(a)(68). The Department will determine if Section 1902(a)(68) is applicable to the entity. These are entities that meet the specifications during the Federal Fiscal Year 2006 (October 1, 2005 – September 30, 2006). Entities that substantially change their policy or new entities entering the program that meet the threshold, must submit their policy to the Department’s Program Integrity Unit for approval.

Compliance and oversight of this policy will be accomplished by incorporating reviews for the specific requirements of 1902(a)(68) as standard operating procedure for Utilization Reviews. These reviews are both random and selected and are conducted on an ongoing basis. This method allows for the potential review of any entity participation in the program.

TN No. 07-001
Supersedes
TN No. NEW

Approval Date: 04/30/07
Effective Date: 01/01/07
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT
State/Territory: GEORGIA

Provider Screening and Enrollment

The State Medicaid agency gives the following assurances:

Citation
1902(a)(77)
1902(a)(39)
1902(kk);
P.L. 111-148 and
P.L. 111-152

42 CFR 455
Subpart E
PROVIDER SCREENING
___X___ Assures that the State Medicaid agency complies with the process for
screening providers under section 1902(a)(39), 1902(a)(77) and 1902(kk) of
the Act.

42 CFR 455.410
ENROLLMENT AND SCREENING OF PROVIDERS
___X___ Assures enrolled providers will be screened in accordance with 42
CFR 455.400 et seq.

___X___ Assures that the State Medicaid agency requires all ordering or
referring physicians or other professionals to be enrolled under the State plan
or under a waiver of the Plan as a participating provider.

42 CFR 455.412
VERIFICATION OF PROVIDER LICENSES
___X___ Assures that the State Medicaid agency has a method for verifying
providers licensed by a State and that such providers licenses have not expired
or have no current limitations.

42 CFR 455.414
REVALIDATION OF ENROLLMENT
___X___ Assures that providers will be revalidated regardless of provider type
at least every 5 years.

42 CFR 455.416
TERMINATION OR DENIAL OF ENROLLMENT
___X___ Assures that the State Medicaid agency will comply with section
1902(a)(9) of the Act and with the requirements outlined in 42 CFR 455.416
for all terminations or denials of provider enrollment.

42 CFR 455.420
REACTIVATION OF PROVIDER ENROLLMENT
___X___ Assures that any reactivation of a provider will include re-screening
and payment of application fees as required by 42 CFR 455.460.

TN No. 12-004
Supersedes Approval Date: 06-21-12
TN No. NEW Effective Date September 1, 2012
42 CFR 455.422  APPEAL RIGHTS
  __X__ Assures that all terminated providers and providers denied enrollment
  as a result of the requirements of 42 CFR 455.416 will have appeal rights
  available under procedures established by State law or regulation.

42 CFR 455.432  SITE VISITS
  __X__ Assures that pre-enrollment and post-enrollment site visits of
  providers who are in "moderate" or "high" risk categories will occur.

42 CFR 455.434  CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS
  __X__ Assures that providers, as a condition of enrollment, will be required to
  consent to criminal background checks including fingerprints, if required to do
  so under State law, or by the level of screening based on risk of fraud, waste or
  abuse for that category of provider.

42 CFR 455.436  FEDERAL DATABASE CHECKS
  __X__ Assures that the State Medicaid agency will perform Federal database
  checks on all providers or any person with an ownership or controlling interest
  or who is an agent or managing employee of the provider.

42 CFR 455.440  NATIONAL PROVIDER IDENTIFIER
  __X__ Assures that the State Medicaid agency requires the National Provider
  Identifier of any ordering or referring physician or other professional to be
  specified on any claim for payment that is based on an order or referral of the
  physician or other professional.

42 CFR 455.450  SCREENING LEVELS FOR MEDICAID PROVIDERS
  __X__ Assures that the State Medicaid agency complies with 1902(a)(77)
  and 1902(kk) of the Act and with the requirements outlined in 42 CFR 455.450
  for screening levels based upon the categorical risk level determined for a
  provider.

42 CFR 455.460  APPLICATION FEE
  __X__ Assures that the State Medicaid agency complies with the
  requirements for collection of the application fee set forth in section
  1866(j)(2)(C) of the Act and 42 CFR 455.460.

42 CFR 455.470  TEMPORARY MORATORIUM ON ENROLLMENT OF NEW
    PROVIDERS OR SUPPLIERS
  __X__ Assures that the State Medicaid agency complies with any temporary
  moratorium on the enrollment of new providers or provider types imposed by
  the Secretary under section 1866(j)(7) and 1902(kk)(4) of the Act, subject to
  any determination by the State and written notice to the Secretary that such a
  temporary moratorium would not adversely impact beneficiaries’ access to
  medical assistance.
GEORGIA CITATION LISTING - Grant Aided Agencies

I. Constitutional Provisions

A. Article XIV, Section I, Paragraph I, The Georgia Constitution (1945), Establishes the State Personnel Board.


II. Georgia Laws

A. Act 81 (1975), Establishes the State Merit System to oversee activities in covered agencies.


III. Rules and Regulations of the State Personnel Board (as amended to date).

IV. Interpretive Memorandum issued by the Commissioner of Personnel Administrative (as released to date).

V. Certain memorandums and letters of Authorization or understanding from the United States Civil Service Commission to the Georgia State Merit System.
NONDISCRIMINATION

In accordance with the Assistance Payments Manual, Policies and Procedures, Section VII-190; Part I of the Policies and Procedures Applicable To All Medicaid Providers, General Conditions of Participation, Sections 106.3 and 108.4; and Rules of the Department of Medical Assistance, Chapter 350-1-.05, all assistance programs and services of the Department are to be administered in conformity with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Section 104 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. Services will be administered in such a manner that no person in this State will on the grounds of race, color, sex, age, religion, national origin or handicap be excluded from participation in, be denied any aid, care, services or other benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the granting of assistance.

This policy covers not only the administrative procedures and practices within the Department but extends to individuals, agencies, institutions and organizations to whom referrals are made by the Department and who participate in the programs of the Department through purchase of service. Therefore, payments can only be made to vendors who comply with these Acts.

[Signature]

[Date]

[Date]

[Date]